

Final Exam CIVE 3202 Mechanics of Solids II April 16, 2016 0900-1130	Name	
	Student Number	

### General Instructions

1. Provide your name and student number on each page. Answer all questions on the examination paper provided. Cross out any work that should *not* be graded.
2. The exam is closed notes and will be marked out of 50, which will count towards 50% of your final grade. The question value is provided in the [#] brackets.
3. Only non-programmable calculators are permitted.
4. A formula sheet is provided.

### Question 1 [4 marks]

Answer the following questions in the space provided. Each question is worth 1 marks.

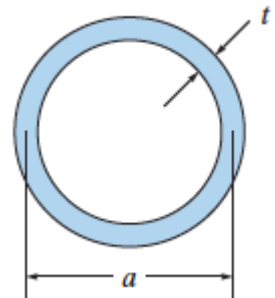
Question	Answer
<p>A composite beam is made of two materials, identify the sentence that best describes the stress distribution in the composite beam?</p> <p>A. The stress distribution magnitude varies across the two materials.            B. The stress distribution has the same magnitude across the two materials.            C. The non-linear stress distribution is due to the varied strain across the two materials.            D. The stress distribution of the transformed beam is <math>\frac{2}{3}</math> of the stress distribution of the original section.            E. There are no stresses induced in a composite beam since the stresses from each material cancel each other out.            F. Sentences A and C</p>	
<p>What is true about the shear flow distribution in thin-walled members?</p> <p>A. <math>q</math> varies parabolically along segments perpendicular to the shear force <math>V</math>.            B. <math>q</math> varies parabolically along segments parallel to the shear force <math>V</math>.            C. <math>q</math> has a constant distribution along all segments of the cross-section.            D. <math>q</math> has a parabolic distribution along the flange and web of the cross-section.            E. <math>q</math> has a linear distribution along the flange and web of the cross-section.</p>	
<p>What does the shear centre of an open thin-walled member represent?</p> <p>A. The location where the shear flow along the cross-section is zero.            B. The location where an applied force <math>P</math> will cause the beam to twist without bending.            C. The shear centre is the location where an applied force <math>P</math> will cause the beam to bend without twisting.            D. A and C</p>	
<p>What best describes the behaviour of solid circular and solid non-circular members under torsion?</p> <p>A. The solid non-circular member is more efficient than an equivalent solid circular member because it is subjected to a smaller maximum shear stress and a smaller angle of twist.            B. Circular and non-circular member will bulge and warp.            C. The maximum shear stress of a non-circular member is always half the maximum shear stress of a solid circular member.            D. The shear strain of a circular member varies linearly along all radial lines while the shear strain of square members varies non-linearly along two radial lines.            E. Regardless of the shape, members with the same cross-sectional area will experience the same shear stresses and angle of twist.</p>	

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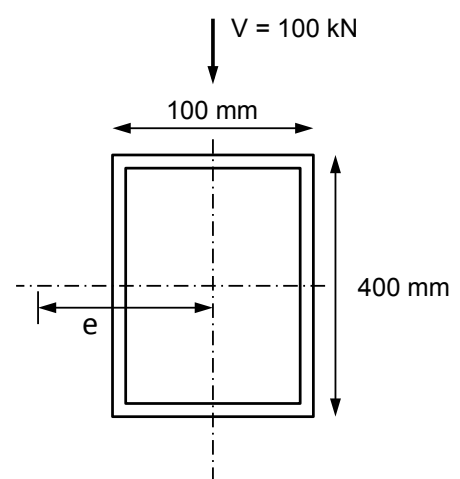
**Question 2 [6 marks]**

Answer the following questions in the space provided. Each question is worth 2 marks.

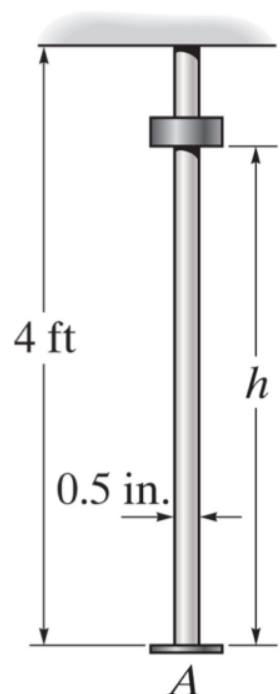
A torque  $T$  is applied to a circular tube as shown. Calculate the shear flow.



Calculate the shear center,  $e$ , for the closed, thin-walled member with a wall thickness of 10 mm and  $I = 167.5 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$ .



The collar has a weight of 50 lbf. The titanium bar ( $E = 16,000 \text{ ksi}$ ,  $\sigma_y = 60 \text{ ksi}$ ) has a diameter of 0.5 inches. Determine the maximum load developed in the bar if the weight is dropped from a height of 1 foot.



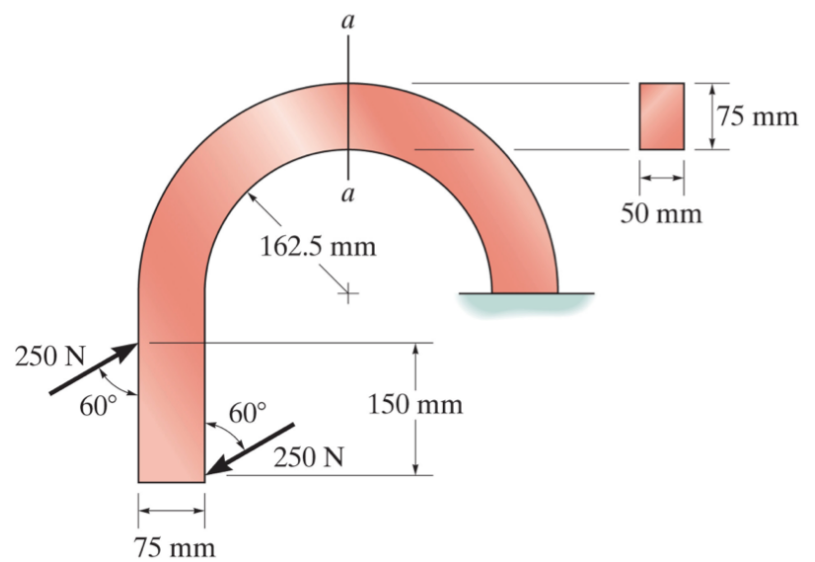
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**Question 3 [5 marks]**

The curved bar used on a machine has a rectangular cross section. If the bar is subjected to a couple as shown,

- determine the maximum tensile [3],
- determine the maximum compressive stress [1],
- sketch the stress distribution [1]

$$\int_A \frac{dA}{r} = b \ln \frac{r_2}{r_1}$$



**NOTE:**

In 2016 the course material covered curved beams.

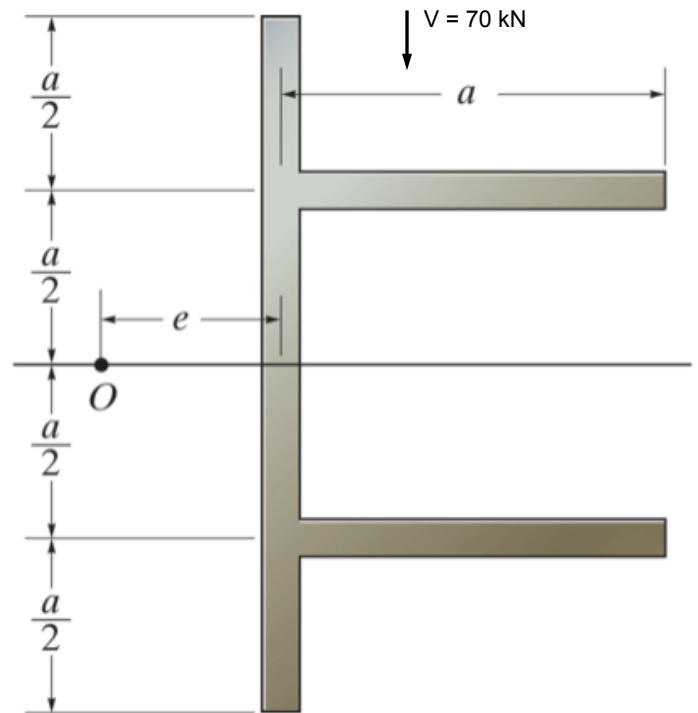
This WILL NOT be assessed in the 2018 CIVE 3202 Final Exam.

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**Question 4 [5 marks]**

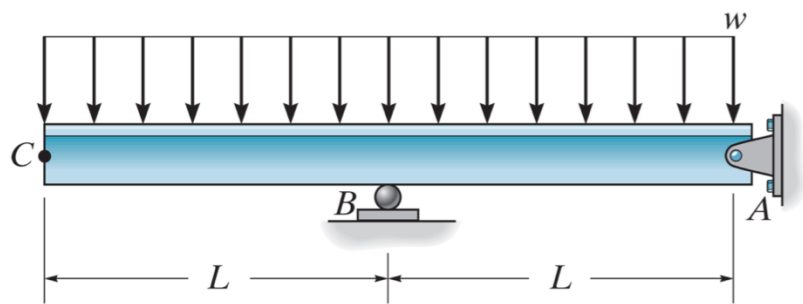
The beam is fabricated from thin plates having a thickness of  $t = 10 \text{ mm}$  and dimension  $a = 140 \text{ mm}$ . Determine the location of the shear center  $O$  with a vertical load  $V = 70 \text{ kN}$ .



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**Question 5 [5 marks]**

For the beam with span length  $L$  and bending stiffness  $EI$ , determine slope at B.



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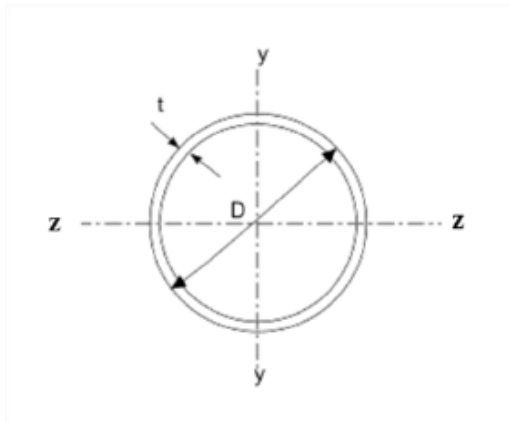
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**Question 6 [25 marks]**

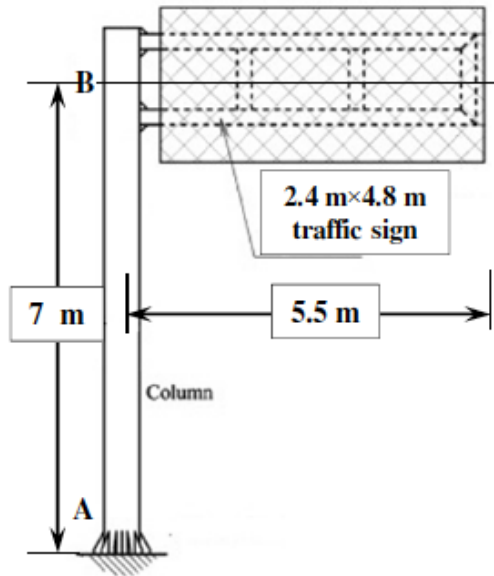
A traffic sign (2.4 m x 4.8 m) is subject to a wind load of 10 kN/m<sup>2</sup>. The column height is 7 m with a circular tube of 450 mm diameter and 25 mm wall thickness. The mild steel yield strength is 250 MPa. From the laboratory experiments, recall for a thin walled cylinder,

$$\tau = \frac{VQ}{It} = \frac{VR^2t(1-\cos\theta)}{\pi R^3t^2} = \frac{V(1-\cos\theta)}{\pi R t}$$

For the applied loads and combined stress response, determine if the column fails in yield with respect to one applicable failure theory.



Column Cross Section  
(D=450 mm, t=25 mm)



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