

Franco:

Math 208 Sec I

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(mention which section)

Office Hrs: Monday 11:30 - 1:00

LB-912

(math help centre)

Course Outline: meta-site

Textbook:

Assignments \Rightarrow 12 ASS

\Rightarrow Done Online (1 every wk)

To register need:

⊗ Access Code

⊗ Course ID: romanelli 15949

Help with MathLab:

⇒ Tech. issues: mymathlab.math

Calc: Math Dept (9th floor) or Bookstore
Library

1 Common Mid-Term

Sunday, March 10th, 10 AM

(alt. SAT March 16th, 10 AM)

Grading:

a) 10% ASS

20% MID-TERM

70% Final

OR

b) 10% ASS
10% MID
80% Final

CHAP 1

Section 1.2 (GRAPHS and LINES)

STANDARD FORM of a line

$$Ax + By = C \quad (A \text{ and } B \text{ are NOT BOTH ZERO})$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{(eg)} \quad 8x + 3y = 24 \\ \quad \quad -2x + 7y = 14 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{?} \quad 6x = 12 \quad \text{?} \\ \text{?} \quad -4y = 36 \quad \text{?} \end{array}$$

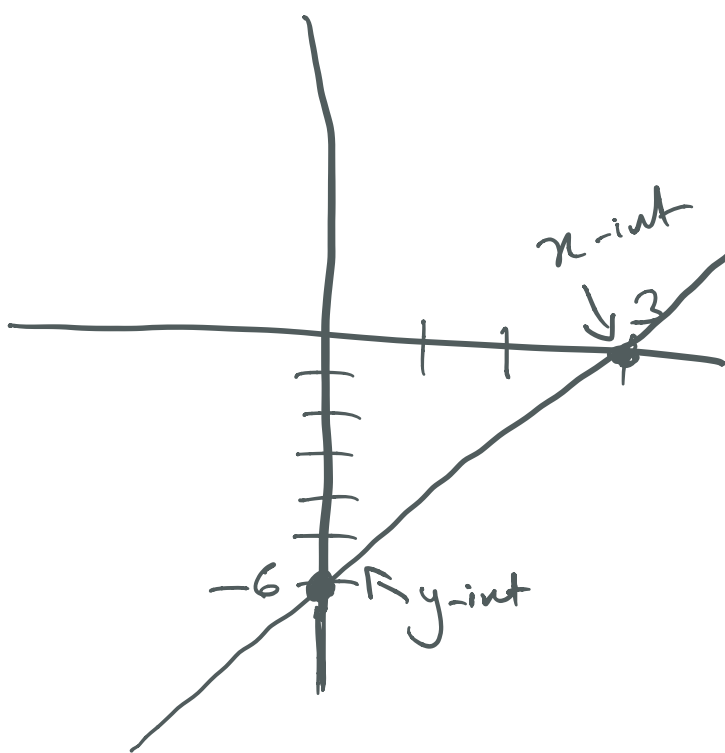
GRAPH

$$\text{(eg)} \quad 2x - y = 6 \quad (\text{STD form})$$

Table of values:

x	y
0	-6 \rightarrow y-int
3	0 \rightarrow x-int

y-intercept
y-value that
crosses the
y-axis
($x=0$)



x-intercept
x-value on
graph crosses
x-axis ($y=0$)

$$Ax + By = C$$

$$\text{If } A=0 \\ B \neq 0$$

$$By = C$$

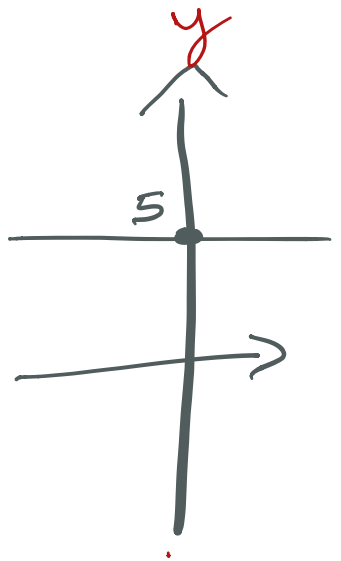
$y = \frac{C}{B}$ graph of
horizontal line

(eg) $2y = 5$
 $y = -6$
 $-3y = 12$

(ex) $3y = 15$

$$y = \frac{15}{3}$$

$$y = 5$$



$$\text{IF } b=0 \\ A \neq 0$$

$$Ax = C$$

$$x = \frac{C}{A}$$

Graph of a
vertical line

(eg) $5x = 10$
 $x = -4$
 $-7x = 21$

(ex) $-4x = 8$

$$x = \frac{8}{-4}$$

$$x = -2$$



Slope of a line:

Given any 2 points on a
line $\begin{cases} P_1 (x_1, y_1) \\ P_2 (x_2, y_2) \end{cases}$

$$\text{Slope, } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

(eg) $P_1 \begin{pmatrix} -2, 3 \\ x_1, y_1 \end{pmatrix}, P_2 \begin{pmatrix} 6, 7 \\ x_2, y_2 \end{pmatrix}$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{7 - 3}{6 - (-2)} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2} \oplus$$

(en) $P_1 (0, 4) \quad P_2 (-2, 10)$

$$m = \frac{10-4}{-2-0} = \frac{6}{-2} = -3 \ominus$$

Also,

$$P_1(5, 2)$$

$$P_2(-1, 2)$$

$$m = \frac{2-2}{5-(-1)} = \frac{0}{6} = 0$$

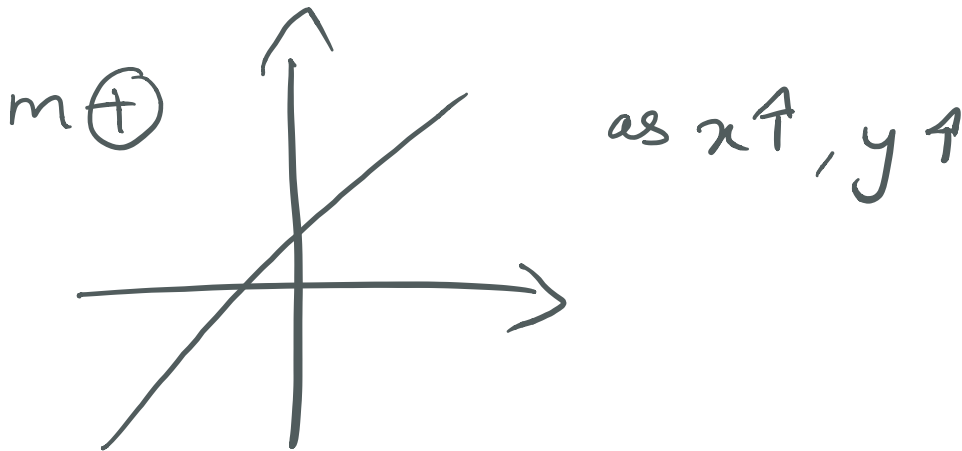
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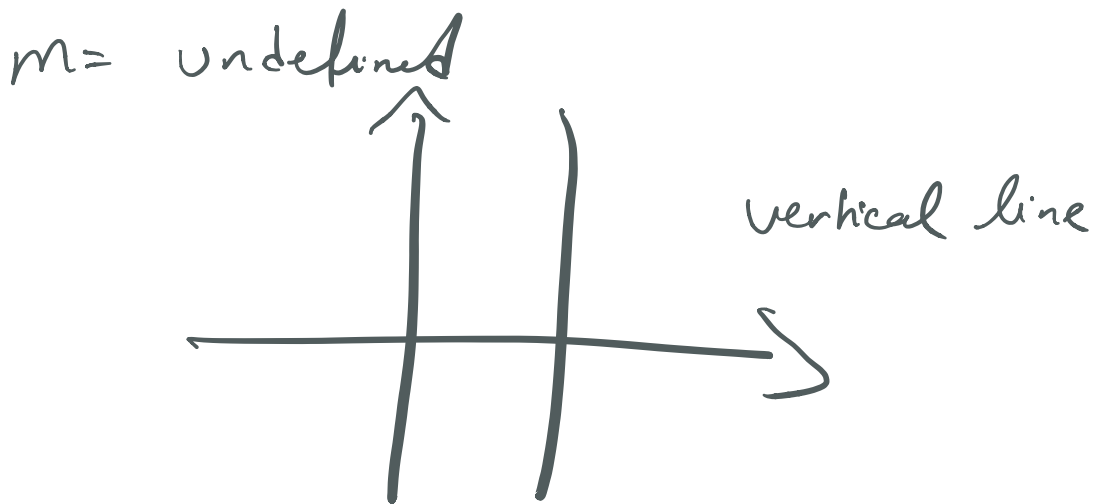
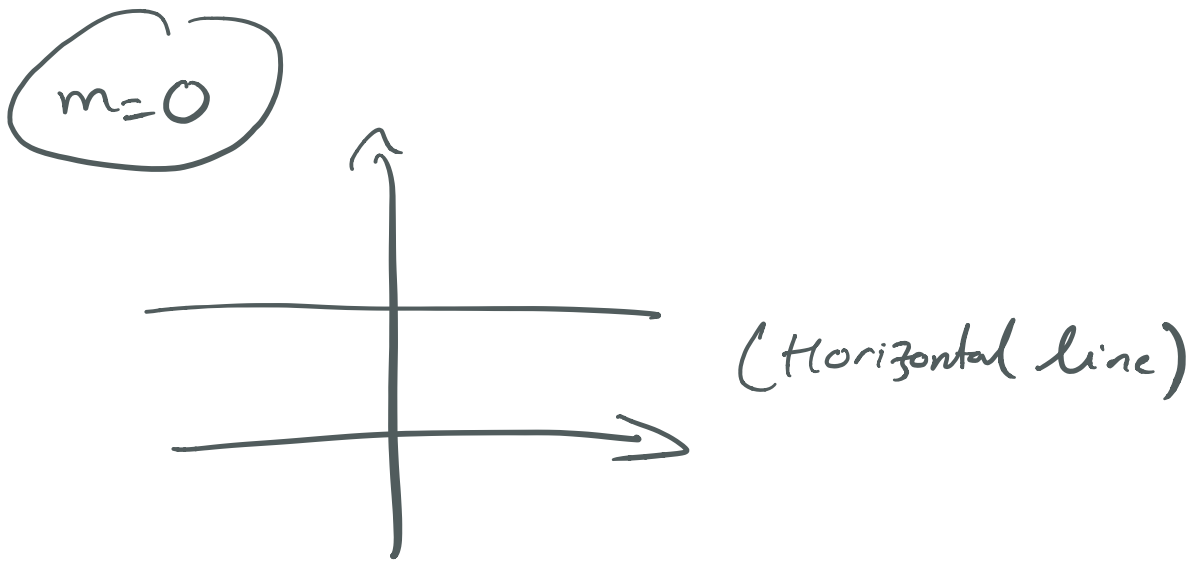
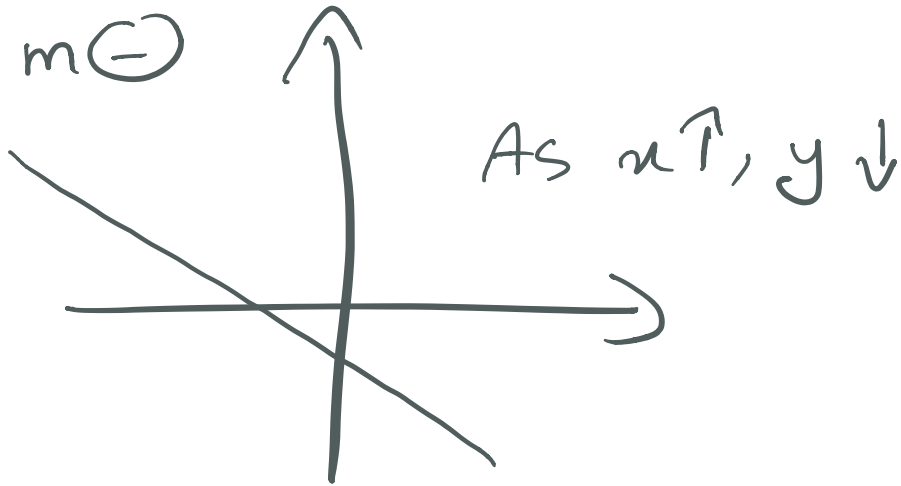
$$P_1(3, 6)$$

$$P_2(3, 8)$$

$$m = \frac{8-6}{3-3} = \frac{2}{0} = \text{undefined.}$$

Graphically:





Given STD form:

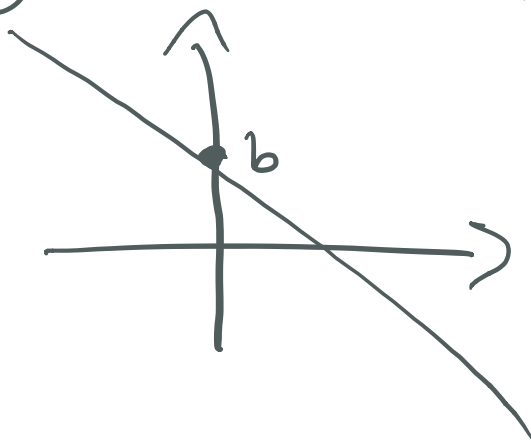
$$Ax + By = C$$

$$By = -Ax + C$$

$$y = -\frac{A}{B}x + \frac{C}{B}$$

$$y = mx + b \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m = \text{slope} \\ b = \text{y-intercept} \end{array} \right.$$

slope-intercept form



(eg) $7x + 3y = 9$

$$3y = -7x + 9$$

$$y = -\frac{7x}{3} + \frac{9}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{3}x + 3 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m = -7/3 \\ b = 3 \end{array} \right.$$

(eg) $y = 5x + 4 \rightarrow m = 5, b = 4$

$y = -x \rightarrow m = -1, b = 0$

$y = -3 \rightarrow m = 0, b = -3$
(Horizontal line)

$x = 5 \rightarrow$ undefined, $b = \text{none}$
(vertical line) (x-intercept = 5)

• Point - Slope form:

Given slope m of a line and any Point $P(x_1, y_1)$ on the line

Then

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

point - slope form of the line

(eg) $m = 6, P(-2, 5)$

W

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 5 = 6(x - (-2))$$

$$y - 5 = 6(x + 2)$$

$$y - 5 = 6x + 12$$

$$y = 6x + 17$$

(or) $-6x + y = 17$ (STD form)

(OR) Another method:

$$m = 6 \quad P(-2, 5)$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$5 = 6(-2) + b \rightarrow \text{find "b"}$$

$$5 = -12 + b$$

$$5 + 12 = b \quad | \quad 17 = b$$

$$\rightarrow y = 6x + 17$$

Find Eq of the line that goes thru the 2 points:

(eg) 2 points $\left(\begin{array}{l} P_1 (-3, 4) \\ P_2 (2, -6) \end{array} \right)$

Find slope first

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-6 - 4}{2 - (-3)}$$
$$= \frac{-10}{5} = -2$$

$\therefore m = -2$, then choose P_1 or P_2

$$P_1 (-3, 4) \rightarrow y = mx + b$$

$$4 = 2(-3) + b$$

$$4 = 6 + b$$

$$4 - 6 = b$$

$$b = -2$$

$$\therefore y = -2x - 2$$

APPLICATIONS

(eg) A doughnut shop has a fixed cost of \$124 per day and variable costs of 0.12 cents per doughnut. $n = \#$ of doughnuts here

First find Total daily cost:

Total Daily Cost of producing ' n ' doughnuts

$C(n) = \text{fixed cost} + \text{variable cost}$

$$C(n) = 124 + 0.12n$$

$$C(n) = 0.12n + 124$$

(Qs) How many doughnuts can be produced for a daily cost of \$250.

$$C(n) = 250, n = ?$$

$$250 = 0.12n + 124$$

$$250 - 124 = 0.12x$$

$$\frac{126}{0.12} = \frac{0.12x}{0.12}$$

$$\therefore x = 1050 \text{ doughnuts}$$

(eg) A charter fishing company buys a new boat for 224 000 and assumes a trade value of 115 200 in 16 yrs.

$$P_1 \begin{matrix} \text{time (t)} & \$ \\ \left(0, 224000 \right) \end{matrix}$$

$$P_2 \begin{matrix} \text{(t)} & \text{(\$)} \\ \left(16, 115200 \right) \end{matrix}$$

(a) Find value $v(t)$ of the boat at any time (t) .

$$m = \frac{115200 - 224000}{16 - 0} = \frac{108800}{16} = -6800$$

$$b = ?$$

$$b = 224000 \text{ (from } P_1 \text{ at } t(0))$$

$$\text{Rule } v(t) = -6800t + 224000$$

(b) What is value of boat in 10 yrs?

$$\begin{aligned} v(10) &= -6800(10) + 224000 \\ &= 156800 \end{aligned}$$

(c) When is the value of the boat 100,000

$$\begin{aligned} 100000 &= -6800t + 224000 \\ 100000 - 224000 &= -6800t \\ -124000 &= -6800t \end{aligned}$$

$$t = \frac{-124000}{-6800} \approx 18.234 \text{ yrs.}$$