

SEG 2105 - LECTURE XX

MIDTERM SOLUTION

MULTIPLE CHOICE

THE ANSWER

SO CLOSE

~~NOT REALLY~~

~~VERY INCORRECT~~

1. An email client such as Thunderbird, where users can access and send emails and consult a calendar in their preferred OS (Thunderbird is cross-platform), is a _____ client application.

A. Thin

B. Fat

C. Horizontal

D. Peer-to-Peer

E. Multi-threaded

1. An email client such as Thunderbird, where users can access and send emails and consult a calendar in their preferred OS (Thunderbird is cross-platform), is a _____ client application.

A. Thin

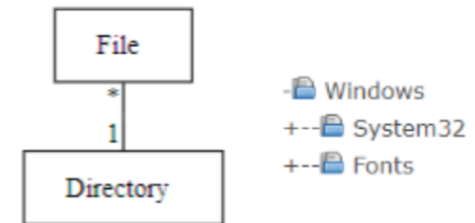
B. Fat

~~C. Horizontal~~

~~D. Peer to Peer~~

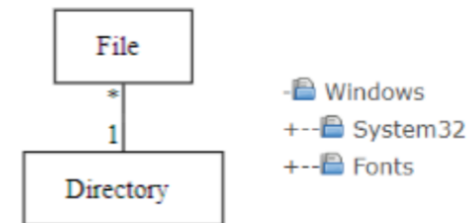
~~E. Multi threaded~~

2. What should be added to the diagram below to represent the fact that parent directories could have subdirectories? For instance, Windows is the parent directory of System32 and Fonts, which may contain other files or (sub-directories).



- A. An association class.
- B. A symmetric reflexive association (in class Directory)
- C. An asymmetric reflexive association (in class Directory)
- D. An attribute 'subdirectory' in class Directory.
- E. Multiple subclasses for class Directory

2. What should be added to the diagram below to represent the fact that parent directories could have subdirectories? For instance, Windows is the parent directory of System32 and Fonts, which may contain other files or (sub-directories).



~~A. An association class.~~

B. A symmetric reflexive association (in class Directory)

C. An asymmetric reflexive association (in class Directory)

~~D. An attribute 'subdirectory' in class Directory.~~

~~E. Multiple subclasses for class Directory~~

3. Which of the following statements is false in the context of object (instance) diagrams?

- A. An object diagram can only contain links generated by associations
- B. The number of links among instances are consistent with the multiplicity of the class diagram
- C. A class diagram can generate an infinite number of object diagrams
- D. Associations in the object diagram must include a multiplicity
- E. An object diagram shows a configuration of objects and links that exist at run-time

3. Which of the following statements is false in the context of object (instance) diagrams?

- A. An object diagram can only contain links generated by associations
- B. The number of links among instances are consistent with the multiplicity of the class diagram
- C. A class diagram can generate an infinite number of object diagrams
- D. Associations in the object diagram must include a multiplicity
- E. An object diagram shows a configuration of objects and links that exist at run-time

4. Which of the following associations can generate the code in the figures below?

```
public class A {  
    private B b ;  
    public A(){}  
    //More Code omitted  
}
```

```
public class B {  
    private A a;  
    public B(A aA) {  
        boolean didAddA = setA(aA);  
        if (!didAddA) {  
            throw new Exception("Unable to create instance");  
        }  
    }  
    //More Code omitted  
}
```

- A. A 0..1-*B
- B. A 1-0..1B
- C. A 1-*B
- D. A 1-1B
- E. None of the above

4. Which of the following associations can generate the code in the figures below?

```
public class A {  
    private B b ;  
    public A(){}  
    //More Code omitted  
}
```

```
public class B {  
    private A a;  
    public B(A aA) {  
        boolean didAddA = setA(aA);  
        if (!didAddA) {  
            throw new Exception("Unable to create instance");  
        }  
    }  
    //More Code omitted  
}
```

~~A. A 0..1 * B~~

B. A 1 - 0..1 B

~~C. A 1 * B~~

D. A 1 - 1 B

E. None of the above

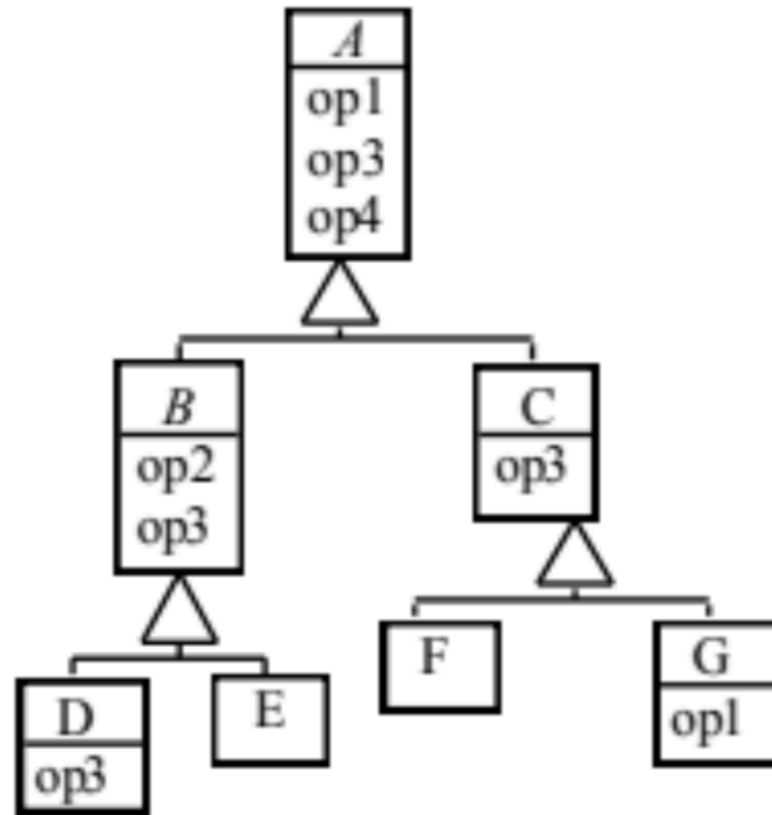
5. A server socket differs from a regular socket because:

- A. The server socket waits for messages from a connected client
- B. The server socket waits for messages from a connected server
- C. The server socket waits for new connections
- D. The server socket can have an input or output stream attached to it
- E. None of the above: There is no difference between these two types of sockets

5. A server socket differs from a regular socket because:

- A. ~~The server socket~~ waits for messages from a connected client
- B. ~~The server socket~~ waits for messages from a connected server
- C. The server socket waits for new connections
- D. ~~The server socket~~ can have an input or output stream attached to it
- E. None of the above: There is no difference between these two types of sockets

6. If a variable is declared of type B, for the call of which operation(s) will dynamic binding always be needed?



A. op1

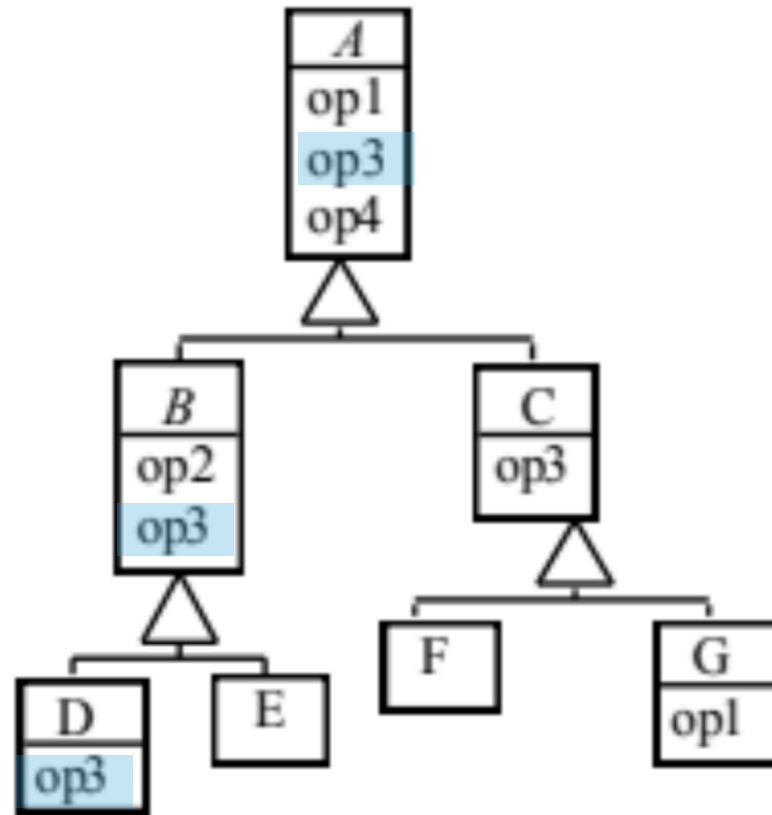
B. op2

C. op3

D. op2 and op3

E. None of the above: Dynamic binding is not needed.

6. If a variable is declared of type B, for the call of which operation(s) will dynamic binding always be needed?



A. op1

B. op2

C. op3

D. op2 and op3

E. None of the above: Dynamic binding is not needed.

7. Which of the following would most likely be a asymmetric reflexive association?

- A. The subordinates in an organization chart
- B. Your friends in Facebook
- C. Your cousins
- D. Your parents
- E. b and c

7. Which of the following would most likely be a asymmetric reflexive association?

A. The subordinates in an organization chart

~~B. Your friends in Facebook~~

~~C. Your cousins~~

~~D. Your parents~~

E. b and c

8. Which aspect of quality would be most improved by the decision to create a framework when developing a software system?

- A. Usability
- B. Efficiency
- C. Reliability
- D. Maintainability
- E. Reusability

8. Which aspect of quality would be most improved by the decision to create a framework when developing a software system?

~~A. Usability~~

~~B. Efficiency~~

C. Reliability

D. Maintainability

E. Reusability

9. In SimpleChat, what is the purpose of ChatIF?

- A. It allows flexibility to communicate with a different server without changing the ChatClient code
- B. It is where the code for the user interface can be found
- C. It is abstract class allowing you to have several concrete UI classes
- D. It allows flexibility to change the UI class without changing the ChatClient code
- E. None of the above

9. In SimpleChat, what is the purpose of ChatIF?

- A. It allows flexibility to communicate with a different server without changing the ChatClient code
- B. ~~It is where the code for the user interface can be found~~
- C. ~~It is abstract class allowing you to have several concrete~~ UI classes
- D. It allows flexibility to change the UI class without changing the ChatClient code
- E. None of the above

10. Which type of UML models contains elements that might not be in the domain, but are needed to build a complete system?

- A. Exploratory Domain Model
- B. System Domain Model
- C. System Model
- D. Use Case Diagram
- E. OCL Model

10. Which type of UML models contains elements that might not be in the domain, but are needed to build a complete system?

~~A. Exploratory Domain Model~~

B. System Domain Model

C. System Model

~~D. Use Case Diagram~~

~~E. OCL Model~~

11. A Java class that has an abstract method:

- A. Must be declared abstract
- B. Should be declared abstract
- C. Must contain other abstract methods
- D. Should contain other abstract methods
- E. Must be declared as an interface

11. A Java class that has an abstract method:

A. Must be declared abstract

B. Should be declared abstract

~~C. Must contain other abstract methods~~

~~D. Should contain other abstract methods~~

~~E. Must be declared as an interface~~

12. Which of the following are not essentials of UML Class Diagrams:

- A. Classes
- B. Associations
- C. Operations
- D. Attributes
- E. Encapsulations

12. Which of the following are not essentials of UML Class Diagrams:

~~A. Classes~~

~~B. Associations~~

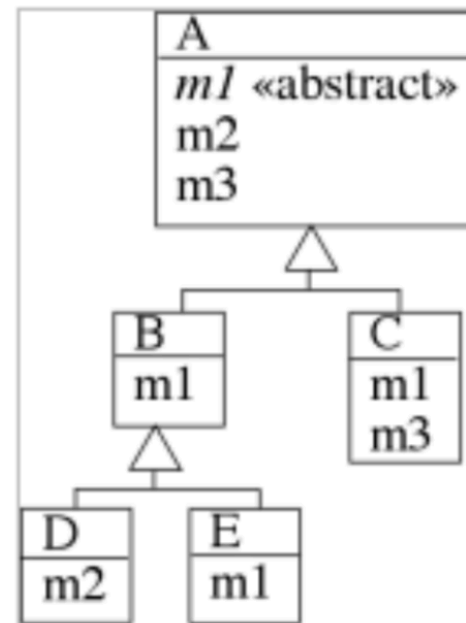
C. Operations

~~D. Attributes~~

E. Encapsulations

13. In the above diagram, which method would run if you had a variable of type A containing an object of class E (i.e. `A a = new E()`), and the operation `m1` was called on this variable?

- A. The `m1` in class A
- B. The `m1` in class B
- C. The `m1` in class C
- D. The `m1` in class E



- E. There would be an error as the `m1` in class A is abstract

13. In the above diagram, which method would run if you had a variable of type A containing an object of class E (i.e. `A a = new E()`), and the operation `m1` was called on this variable?

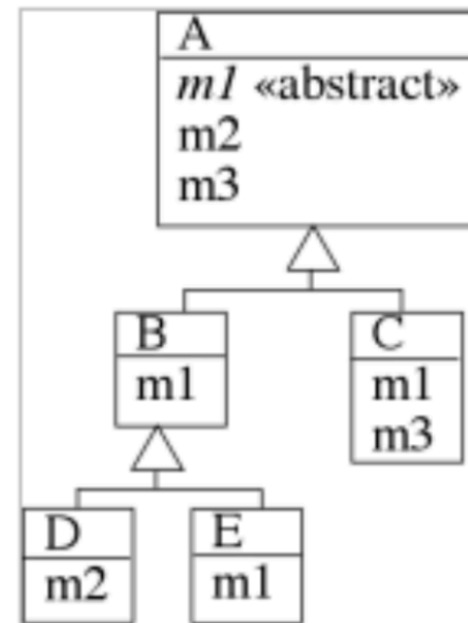
~~A. The `m1` in class A~~

B. The `m1` in class B

~~C. The `m1` in class C~~

D. The `m1` in class E

~~E. There would be an error as the `m1` in class A is abstract~~



14. Which of the following is a special kind of association?

- A. A link
- B. A generalization
- C. A composition
- D. A discriminator
- E. More than one of the above

14. Which of the following is a special kind of association?

~~A. A link~~

~~B. A generalization~~

C. A composition

~~D. A discriminator~~

E. More than one of the above

15. Which of the following is false about interfaces in Java?

- A. An interface in the Java programming language is an abstract type that is used to specify a behavior that classes must implement.
- B. A class in Java can implement multiple interfaces.
- C. Interfaces in Java 9 can now have default methods with a method implementation.
- D. Interfaces in Java (any JDK version) can be instantiated.
- E. None of the above

15. Which of the following is false about interfaces in Java?

- ~~A. An interface in the Java programming language is an abstract type that is used to specify a behavior that classes must implement.~~
- ~~B. A class in Java can implement multiple interfaces.~~
- C. Interfaces in Java 9 can now have default methods with a method implementation.
- D. Interfaces in Java (any JDK version) can be instantiated.
- E. None of the above

16 (ver 1). A Java class that has an abstract method:

- A. Must be declared abstract
- B. Should be declared abstract
- C. Must contain other abstract methods
- D. Should contain other abstract methods
- E. Must be declared as an interface

16 (ver 1). A Java class that has an abstract method:

A. Must be declared abstract

B. Should be declared abstract

~~C. Must contain other abstract methods~~

~~D. Should contain other abstract methods~~

~~E. Must be declared as an interface~~

16 (ver 2). Which of the following statements is true about instance variables

- A. Instance variables across different objects may have different values
- B. Its value is shared by all instances of a class
- C. In Java, they are also called static variables
- D. They are sometimes used for constant values
- E. If changes are made to an instance variable, all other instances will see the effect of the changes

16 (ver 2). Which of the following statements is true about instance variables

- A. Instance variables across different objects may have different values
- ~~B. Its value is shared by all instances of a class~~
- ~~C. In Java, they are also called static variables~~
- ~~D. They are sometimes used for constant values~~
- E. If changes are made to an instance variable, all other instances will see the effect of the changes

17. What should the multiplicities between the classes Person and Concert be? A Concert must have at least one spectator (person), and a person can attend many Concerts.

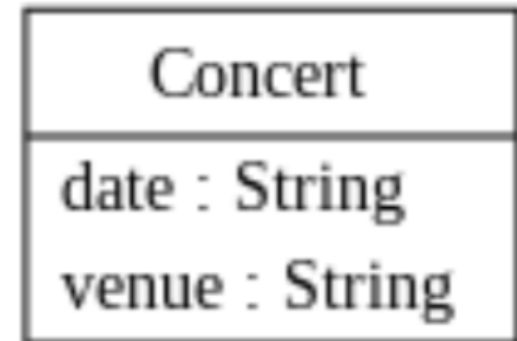
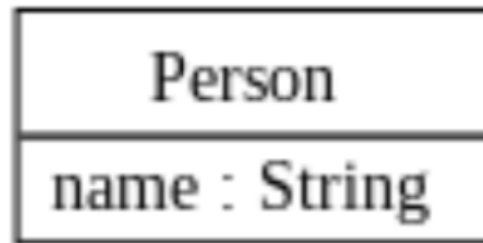
A. 0..1 to 0..1

B. 0..* to 1

C. 0..* to 0..*

D. 0..* to 1..*

E. 1..* to 0..*



17. What should the multiplicities between the classes Person and Concert be? A Concert must have at least one spectator (person), and a person can attend many Concerts.

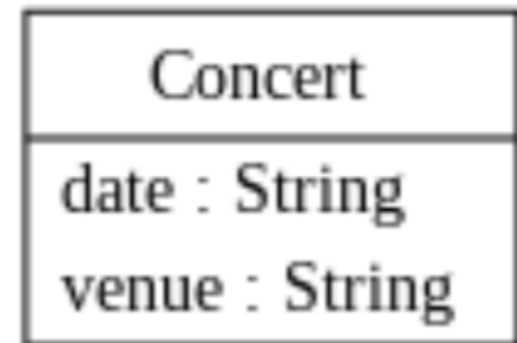
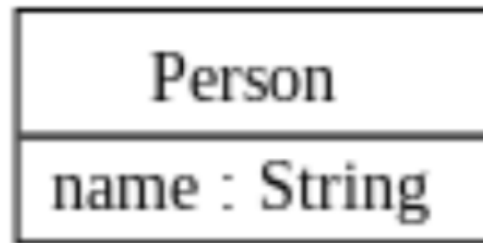
~~A. 0..1 to 0..1~~

~~B. 0..* to 1~~

~~C. 0..* to 0..*~~

~~D. 0..* to 1..*~~

E. 1..* to 0..*



18. If I wanted to add the ability to sell tickets to a Person in order to attend a concert, what would be the best way to do it? We want also to record the ticket number and price paid.

- A. Add attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice to the Person Class.
- B. Add attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice to the Concert Class.
- C. Create a class Ticket with attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice and associate it with class Concert in a many-to-one association.
- D. Create an association class Ticket with attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice.
- E. Create a class Ticket with attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice and associate it with class Person in a many-to-many association.

18. If I wanted to add the ability to sell tickets to a Person in order to attend a concert, what would be the best way to do it? We want also to record the ticket number and price paid.

- A. ~~Add attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice to the Person Class.~~
- B. ~~Add attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice to the Concert Class.~~
- C. Create a class Ticket with attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice and associate it with class Concert in a many-to-one association.
- D. Create an association class Ticket with attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice.
- E. Create a class Ticket with attributes ticketNumber and unitPrice and associate it with class Person in a many-to-many association.

19. Consider the following code snippet. Which of the following statements is false?

- A. This third handler catches exceptions of type `Exception`; therefore, it catches any exception.
- B. This code will compile.
- C. The second handler could never be reached.

D. None of the above

```
try {  
} catch ( ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {  
} catch ( ArithmeticException e) {  
} catch ( Exception e) {  
}
```

19. Consider the following code snippet. Which of the following statements is false?

A. ~~This third handler~~ catches exceptions of type Exception; therefore, it catches any exception.

B. ~~This code will~~ compile.

C. The second handler could never be reached.

D. None of the above

```
try {  
    } catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {  
    } catch (ArithmeticException e) {  
    } catch (Exception e) {  
    }  
}
```

20. Which of the following statements is false?

- A. In the code snippet above, the value printed will be 87.
- B. The code above will throw a ClassCastException.
- C. Casting an object from a sub-class to a super class doesn't require an explicit cast.
- D. Casting an object from a super class to a sub class requires an explicit cast.
- E. The compiler will not allow casts to unrelated types.

```
double calculatedMark = 87.6;  
int finalGrade = (int)calculatedMark;  
System.out.print(finalGrade);
```

20. Which of the following statements is false?

A. In the code snippet above, the value printed will be 87.

B. The code above will throw a ClassCastException.

C. Casting an object from a sub-class to a super class doesn't require an explicit cast.

D. Casting an object from a super class to a sub class requires an explicit cast.

E. The compiler will not allow casts to unrelated types.

```
double calculatedMark = 87.6;  
int finalGrade = (int)calculatedMark;  
System.out.print(finalGrade);
```

SYSTEM MODELLING

SOME VARIATIONS, GRADED LOOSELY

21. (22 marks) Create a UML class diagram for the system below.

- Show all attributes (data types are NOT required),
- Show all associations and generalizations.
- Make sure you include the correct multiplicity.
- Methods and access modifiers are not required and will NOT be graded.

SEG 2105 LECTURE XX - MIDTERM SOLUTION

System specification: Online Application System for Undergraduate Programs

You work as a software engineer at a university. The administration wants to build a system for managing applications to the undergraduate programs and you are required to design a UML Class Diagram for the proposed system.

The system should receive applications from people interested in joining a specific program. Each program has a maximum capacity of accepted students, a minimum grade point average for acceptance, and a number of required recommendation letters. For each program, there is an administrative officer (responsible for checking applications for completeness), and an academic officer (responsible for making decisions on applications). Interested applicants would submit their applications to a specific program. Each application contains information about the applicant name, contact information (email, phone number, and address), in addition to other information relating to the applicant's status (international or domestic student) and additional documents required by the program.

When submitting the application, the applicants must pay an application fee (different for each program). The accepted method of payment is using a credit card. The system must store the payment information including the selected payment method, payment date, credit card information (name of card holder and card number only). The system should keep track of the application status (checking completeness, under academic review, accepted, rejected and waiting list).

Finally, scholarships are offered by different programs for highly qualified candidates. A scholarship is for a specific amount of money and is given for a set number of terms.

You work as a software engineer at a university. The administration wants to build a system for **managing applications** to the undergraduate programs and you are required to design a **UML Class Diagram** for the proposed system.

The system should receive applications from people interested in joining a specific program. Each program has a maximum capacity of accepted students, a minimum grade point average for acceptance, and a number of required recommendation letters. For each program, there is an administrative officer (responsible for checking applications for completeness), and an academic officer (responsible for making decisions on applications). Interested applicants would submit their applications to a specific program. Each application contains information about the applicant name, contact information (email, phone number, and address), in addition to other information relating to the applicant's status (international or domestic student) and additional documents required by the program.

When submitting the application, the applicants must pay an **application fee** (different for each program). The accepted method of payment is using a **credit card**. The system must store the **payment information** including the selected **payment method**, **payment date**, credit card information (**name of card holder and card number only**). The system should keep track of the application **status** (**checking completeness, under academic review, accepted, rejected and waiting list**).

Finally, **scholarships** are offered by different **programs** for highly qualified **candidates**. A scholarship is for a specific amount of **money** and is given for a **set number of terms**.

IDENTIFY CLASSES AND ATTRIBUTES

Application
date : String
applicationStatus : String
address : String

Candidate
name : String
phone : String
email : String
applicantStatus : String

Program
name : String
fee : String
maxCapacity : String
minGpa : String

Scholarship
amount : String
numberTerms : String

Payment
paymentMethod : String
date : String
nameOnCreditCard : String
creditCardNumber : String

OTHER CLASSES

Document

RecommendationLetter

AdministrationOfficer

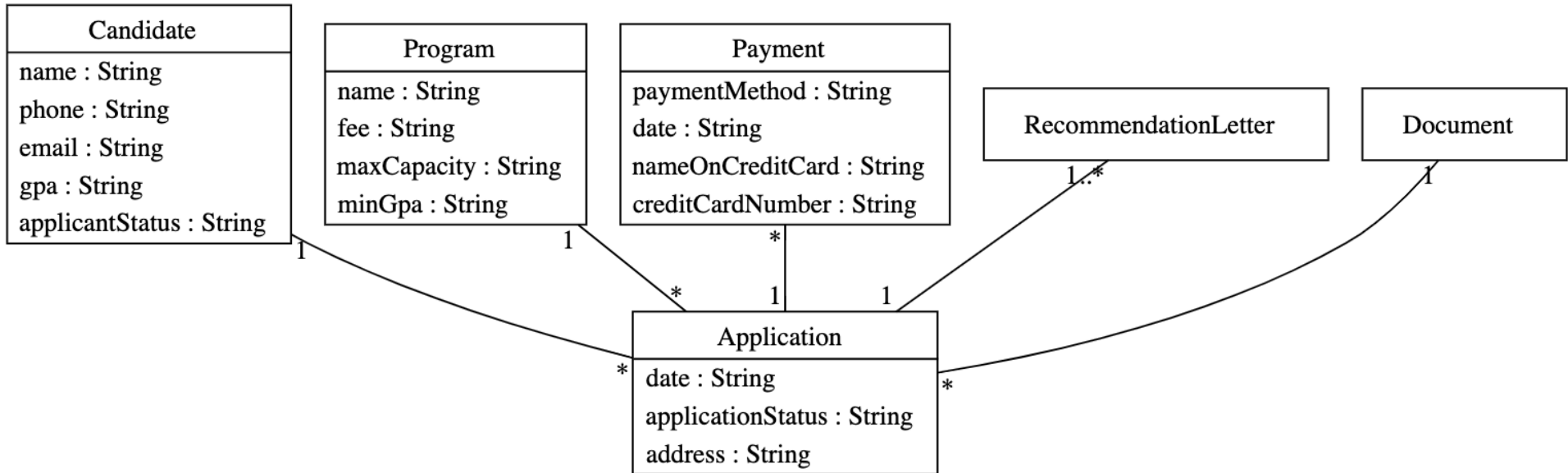
Reference

AcademicOfficer

RELATIONSHIPS (ASSOCIATIONS)

```
class Application {  
    date;  
    applicationStatus;  
    address;  
  
    * -- 1 Candidate;  
    * -- 1 Document;  
    1 -- * Payment;  
    1 -- 1..* RecommendationLetter;  
    * -- 1 Program;  
}
```

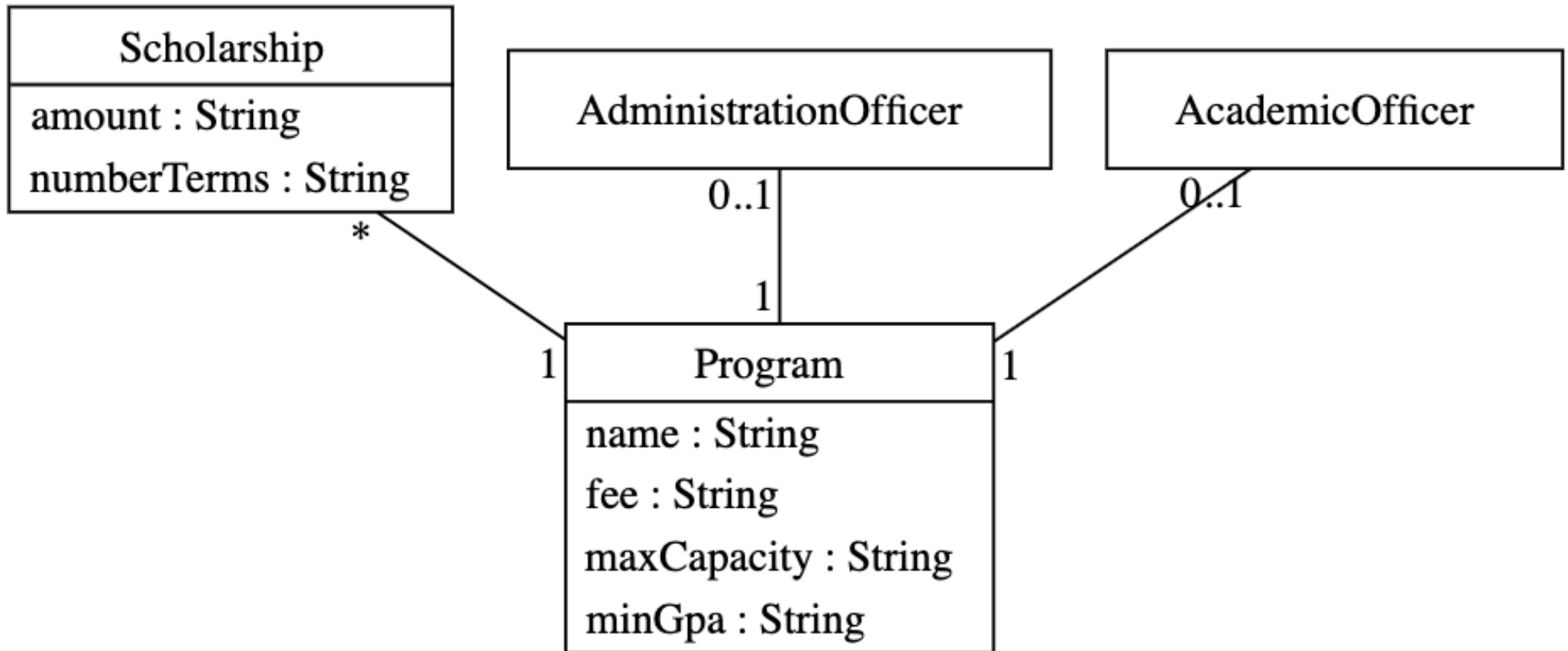
SEG 2105 LECTURE XX - MIDTERM SOLUTION



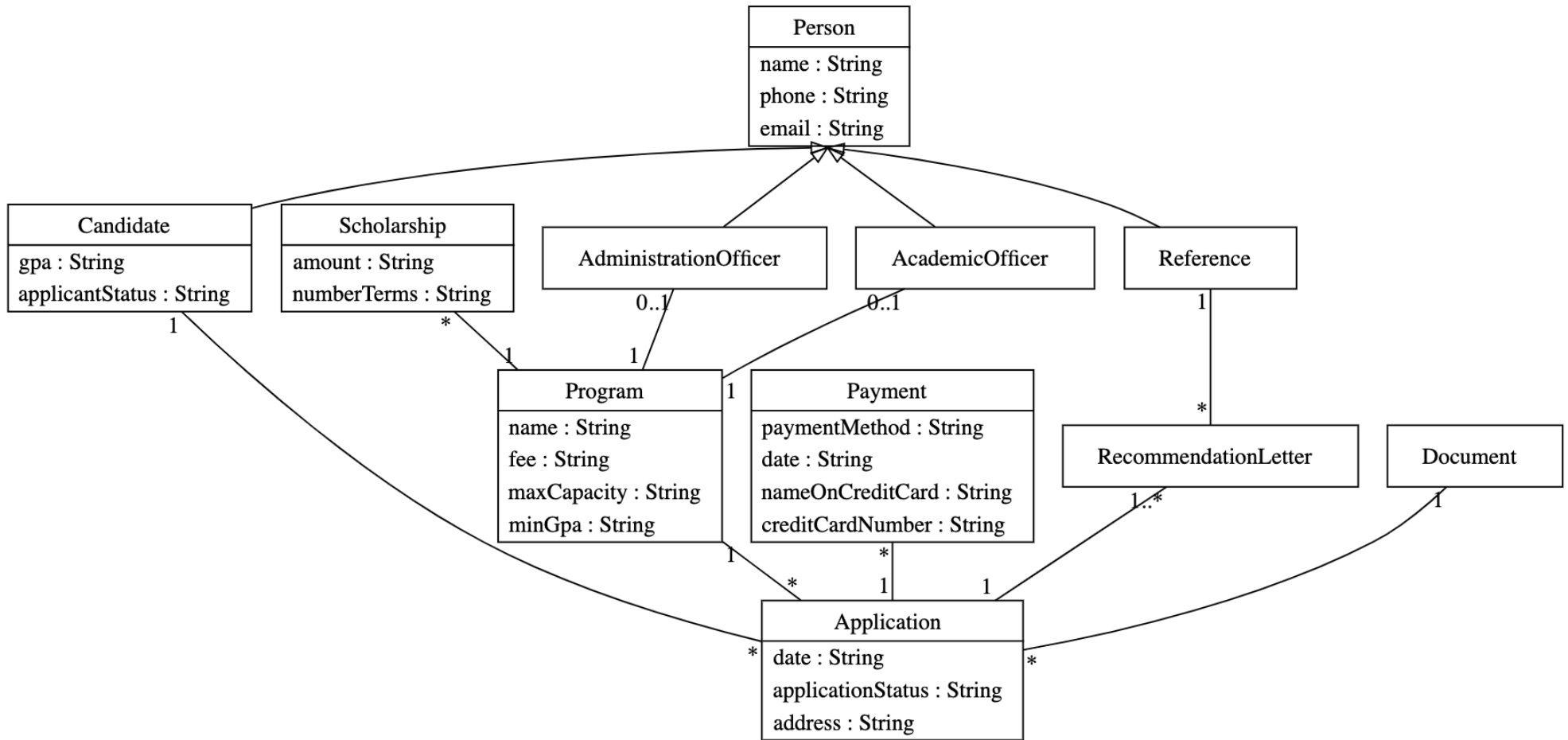
OTHER RELATIONSHIPS

```
class Program {  
    name;  
    fee;  
    maxCapacity;  
    minGpa;  
    1 -- 0..1 AdministrationOfficer;  
    1 -- 0..1 AcademicOfficer;  
    1 -- * Scholarship;  
}
```

SEG 2105 LECTURE XX - MIDTERM SOLUTION



SEG 2105 LECTURE XX - MIDTERM SOLUTION



22. (8 marks) (8 marks) Draw an UML object diagram consisting of the following:

- The international Student Neymar with phone number 613-99999999 living at 142 Mercenary st, has applied to the Fine Arts in Acting program offered at the University of Ottawa. Neymar has a CGPA of 6.1. This program has a minimum required GPA of 6.0 and two recommendation letters. Along with the application information, Neymar joined two recommendation letters from previous colleagues (Messi and Luis).
- Initialize all required attributes and show all necessary links.
- Your instance diagram needs to be consistent with the class diagram you developed.

SEG 2105 LECTURE XX - MIDTERM SOLUTION

