

Winter 2009 Final

1.C 

2.A 

3.C 

4.A 

5.B

6.D

7.C 

8.B 

9.B


10.A 

11.

we have $r(B)$, we need to calculate Tax shield (TcB).

we have r_s , we need cost of capital (r_0) and we also need to know the tax.

13.a). the total market value 4000/1000 shares, so the price of stock today is \$4.

b). same as the 2008 final exam, $\$4 - \$1 = \$3$. 

c) i). $\$2.5 * 500 = 1250$

$$4000 - 1250 = 2750$$

ii) $1.5 * 500 = 750$

$$4000 - 750 = 3250$$

iii) $2750 / 500 = 5.5$

$$3250 / 500 = 6.5$$

14. Liquidating value $\$15 \text{ billion} - \$5.5 \text{ billion} = 9.5 \text{ billion}$


9.5 billion - administrative cost 0.5 billion = 9 billion

$$9 \text{ billion} * (12 / (12 + 15)) = \$4 \text{ billion}$$

$$9 \text{ billion} * (15 / (12 + 15)) = \$5 \text{ billion}$$

15. $EBIT(1 - 0.34) / 0.16 = 5000000$, so the EBIT is $\$1212121.212$

$$APV = NPV + NPVF$$

I DO NOT KNOW  whether I need to use this formula to get NPVF



16.

If no test, $50\% * 100000 = \$50000$ (success), $50\% * (-50000) = -25000$ (unsuccessful). Total NPV = $50000 - 25000 = \$25000$

small test, $80\% * 100000 = \$80000$ (success), $20\% * (-50000) = -10000$ (unsuccess), Total NPV = $80000 - 10000 = \$70000$.

$20\% * 100000 = \$20000$ (success), $80\% * (-50000) = -40000$ (unsuccess), Total NPV = $20000 - 40000 = -\$20000$

So, $50\% * 70000 + 50\% * 0 = \35000 , and we discount back

$35000 / 1.1 = 31818.182$

$31818.182 - 10000 = \$21818.182$

Large test, $95\% * \$100,000$ (success) - $5\% * \$50,000$ (unsuccess) = $\$92,500$

$5\% * \$100,000$ (success) - $95\% * \$50,000$ (unsuccess) = $-\$42,500$.

$50\% * 92,500 + 50\% * 0 = \$46,250$

$-50,000 + 46,250 / (1.10^2) = -\11776.86