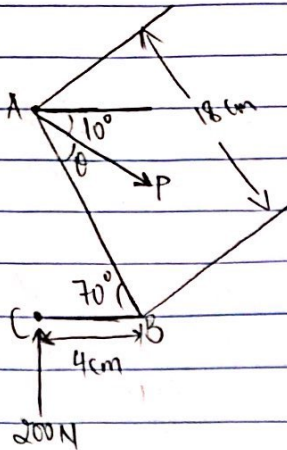


①



a) $M_B = F d_{AB} \sin \alpha$
 $= (200) (4)$

$M_B = 800 \text{ N}\cdot\text{cm}$ direction? -0.5

b) $\alpha + \theta = 70^\circ$

$10^\circ + \theta = 70^\circ$

$\theta = 60^\circ$

$M_B = d_{AB} \times P \sin \theta$

$800 = (18) P \sin(60^\circ)$

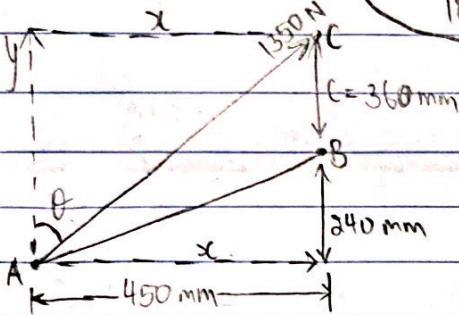
$P = \frac{800}{18 \sin 60^\circ} = 51.32 \text{ N}$

c) La force sera minimale si la force est perpendiculaire à la ligne joignant les points A et B

$M_B = d_{AB} P_{\min}$
 $800 = 18 (P_{\min})$

$P_{\min} = 44.44 \text{ N}$

②



2) true ✓

Le moment par rapport à B :

$M_B = F d$

$= [(y)(d_1)] - [(x)(d_2)]$

$= [1080 \times 450] - [810 \times 240]$

$= (486000) - (194400)$

$M_B = 291600 \text{ N}\cdot\text{mm} (291.6 \text{ Nm})$

$\tan \theta = \frac{450}{240 + c}$ ou $c = 360 \text{ mm}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{450}{600}$

$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{450}{600} \right)$

* $\theta = 36.87^\circ$

$y = 1350 \cos \theta$

$y = 1350 \cos(36.87)$

$y = 1080.0 \text{ N}$

$x = 1350 \sin(36.87)$

$x = 810.0 \text{ N}$

3

$$F_{BD} = T_{BD} \left[\frac{DFi - BCj + FCk}{\sqrt{(DF)^2 + (BC)^2 + (FC)^2}} \right]$$

$$T_{BD} = 900 \text{ N}, \quad DF = -1 \text{ m}, \quad BC = -2 \text{ m}, \quad FC = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$F_{BD} = 900 \left[\frac{-1i - 2j + 2k}{\sqrt{(-1)^2 + (-2)^2 + (2)^2}} \right]$$

$$F_{BD} = (-300i - 600j + 600k) \text{ N}$$

Vecteur de position du point B d'origine O :

$$r_{OB} = (2.5i + 2j) \text{ m}$$

$$M = r_{OB} \times F_{BD}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 2.5 & 2 & 0 \\ -300 & -600 & 600 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [(1200 - 0)i - (1500 - 0)j + (-1500 + 600)k] \text{ N.m}$$

$$M = (1200i - 1500j - 900k) \text{ N.m} \quad (\text{le moment par rapport au point O})$$