

## Linear Assignment #4

Question 1.

$$\text{a) } 3(-1-2i)-(-4)(1+3i)$$

$$=-3-6i+4+12i$$

$$=6i+1$$

$$\text{b) } (-1-2i)(1+3i)$$

$$=-1-3i-2i-6i^2$$

$$=-6i^2-5i-1$$

$$=6-5i-1$$

$$=5-5i$$

$$\text{c) } z \times \frac{1}{w} = z \times \frac{\vec{w}}{|w^2|}$$

$$= (-1-2i) \times \frac{1+3i}{1+3i^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1-3i-2i-6i^2}{10}$$

$$= \frac{5-5i}{10}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$$

d)

Question 2

$$\text{a) } (3-\lambda) \begin{bmatrix} 3-\lambda & -1 \\ -1 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3-\lambda \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$=(3-\lambda) [(3-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - (-1)(-1)] + [(-1)(3-\lambda) - (-1)(-1)] - [(-1)(-1) - (-1)(3-\lambda)]$$

$$=(3-\lambda)(\lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 8) - 2(4-\lambda)$$

$$=3\lambda^2 - 18\lambda + 24 - \lambda^3 + 6\lambda^2 - 8\lambda - 8 + 2\lambda$$

$$= -\lambda^3 + 9\lambda^2 - 24\lambda + 16$$

$$= (1 - \lambda) \frac{-\lambda^2 + 8\lambda - 16}{-\lambda^3 + 9\lambda^2 - 24\lambda + 16}$$

$$= (1 - \lambda)(-\lambda^2 + 8 - 16)$$

$$= (-\lambda^2 + 4\lambda + 4\lambda - 16)$$

$$= (\lambda - 4)^2 (\lambda - 1)$$

Eigen values are: 1, 4 with a multiplicity of 2.

$$\text{b) } [A - 1I | \vec{0}] \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{Reduce} \Rightarrow R_1 \leftrightarrow R_3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2R_1 + R_3, R_1 - R_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 - R_3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad R_2 \times -\frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 + R_1 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad R_1(-1) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = x_3$$

$$x_2 = -x_3 \quad x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} x_3 \text{ any scalar. This is the basis.}$$

$$x_3 = \text{free}$$

$$[A - 4I | \vec{0}] \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1 - R_2, R_1 - R_3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = -x_2 - x_3$$

$$x_2 = \text{free}$$

$$x_3 = \text{free}$$

$$\text{Basis} = x_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, x_3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad x_2, x_3 \text{ any scalar}$$

$$c) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$