

Mine 402 Final Examination

Duration 2.5 hours

December 6, 2011

Exam is closed book. You are allowed one 8.5x11 formula sheet (both sides). Answer 5 of the 6 questions All questions are of equal value. If you do more than 5 I will only mark the first 5. Note if you are running out of time indicate how you would solve the problem and what equations you would use

One (25)

A dipping airway drops through a vertical distance of 300 m between stations 1 and two. The following observations were made

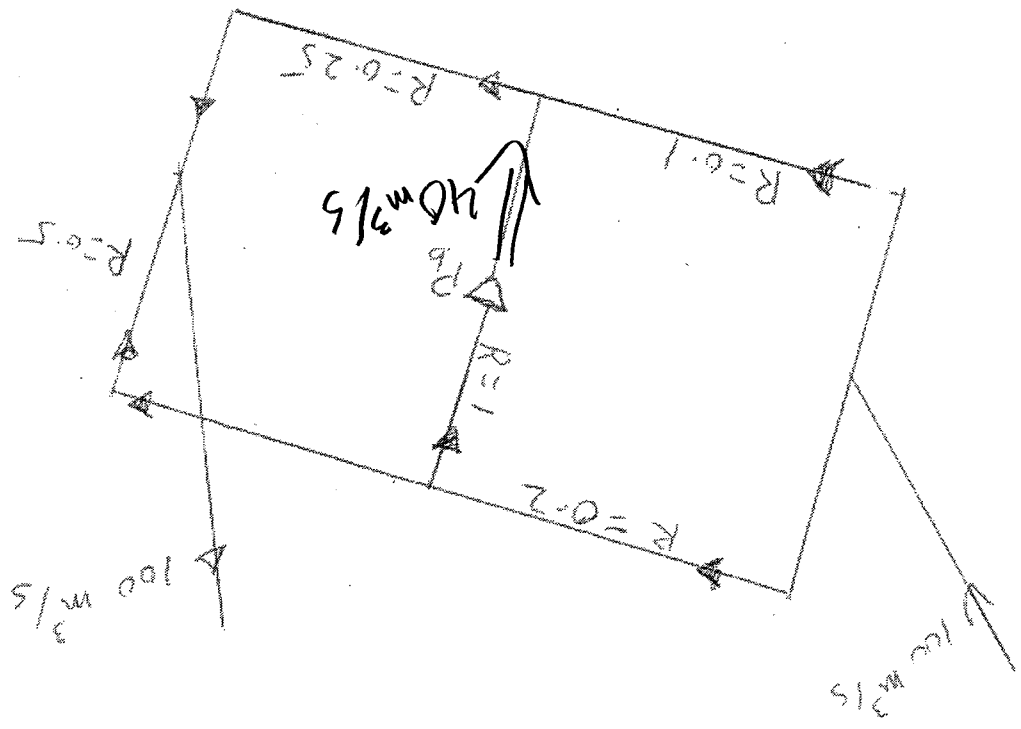
Station	Velocity m/s	Pressure kPa	Temperature C	Airflow Q m ³ /s
Station 1	2.5	94	27	50
Station 2	3.5	97	31	

Calculate

a) The rate and direction of heat transfer, assuming no other sources of heat. Express the heat transfer in kW assuming standard air density.

Two(25)

The Figure below shows a ventilation network. The booster fan is to provide 40 cubic meters of air per second. Solve for the airflows and the total booster fan pressure.



- You are working at a mine and have been asked to select a fan from three fan curves supplied by Alpha. The estimated flow requirements over the life of the mine range from 5 to 6 m³/s.
- If the mine has a total resistance of 23.0 N s²/m⁸ which fan would you choose? Explain
 - What size motor would you recommend for the fan you chose?
 - Assume that it was decided to put two of the fans you selected in (a) in parallel. **discuss** how you would determine the new operating point for the two fans in parallel.
 - For the installation in (b) point out any thing that needs to be included in the design and installation.

Five (25)

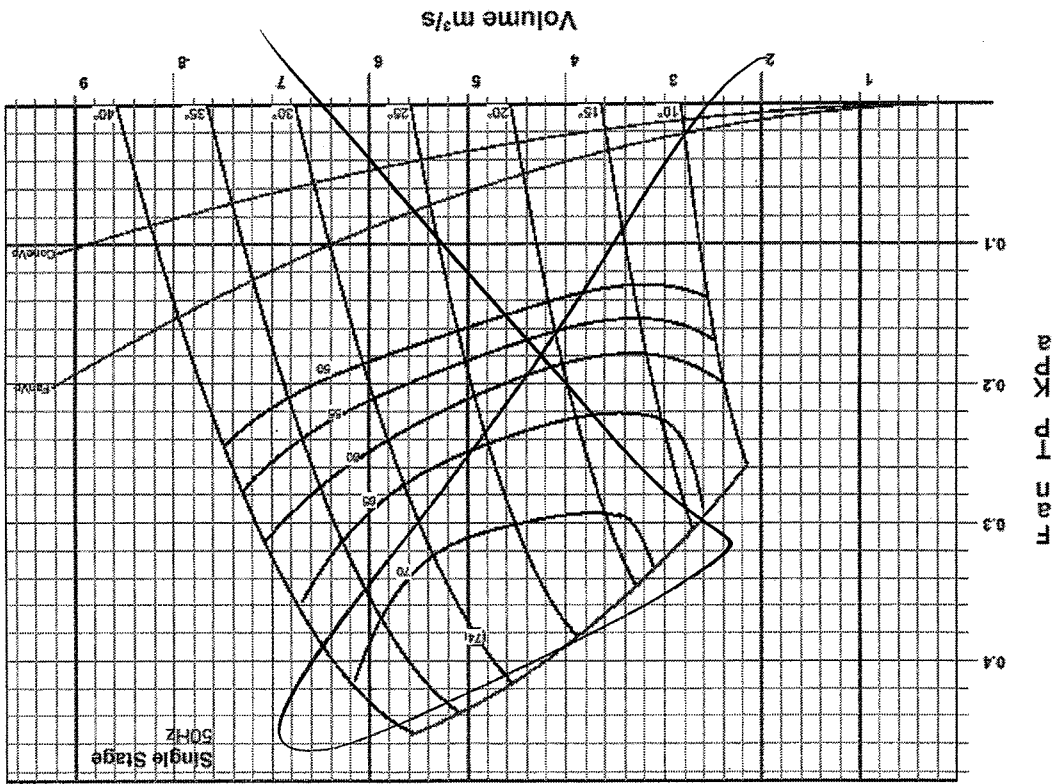
- 300,000 tons of rock are broken per 30 day month in a mine at a depth where the average virgin rock temperature is 40 degrees C. By the time this rock reaches the surface in a skip it has been cooled to 20 degrees C. Note that the rocks thermal capacity (C_p) is 0.837kJ/kg K and Cp of air is 1005 J/Kg K
- What is the rate at which heat is released by the broken rock?
 - If the mine is ventilated using 700 m³/s of air at a density of 1.2 kg/m³ how much will the temperature of the air increase
 - If you didn't know the virgin rock temperature what process would you use to measure it?

Four (25)

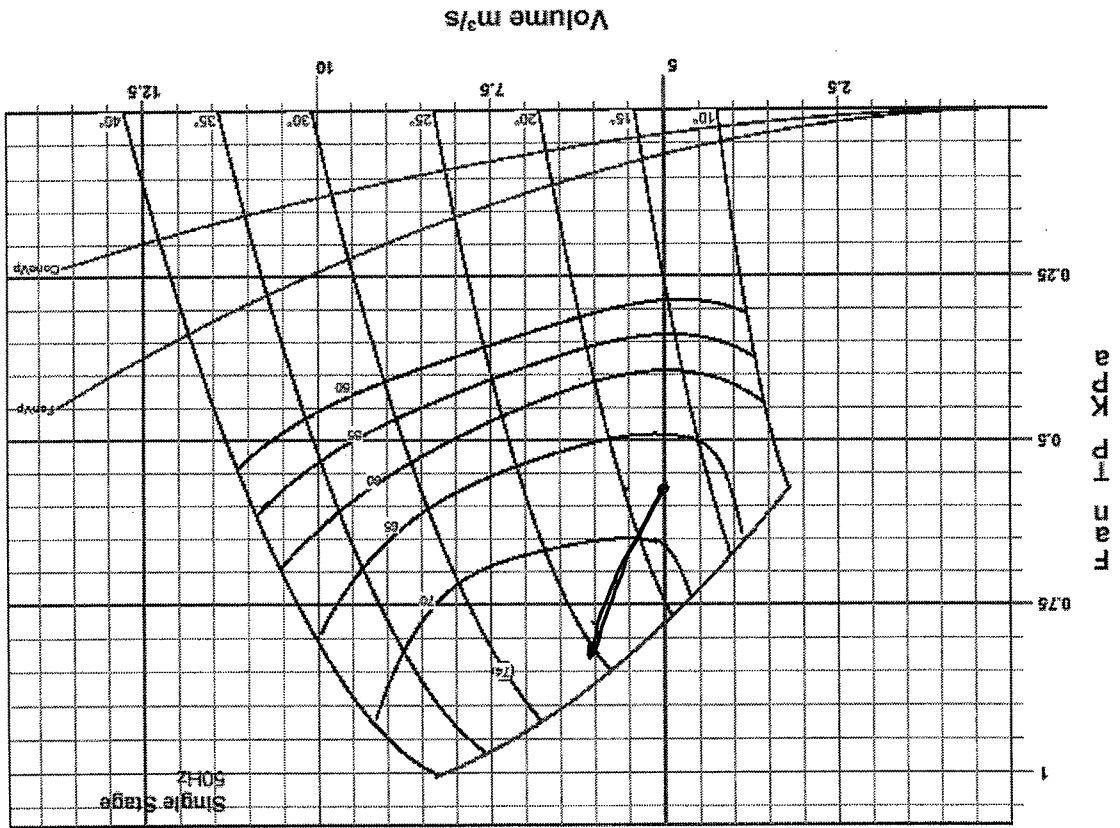
- design for the first time.
- Describe the methods for doing a ventilation survey and discuss their strengths and weakness
 - Briefly discuss what the main theme of the presentation from Teck on Health and Safety ^{is a demand - driven} is? He discussed a new approach to ventilation design. Can you summarize it in a few words?
 - Summarize what you learned about noise from Dr. Hodgson.
 - Now that you have done a preliminary ventilation design for Avalon Metals discuss what you have learned that you feel would benefit other starting a similar design for the first time.

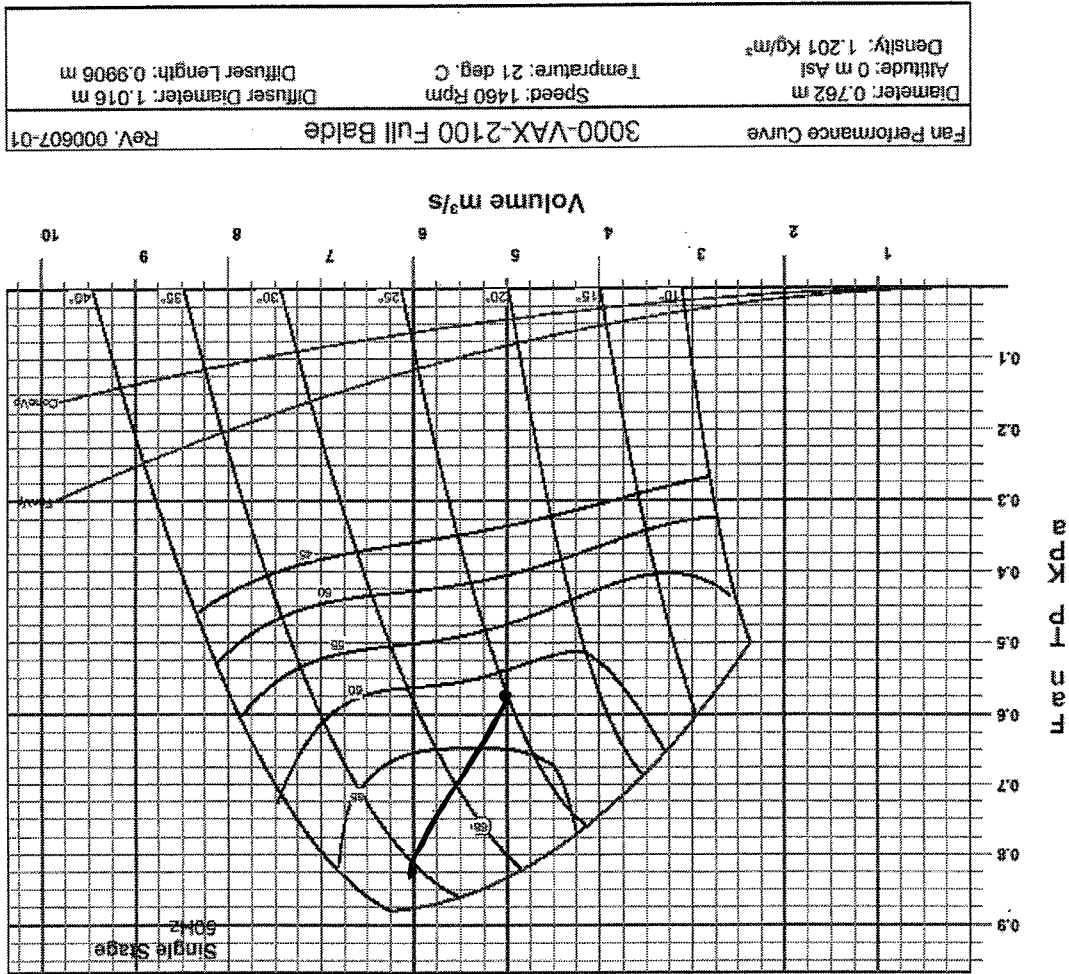
Three (25)

Fan Performance Curve		3200-VAX-2100 Full Balde		Rev. 000607-01
Diameter: 0.8128 m	Speed: 980 Rpm	Diffuser Diameter: 1.016 m		
Altitude: 0 m Asl	Temperature: 21 deg. C	Diffuser Length: 1.0668 m		
Density: 1.201 kg/m ³				



Fan Performance Curve		3200-VAX-2100 Full Balde		Rev. 000607-01
Diameter: 0.8128 m	Speed: 1460 Rpm	Diffuser Diameter: 1.016 m	Altitude: 0 m Asl	
Density: 1.201 Kg/m ³	Temperature: 21 deg. C	Diffuser Length: 1.0668 m		





Six(25)

a) A combined dust survey and time study is made in a mining stope. The following

data are obtained

Start Time	End Time	Operation	Respirable Dust concentration mg/m ³
8:00	8:20	Barring Down	1.0
8:20	10:45	Scraping	2.1
10:45	11:30	Timbering	0.4
11:30	12:00	Lunch	0.2
12:00	2:20	Drilling	2.9
2:20	3:00	Loading Holes	0.3
3:00	3:15	Blasting	3.5

Determine the TWA concentration in the stope over the shift and the yearly respirable dust dose that a person working 220 days per year would be exposed to in the stope b) If the TLV for this dust is 1.5 mg/m³ do you need to reduce the dust concentration. If so what methods would you suggest. Why?

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