

Assignment # 2

3 Problems, 60 marks Total

Problem 1 (20 marks)

The beam in **Figure 1** with $b = 300 \text{ mm}$, $h = 700 \text{ mm}$ and $L = 5 \text{ m}$ is subjected to a specified dead load of 30 kN/m (includes self-weight) and specified live load of 45 kN/m :

[note: specified or service = unfactored load]

- a. Calculate the beam's moment resistance, M_r in accordance with CSA A23.3 standard, and verify that $M_r \geq M_f$ (use the equations to calculate M_r , and check the beam under $1.25D + 1.5L$)
- b. Repeat part "a", however this time use the CDH tables (Table 2-1)
- c. Verify that the minimum reinforcement requirement in CSA A23.3 is met
- d. Verify the bar spacing requirements in the CSA A23.3 standard.
- e. Verify the crack control (z-factor) requirement in the CSA A23.3 standard.
- f. Calculate the balanced area of steel (A_{sb}); based on this calculation is the beam properly reinforced ?

NOTE:

- Use: $f'_c = 35 \text{ MPa}$, $f_y = 400 \text{ MPa}$
- Steel reinforcement: $A_s = 4\text{-}25\text{M}$ bars
- Maximum aggregate size (a_{\max}) = 20mm
- Sheltered (not exposed) conditions

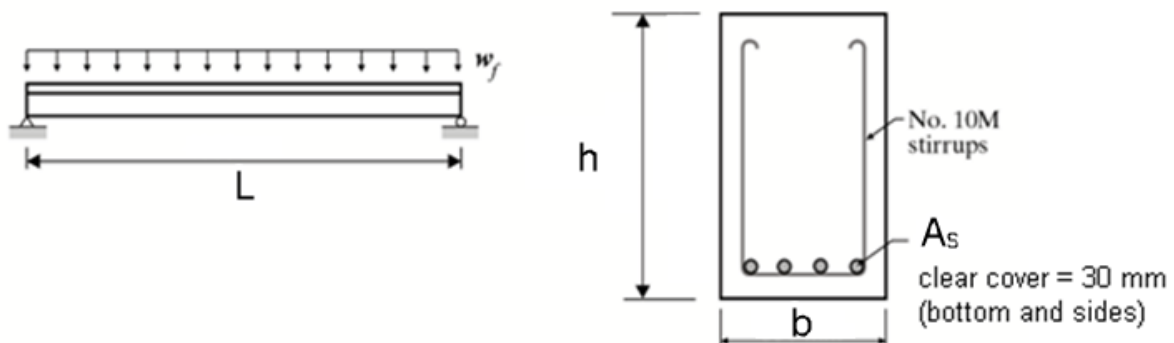


Figure 1

Problem 2 (20 marks)

For the beam having the non-rectangular box-girder cross-section shown in **Figure 2**:

- determine the moment resistance in accordance with the CSA A23.3 standard for the case of $t = 150 \text{ mm}$ (where t = wall thickness at the top, sides and bottom)
- determine the moment resistance, however this time use $t = 100 \text{ mm}$
- for the case of $t = 150 \text{ mm}$
 - verify the minimum reinforcement requirement
 - verify the bar spacing requirement
 - verify the crack control requirement (z-factor)

NOTE:

- Use: $f_c = 40 \text{ MPa}$, $f_y = 400 \text{ MPa}$
- Steel reinforcement: $A_s = 8\text{-}25\text{M}$ bars
- Beam properties: $b = 600 \text{ mm}$, $h = 1000 \text{ mm}$
- Clear cover = 30 mm (bottom and side cover)
- Maximum aggregate size (a_{max}) = 20mm
- Exposed conditions

Important, read this !

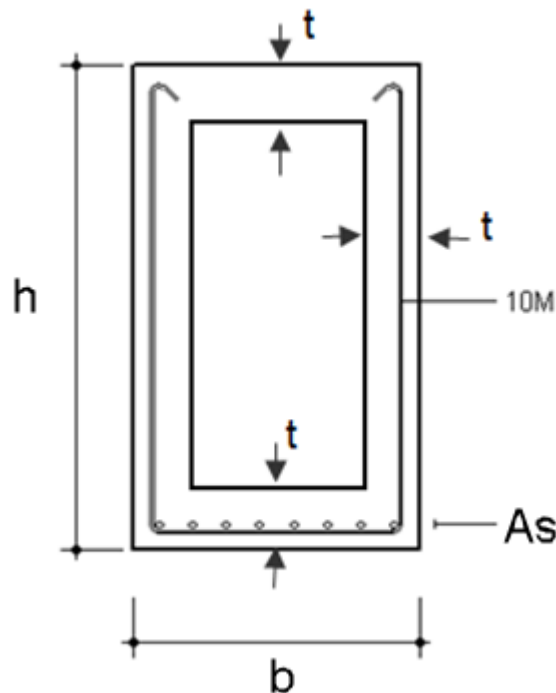


Figure 2

Problem 3 (20 marks)

Consider the beam cross-section shown in **Figure 3** with fixed dimensions b and h and span L as indicated in the “**NOTE**” section next to the figure. The beam is subjected to a specified superimposed dead load (does not include self-weight) of 10 KN/m and a specified live load of 40 KN/m .

Considering the load case $1.25D + 1.5L$:

- Use the iterative procedure to determine the required number of **25M** bars. (Note: check that $M_r \geq M_f$ and ensure your design satisfies the A_{smin} and bar spacing requirements). Show a sketch of your beam design
- Repeat, but use the quadratic equation to determine the required number of 25M bars.
- Repeat, but the CDH tables to determine the required number of 25M bars.

[**Note:** If you find the same number of bars in “b” and “c”, you don’t need to redo the A_{smin} and bar spacing checks again]

Important, read this !

NOTE:

- Beam span, $L = 5 \text{ m}$
- Beam dimensions are fixed: $b = 300 \text{ mm}$, $h = 600 \text{ mm}$
- Use: $f'_c = 30 \text{ MPa}$, 25M bars and 10M stirrups
- Density of concrete for self-weight calculation: 24 KN/m^3
- Clear cover = 30 mm (bottom and side cover)
- Maximum aggregate size (a_{max}) = 20mm

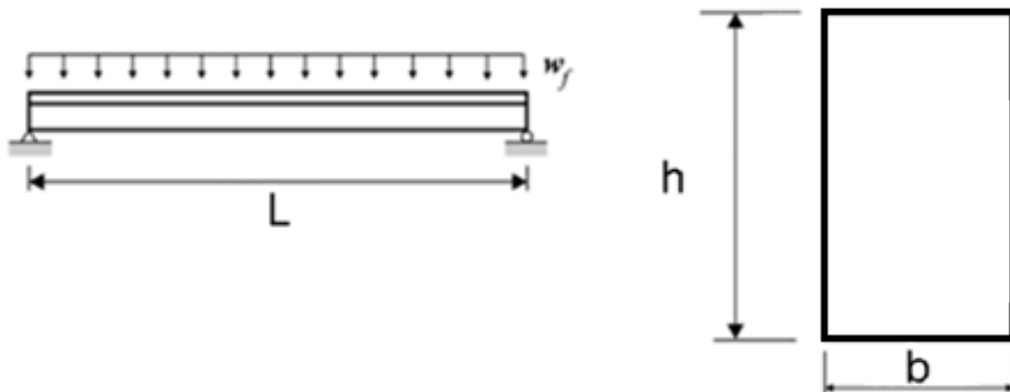


Figure 3