
Ryerson University
Department of Computer Science
CPS213 – Computer Organization I
Fall 2015
Midterm

November 06, 6:15PM - Duration: 70 minutes
No Aids Allowed.

Version: 1

Family Name: _____ Given Name: _____

Student #: _____

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Read the instructions on this sheet carefully.
- Fill in your name, student ID, and the exam Version (1) on your scantron.
- **Mark the correct answer on your scantron ONLY.**
- There is only one correct answer for each multiple choice question.
- There is a **penalty of 0.25 mark** for each wrong answer.
- This is a closed book exam. Use of calculator or any other electronic device is not allowed.
- All bags must be placed at the front or back of the room.

Signature: _____

Part A: Short answer questions.

[1 Mark] 1. Convert the following decimal numbers into signed integer 32-bit representation (2's complement for negative numbers).

-66

- A. 1000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0011 1100
- B. 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 0010
- C. 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1111 1011 1110
- D. 1000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0011 1011
- E. none of these

[1 Mark] 2. Convert the following decimal numbers into signed integer 32-bit representation (2's complement for negative numbers).

81

- A. 1000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0101 1001
- B. 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0100 1000
- C. 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0101 0011
- D. 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0101 0001
- E. none of these

[1 Mark] 3. Convert the following binary number (unsigned 32-bit integers) into decimal.

0000 0000 0010 0000 0000 0001 0001 1001

- A. 281
- B. 142
- C. 35
- D. 71
- E. None of these

[1 mark] 4. Convert the decimal number 172 to hexadecimal:

- A. A0
- B. 67
- C. AC
- D. A7
- E. None of the above

[1 mark] 5. In a 2-input AND gate, only one of the inputs is 1:

- A. Cannot say anything about the output
- B. The output is the same as the second input
- C. The output is the same as the complement of the second input
- D. The output is 1
- E. None of the above

[1 mark] 6. In a 2-input XOR gate:

- A. Only two outputs are 1
- B. Only two outputs are 0
- C. XOR is an odd function.
- D. All of the above.
- E. None of the above.

[1 mark] 7. The Boolean function $f = a + b + c.a$ can be written as:

- A. $f = a.(1 + w')$
- B. $f = 1$
- C. $f = a + b$
- D. $f = a.(1 . c) + b$
- E. None of the above

[1 mark] 8. Which one of the following is incorrect?

- A. $x + 0 = x$
- B. $x.1 = x$
- C. $x(x + y) = x$
- D. $(x + y)' = x' . y'$
- E. None of the above

[1 mark] 9. Order of precedence in Boolean Algebra is:

- A. NOT, (), AND, OR
- B. (), NOT, OR, AND
- C. (), NOT, AND, OR
- D. NOT, (), OR, AND
- E. None of the above

[1 marks] 10. The Boolean function $(x + y)(x + y')$ is equal to:

- A. $xx + xy' + xy + yy' + 0$
- B. $x + y$
- C. $x + y'$
- D. x'
- E. None of the above

[1 mark] 11. Which one of the all the followings is incorrect about minterms and Maxterms?

- A. Are the same thing.
- B. One is the complement of the other.
- C. n literals have 2^n minterms or Maxterm.
- D. minterms are standard product.
- E. None of the above

[1 mark] 12. Which one of the followings is incorrect?

- A. Can build a 3-input AND gate out of two 2-input AND gates.
- B. Can build a 3-input OR gate out of two 2-input OR gates.
- C. Cannot build a 3-input NAND gate out of two 2-input NAND gates.
- D. Cannot build a 3-input NOR gate out of two 2-input NOR gates.
- E. None of the above

[1 marks] 13. In an 8-varibale K-map, two cells are identified as 1011 0010 and 1011 1010. Are these two cells adjacent?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Need to see the expression
- D. Need to have the truth table
- E. None of the above

[1 mark] 14. In an n-variable K-map, a grouping of 8 cells will always reduce the number of variables by:

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. None of the above

Part B: In this part, questions 15 to 19 are based on the following functions given below:

$$F(x, y, z, w) = \prod (3, 7, 12, 13, 14)$$

$$d(x, y, z, w) = \Sigma (4, 5, 10, 11, 15)$$

[2 marks] 15. To produce the product-of-the-sum (POS) for the above function, the don't cares given below must be treated as zeros:

- A. 4, 11, 15
- B. 4, 11
- C. 11, 15
- D. 4, 15
- E. None of the above

[2 marks] 16. The POS for this function is:

- A. $F(x, y, z, w) = (z' + w') (x' + y')$
- B. $F(x, y, z, w) = (z + w) (x + y)$
- C. $F(x, y, z, w) = (z' + w') (y' + z' + w) (x' + y')$
- D. $F(x, y, z, w) = (x' + y' + z) (y' + z' + w)$
- E. None of the above

[2 marks] 17. Knowing that $d(x, y, z, w) = \Sigma (4, 5, 10, 11, 15)$, the given function, $F(x, y, z, w)$, can be shown:

- A. $\Sigma (1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15)$
- B. $\Sigma (0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 14, 15)$
- C. $\Sigma (1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9)$
- D. $\Sigma (0, 1, 2, 6, 8, 9)$
- E. None of the above

[3 marks] 18. To produce the sum-of-the-product (SOP) for this function, the following don't cares must be treated as ones:

- A. 4, 5, 10, 11
- B. 4, 5
- C. 4
- D. 10, 11
- E. None of the above

[2 marks] 19. The SOP for this function is:

- A. $F(x, y, z, w) = y' w' + x' y' z' + x y' z'$
- B. $F(x, y, z, w) = y' z' + z w'$
- C. $F(x, y, z, w) = y' w' + x' z' + x y' z'$
- D. $F(x, y, z, w) = x' w' + y' z'$
- E. None of the above

Part C: In this part, questions 20 to 23 are based on the following function Boolean function:

$$F(x, y, z) = x' y + x z + x' y z'$$

[2 marks] 20. This function can be expressed in terms of its minterms as:

- A. $F(x, y, z) = \Sigma (1, 2, 3, 5)$
- B. $F(x, y, z) = \Sigma (2, 3, 5, 7)$
- C. $F(x, y, z) = \Sigma (2, 3, 6, 7)$
- D. $F(x, y, z) = \Sigma (2, 3, 4, 6)$
- E. None of the above

[2 marks] 21. This function can be expressed in terms of its maxterms as:

- A. $F(x, y, z) = \Pi (0, 4, 6, 7)$
- B. $F(x, y, z) = \Pi (0, 1, 4, 6)$
- C. $F(x, y, z) = \Pi (0, 1, 4, 5)$
- D. $F(x, y, z) = \Pi (0, 1, 5, 7)$
- E. None of the above

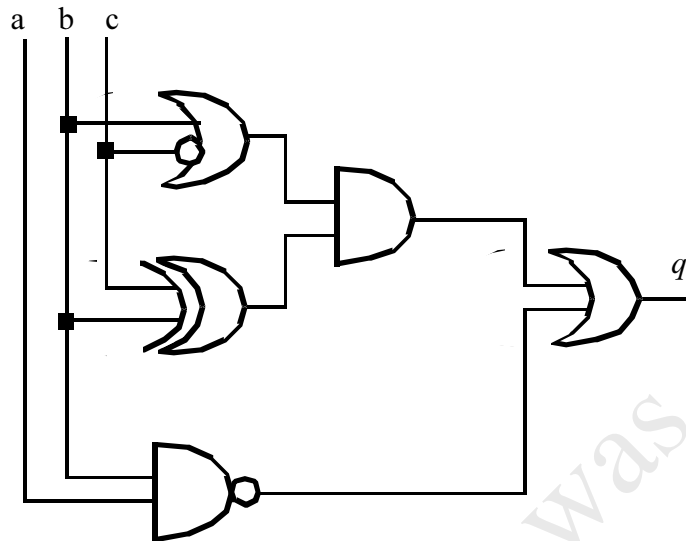
[4 marks] 22. Implement this function using a 4-to-1 MUX where the selection lines are x and y respectively. The MUX inputs (I_0 - I_3) are:

- A. 0, 1, z, z
- B. 0, 1, z, z'
- C. 0, 1, 0, 1
- D. x', z, z, 1
- E. None of the above

[2 marks] 23. Design this function using a 3 (I_0, I_1, I_2) to 8 ($F_0, F_1, F_2, F_3, F_4, F_5, F_6, F_7$) decoder and external gates.

- A. AND (F_1, F_5), AND (F_3, F_5), then OR their results with F_2
- B. OR (F_2, F_3), AND (F_4, F_6), then AND their results with F_1
- C. AND (F_2, F_3, F_5, F_7)
- D. OR (F_2, F_3, F_5, F_7)
- E. None of the above

Part D: In this part, questions 24 to 30 are based on the following logic diagram.



[2 marks] 24. The output q can be expressed as:

- A. $q = (a.b)' + (b'.c + b.c')$
- B. $q = (a.b) + (b'.c' + b.c)$
- C. $q = (a.b)' + (b'.c + b.c')(b' + c')$
- D. $q = (a+b)' + (b'.c + b.c')(b + c')$
- E. None of the above

[3 marks] 25. Which one of the followings represent an alternative implementation of the above logic diagram.

Note: Complement of the literals are not available, i.e. x' .

- A. One NOR gate
- B. Three 2-input NAND gates
- C. Two 2-input NAND gates
- D. One 3-input NAND gate
- E. None of the above

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