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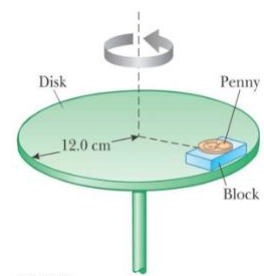
Forces, Mechanical Work and Energy

1 A small container of water is placed on a carousel inside a microwave oven, at a radius of 12.0 cm from the center. The turntable rotates steadily, turning through one revolution in each 7.25 s. What angle does the water surface make with the horizontal?

2 A small piece of Styrofoam packing material is dropped from a height of 2.00 m above the ground. Until it reaches terminal speed, the magnitude of its acceleration is given by $a = g - bv$. After falling 0.500 m, the Styrofoam effectively reaches terminal speed, and then takes 5.00 s more to reach the ground. (a) What is the value of the constant b ? (b) What is the acceleration at $t = 0$? (c) What is the acceleration when the speed is 0.150 m/s?

3, A 0.500-kg object is suspended from the ceiling of an accelerating boxcar as in Figure 6.13. If $a = 3.00 \text{ m/s}^2$, find (a) the angle that the string makes with the vertical and (b) the tension in the string.

4. A penny of mass 3.10 g rests on a small 20.0-g block supported by a spinning disk. The coefficients of friction between block and disk are 0.750 (static) and 0.640 (kinetic) while those for the penny and block are 0.520 (static) and 0.450 (kinetic). What is the maximum rate of rotation in revolutions per minute that the disk can have, without the block or penny sliding on the disk?



Use opposite side of this page for your diagrams and answers

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5. The force acting on a particle is $F_x = (8x - 16)$ N, where x is in meters. (a) Make a plot of this force versus x from $x = 0$ to $x = 3.00$ m. (b) From your graph, find the net work done by this force on the particle as it moves from $x = 0$ to $x = 3.00$ m.

6. A baseball outfielder throws a 0.150-kg baseball at a speed of 40.0 m/s and an initial angle of 30.0° . What is the kinetic energy of the baseball at the highest point of its trajectory?

7. A 40.0-kg box initially at rest is pushed 5.00 m along a rough, horizontal floor with a constant applied horizontal force of 130 N. If the coefficient of friction between box and floor is 0.300, find (a) the work done by the applied force, (b) the increase in internal energy in the box-floor system due to friction, (c) the work done by the normal force, (d) the work done by the gravitational force, (e) the change in kinetic energy of the box, and (f) the final speed of the box.

8. 0.1kg Particle moves under influence of conservative force whose potential energy is shown in the diagram. At $t=0$ particle has $K=4$ J at $x= 8$ m.
a) What are the turning points for this particle?
b) what is the particle v at $x=2$ m?
c) what is the orientation of the force acting on it at $x=8$ m?

