

## 203-NYA(A13) - 2D Collision - Another Example

$$m_1 = 1000 \text{ kg}; \vec{v}_{10} = 50 \text{ km/hr North}; |\vec{v}_{1f}| = 24 \text{ km/hr}, \boxed{\theta_{1f} = ?}$$

$$m_2 = 3000 \text{ kg}; \vec{v}_{20} = 70 \text{ km/hr } 50^\circ \text{ NE}; \boxed{v_{2f} = ?}, \theta_{2f} = 55^\circ \text{ NE}$$

- NOTE:**
- Keep the units for "v" in km/hr,  $v_{2f}$  will be in km/hr also.
  - Factorize both sides by  $10^3$  to simplify the math.

• Collision: System =  $(m_1 + m_2)$ :  $\vec{P}_{\text{ext system}} = \frac{\Delta \vec{P}_{\text{system}}}{\Delta t}$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{P}_{\text{system}} = \text{const} \Rightarrow \vec{P}_{\text{system}}^{\text{JBC}} = \vec{P}_{\text{system}}^{\text{IAC}} : \vec{P} \text{ is conserved}$$

$$\Rightarrow [1(50\hat{j}) + 3(70\cos 50^\circ \hat{i} + 70\sin 50^\circ \hat{j})] \times 10^3 = [1(24\cos \theta_{1f} \hat{i} + 24\sin \theta_{1f} \hat{j}) + 3(v_{2f}\cos 55^\circ \hat{i} + v_{2f}\sin 55^\circ \hat{j})] \times 10^3$$

$$\Rightarrow (50\hat{j} + 135\hat{i} + 16\hat{j}) = (24\cos \theta_{1f} \hat{i} + 24\sin \theta_{1f} \hat{j} + 1.72v_{2f}\hat{i} + 2.46v_{2f}\hat{j})$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{x-comp: } 135 = 24\cos \theta_{1f} + 1.72v_{2f} \quad \text{--- (I)}$$

$$\text{y-comp: } 211 = 24\sin \theta_{1f} + 2.46v_{2f} \quad \text{--- (II)}$$

$$\text{Solve (I) for } v_{2f} : v_{2f} = \frac{135 - 24\cos \theta_{1f}}{1.72} = \underline{\underline{(78.49 - 13.95\cos \theta_{1f})}}$$

$$\text{Subst } v_{2f} \text{ into (II): } 211 = 24\sin \theta_{1f} + 2.46(78.49 - 13.95\cos \theta_{1f})$$

$$\Rightarrow 211 = 24\sin \theta_{1f} + 193.1 - 34.3\cos \theta_{1f}$$

$$\Rightarrow 24\sin \theta_{1f} - 34.3\cos \theta_{1f} - 17.9 = 0; \text{ where } \cos \theta_{1f} = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \theta_{1f}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 24\sin \theta_{1f} - 34.3\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \theta_{1f}} - 17.9 = 0 : \text{ let } x = \sin \theta_{1f}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.70x - 0.52 = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{1.49x^2 - 0.73x - 0.73 = 0}} \quad \text{Square both sides and use } (a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

Quadratic Equ<sup>n</sup>

(P2)

$$\Rightarrow X_{12} = \sin \theta_{if} = \frac{0.73 \pm \sqrt{0.73^2 - 4(1.49)(-0.73)}}{2(1.49)} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \\ 2a \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a=1.49, b=-0.73, c=-0.73 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow (\sin \theta_{if})_1 = 0.997 \quad \Rightarrow \boxed{\theta_{if} = 86^\circ}$$

$(\sin \theta_{if})_2 = -0.5$ , but makes no sense physically

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{Subst. into } v_{2f}: v_{2f} &= 78.49 - 13.95 \cos 86^\circ \\ &= 78.49 - 0.97 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{v_{f2} = 77.5 \text{ km/hr}}$$