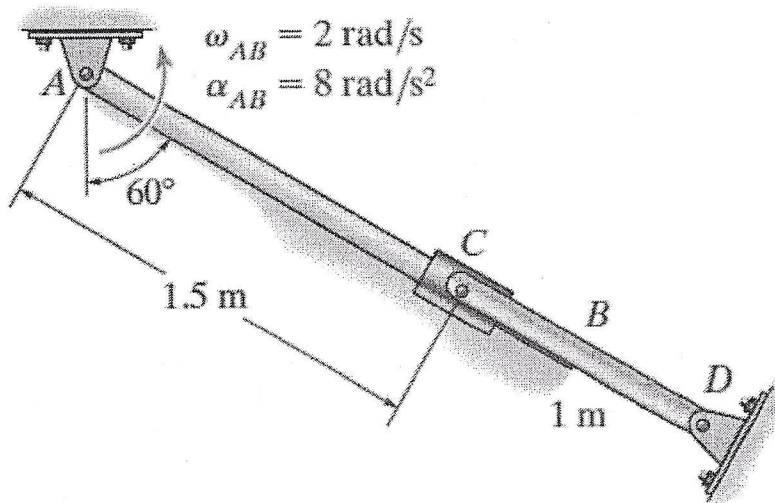


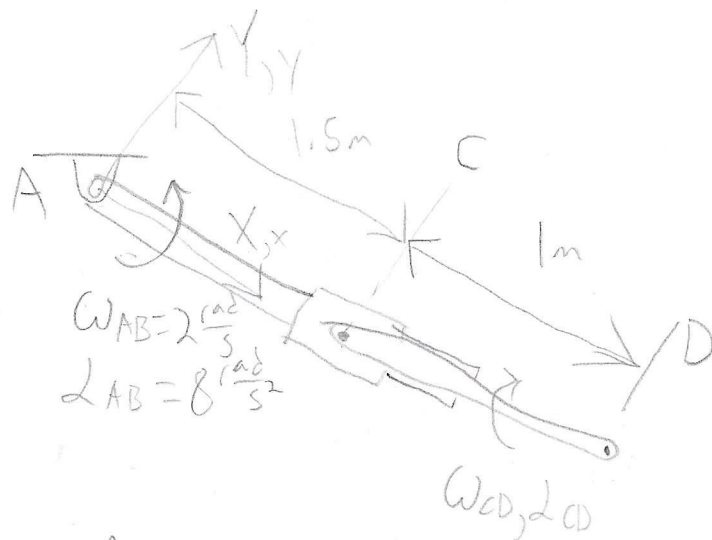
Last Name: _____ First Name: _____ LAB/PA : _____

Important: The LAB session (L1, L2, ...) is required (to get the marked assignment back by your TA

The collar C is pinned to rod CD while it slides on rod AB . If rod AB has an angular velocity of 2 rad/s and an angular acceleration of 8 rad/s^2 , both acting counterclockwise, determine the angular velocity and the angular acceleration of rod CD at the instant shown.



Solution



velocities

$$V_C = \omega_{CD} \times r_{DC} = (-\omega_{CD} \hat{k}) \times (-1 \hat{i}) = \omega_{CD} \hat{j} \quad (1)$$

$$V_C = V_A + \omega_{AC} \times r_{AC} + (V_C/A)_{xyz}$$

$$\omega_{CD} \hat{j} = 0 + (2 \hat{k}) \times (1.5 \hat{i}) + (V_C/A)_{xyz} \hat{i} = -3 \hat{j} + (V_C/A)_{xyz} \hat{i}$$

X and Y:

$$0 = (V_C/A)_{xyz}$$

$$\omega_{CD} = +3 \quad \text{or} \quad 3 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \curvearrowright$$

accelerations

$$a_C = a_D^0 + \alpha_{CD} \times r_{DC} - \omega_{CD}^2 r_{DC} + 2\omega \times v$$

$$= (2 \hat{k}) \times (-1 \hat{i}) - (-3)^2 (-1 \hat{i}) = 2 \hat{j} + 9 \hat{i} \quad (2)$$

$$a_C = a_A^0 + \alpha_{AC} \times r_{AC} - \omega_{AC}^2 r_{AC} + 2\omega_{AC} \times (V_C/A)_{xyz} + (a_C/A)_{xyz} \hat{i}$$

$$9 \hat{i} + 2 \hat{j} = (8 \hat{k}) \times (1.5 \hat{i}) - (2)^2 (1.5 \hat{i}) + 0 + (a_C/A)_{xyz} \hat{i}$$

X and Y:

$$9 = -6 + (a_C/A)_{xyz} \rightarrow (a_C/A)_{xyz} = 3 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\alpha_{CD} = 12 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2} \curvearrowright$$