

ITI1100B&C

Professor: Qi Hao

Assignment # 6

Submission Deadline April 5th, 2017 midnight (11h59 PM), BlackBoard Learn

From the textbook Chapter five pages from pages 291 to 295, solve the following problems:

6.11, 6.13, 6.19, 6.27

6.11 (a) A count down counter.

2 points

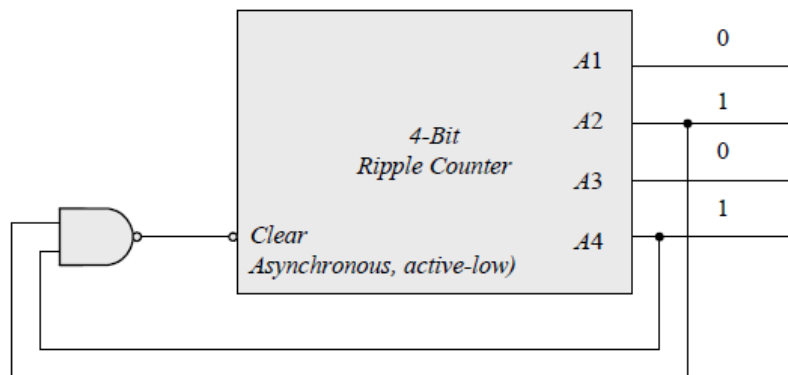
Total
4 points

(b) A count up counter.

2 points

6.13

Total
4 points



6.19 (a)

Total 20 points

Present state	Next state	Flip-flop inputs			
		$J_{A8} K_{A8}$	$J_{A4} K_{A4}$	$J_{A2} K_{A2}$	$J_{A1} K_{A1}$
0000	0001	0 x	0 x	0 x	1 x
0001	0010	0 x	0 x	1 x	x 1
0010	0011	0 x	0 x	x 0	1 x
0011	0100	0 x	1 x	x 1	x 1
0100	0101	0 x	x 0	0 x	1 x
0101	0110	0 x	x 0	1 x	x 1
0110	0111	0 x	x 0	x 0	1 x
0111	1000	1 x	x 1	x 1	x 1
1000	1001	x 0	0 x	0 x	1 x
1001	0000	x 1	0 x	0 x	x 1

3 points

$$d(A_8, A_4, A_2, A_1) = \Sigma(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$$

Flip Flop A₈

$J_{A8} = A_4 A_2 A_1$

$A_8 A_4 \backslash A_2 A_1$	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7 1	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15} x	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11} x	m_{10}

$K_{A8} = A_1$

$A_8 A_4 \backslash A_2 A_1$	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3	m_2
01	x	x	x	x
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

2 points

Flip Flop A₄

$J_{A4} = A_2 A_1$

$A_8 A_4 \backslash A_2 A_1$	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3 1	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

$K_{A4} = A_2 A_1$

$Q_3 Q_2 \backslash Q_1 Q_0$	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3 x	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

2 points

Flip Flop A₂

$J_{A2} = A_8' A_1$

$A_8 A_4 \backslash A_2 A_1$	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1 1	m_3 x	m_2
01	m_4	m_5 1	m_7 x	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

$K_{A2} = A_1$

$A_8 A_4 \backslash A_2 A_1$	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3 1	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7 1	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

2 points

Flip Flop A₁

2 points
Not necessary to show K-maps

$J_{A_1} = 1$	
A_2A_1	A_8A_4
00	00
01	01
11	11
10	10

$K_{A_1} = 1$	
Q_3Q_2	Q_1Q_0
00	00
01	01
11	11
10	10

(b)
State Table: Don't care states are $d = \sum(10,11,12,13,14,15)$ (not shown in the state table)

State Table								D FF Inputs			
Current State				Next State				D FF Inputs			
Q ₃	Q ₂	Q ₁	Q ₀	Q ₃	Q ₂	Q ₁	Q ₀	D ₃	D ₂	D ₁	D ₀
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

3 points

Flip Flop D₃ = $Q_3Q_0' + Q_2Q_1Q_0$

Flip Flop D₂ = $Q_2Q_1' + Q_2Q_0' + Q_2'Q_1Q_0$

2 points

Q_3Q_2	Q_1Q_0			
	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

Q_3Q_2	Q_1Q_0			
	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

Flip Flop D₁ = $Q_3'Q_1'Q_0 + Q_3'Q_1Q_0'$

Flip Flop D₀ = Q_0'

2 points

Q_3Q_2	Q_1Q_0			
	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

Q_3Q_2	Q_1Q_0			
	00	01	11	10
00	m_0	m_1	m_3	m_2
01	m_4	m_5	m_7	m_6
11	m_{12}	m_{13}	m_{15}	m_{14}
10	m_8	m_9	m_{11}	m_{10}

The set of FF input equations that represent the design of each solution is:

T FF (from book)

$$T_{Q1} = 1$$

$$T_{Q2} = Q_8'Q_1$$

$$T_{Q4} = Q_2Q_1$$

$$T_{Q8} = Q_8Q_1 + Q_4Q_2Q_1$$

$$y = Q_8Q_1$$

JK FF

$$J_{A8} = A_4A_2A_1$$

$$K_{A8} = A_1$$

$$J_{A4} = A_2A_1$$

$$K_{A4} = A_2A_1$$

$$J_{A1} = 1$$

$$K_{A1} = 1$$

D FF

$$D_3 = Q_3Q_0' + Q_2Q_1Q_0$$

$$D_2 = Q_2Q_1' + Q_2Q_0' + Q_2'Q_1Q_0$$

$$D_1 = Q_3'Q_1'Q_0 + Q_3'Q_1Q_0'$$

$$D_0 = Q_0'$$

Define efficiency as the number of gates used in the combinational circuits.

- Thus the T-FF design requires 6 gates (5 AND gates and 1 OR gate),
- The JK-FF design requires 4 AND gates, and
- The D-FF design requires 10 gates (7 AND gates and 3 OR gates).

2 points for comparison of designs

Base on the above criteria, the JK FF design is the most efficient. Note also that the JK-FF design is a single level implementation (no ORing of signals) while the other two designs required 2 levels of gates. This also supports that JK-FF solution as the more efficient solution.

6.27 (a)

Total 12 points

Present State ABC	Next State ABC	JK FF Inputs					
		J_A	K_A	J_B	K_B	J_C	K_C
000	001	0	x	0	x	1	x
001	010	0	x	1	x	x	1
010	011	0	x	x	0	1	x
011	100	1	x	x	1	x	1
100	101	x	0	0	x	1	x
101	110	x	0	1	x	x	1
110	000	x	1	x	1	0	x
111	x x x	x	x	x	x	x	x

2 points

FF A

$J_A = BC$

2 points

$K_A = B$

A \ BC	00	01	11	10
0	m_0	m_1	m_3 1	m_2
1	m_4	m_5	m_7 x	m_6

A \ BC	00	01	11	10
0	m_0	m_1	m_3 x	m_2 x
1	m_4	m_5	m_7 x	m_6 1

FF B

$J_B = C$

2 points

$K_B = A + C$

A \ BC	00	01	11	10
0	m_0	m_1 1	m_3 x	m_2 x
1	m_4	m_5 1	m_7 x	m_6 x

A \ BC	00	01	11	10
0	m_0	m_1 x	m_3 1	m_2
1	m_4 x	m_5 x	m_7 x	m_6 1

FF C

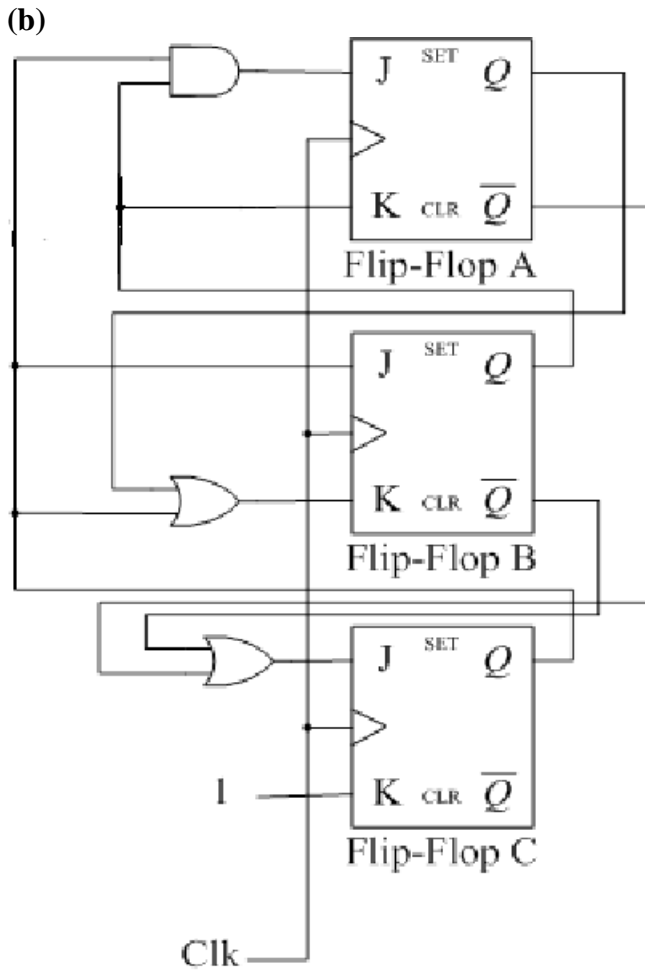
$J_C = A' + B'$

2 points

$K_C = 1$

A \ BC	00	01	11	10
0	m_0 1	m_1 x	m_3 x	m_2 1
1	m_4 1	m_5 x	m_7 x	m_6

A \ BC	00	01	11	10
0	m_0 x	m_1 1	m_3 1	m_2 x
1	m_4 x	m_5 1	m_7 x	m_6 x



4 points