

LAST NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ FIRST NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ STU. #: \_\_\_\_\_

Concordia University

ACTU-257 Test 1, Thursday, February 4th, 2010

Duration: 75 min.

Present your solutions in the space provided. Use the back of pages if you need extra space. **Show all of your work.** The only aid permitted is a calculator. Good luck!

TOTAL MARKS: 32. The value of each question is indicated in parentheses.

**Question 1** You are given

$x$	91	92	93	94	95	96	97
$d_x$	19	16	16	13	12	11	10

and  $d_x = 0$  for  $x = 98, 99, \dots$  Find

(a) (2 marks)  ${}_2q_{91}$ .

(b) (2 mark) the variance of  $K(95)$ .

(c) (3 marks) the 2-year temporary complete life expectancy of  $T(94) e_{94:\overline{2}|}^o$  under UDD.

**Question 2** You are given

$$f_{T(26)}(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{y}{800} & 0 \leq y < 40 \\ 0 & \textit{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find

**(b) (4 marks)** the probability function of  $K(63)$ .

**(c) (3 marks)**  $\mu(31 + t)$ .

**Question 3** You are given

$$\mu(x) = \begin{cases} 0.01, & 0 \leq x < 50 \\ \frac{1}{100-x}, & 50 \leq x \leq 100 \end{cases}$$

**(a) (3 marks)** Find the 10-year temporary curtate life expectancy of (31) given that he will die during this period.

**(b) (4 marks)** Find the complete-expectation-of-life  $e_{25}^o$ .

**Question 4** If  $q_{61} = 0.1$ ,  $q_{62} = 0.2$ , and  $q_{63} = 0.3$ , determine

- (a) (3 marks) the probability that (61.2) will die between ages 61.5 and 62.4, under the uniform distribution of deaths (UDD) assumption in each year of age.
- (b) (3 marks) the probability that (61.5) will die before age 63.4, under the Balducci assumption in each year of age.

**Question 5 (5 marks)** You are given the following information:

- the select period is 3 years
- $e_{[92]+2} = 1.86$  and  $e_{96} = 1.5$
- $q_{[x]+k} = (0.9^{3-k}) q_{x+k}$  for  $k = 0, 1, 2$  and all  $x$
- ${}_2p_{94} = 0.44$

Find  $p_{95}$ .

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Concordia University

ACTU-257 Test 2, Thursday, March 25th, 2010

Duration: 75 min.

Present your solutions in the space provided. Use the back of pages if you need extra space. **Show all of your work.** The only aid permitted is a calculator. Good luck!

TOTAL MARKS: 39. The value of each question is indicated in parentheses.

**Question 1 (9 marks)** You are given that  $d = 10\%$  and

$x$	60	61	62	63	64	65
$l_x$	600	550	500	400	300	200

Let  $Z$  denote the present value random variable of a special 4-year endowment insurance issued to (60). The insurance death benefits (payable at the end of the year of death) are given by:  $b_1 = 100$ ,  $b_2 = 90$ ,  $b_3 = 80$ , and  $b_4 = 70$ . The survival benefit is 100.

(a) (2 marks) Define the present value random variable  $Z$ .

(b) (4 marks) Determine  $Var [Z]$ .

(c) (3 marks) Determine  $Pr [Z \leq 65]$ .

**Question 2 (11 marks)** The following continuous policies with benefits payable at the moment of death are issued to (55):

$Z_1$  = Present value random variable of a 10-year deferred, 20-year term life insurance of \$100

$Z_2$  = Present value random variable of a 20-year endowment insurance of \$1000.

You are given that the force of mortality  $\mu(x)$  is 2% for all  $x$  and  $\delta = 8\%$ .

**(a) (4 marks)** Define  $Z_1$  and sketch the graph of  $Z_1$  and identify the starting as well as ending values of each segment.

**(b) (4 marks)** Give an expression for  $Cov[Z_1, Z_2]$  in terms of actuarial symbols.

**(c) (3 marks)** Find  $P[Z_1 \leq 30]$ .

**Question 3 (9 marks)** Consider a life insurance policy that pays \$100 at the end of the year of death if death occurs during the first 10 years, and \$300 at the moment of death if the death occurs after 20 years. Suppose the mortality follows DeMoivre's law with  $\omega = 102$ ,  $(x) = (55)$ , and  $\delta$  is 5%.

(a) (2 marks) Define the present value random variable  $Z$ .

(b) (2 marks) Give an expression for  $Var[Z]$  in terms of actuarial symbols.

(c) (5 marks) Find  $P[Z \leq 90]$ .

**Question 4 (10 marks)** A fully discrete 30-year temporary life annuity-immediate paying \$1000 annually is issued to (50). You are given:

- $\mu(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{100-x}, & 0 \leq x < 60 \\ 0.025, & x \geq 60 \end{cases}$

- $i = 5\%$

**(a) (2 marks)** Define the present value random variable  $Y$  of this annuity.

**(b) (5 marks)** Determine the actuarial present value of this annuity.

**(c) (3 marks)** Find  $P[Y \leq 3500]$ .