Linux File Permissions

Due date

- End of the day of Week 6 (Oct.10 to Oct.14) lab class

Evaluation

- 3% of final grade.

Submission

Submit completed lab using **Turnitin Assignment** (make sure you choose the right **section number**) on BlackBoard before due date.

Materials

1) Student laptop computer
2) Ubuntu 14.04.5 installed in VMWare Workstation

Procedure

Exercise #1: Testing permissions

While logged in as a regular user, use the following command to create a directory named **top** in user's home directory:

- **`mkdir -p /home/`*`user`*`/lab4/top`**
  (replace "user" with your actual username)

Following the instructions below to complete **Table #1.**

a) Change the permission of the **top** directory using the **chmod** command. The exact command is given in the second column of the table.

b) Execute the commands listed in the first row (starting with the third column) for that permission level. For each command line document whether the command line executes successfully or not: Use **PD** for Permission Denied, **OK** for success, **NF** for "No such file or directory"

The commands are:

- `ls -l top`
- `mkdir top/sub`
- `rmdir top/sub`
- `cd top`
- **cd .. (execute this ONLY if your current directory is top!)**

c) Follow the above procedure for each row of the table (row 1 to 8).

Note: Before you run each **chmod** command in the table below, make sure your current directory is **~/lab4**.

Table #1: ***Testing directory permissions***

Row #	Command line to modify permissions	ls -l top	mkdir top/sub	rmdir top/sub	cd top
1	chmod u+r-w+x top	OK	PD	NF	OK
2	chmod u-r+wx top	PD	OK	OK	OK
3	chmod u+rw-x top	OK	PD	PD	PD
4	chmod u-rw+x top	PD	PD	NF	OK
5	chmod u-r+w-x top	PD	PD	PD	PD
6	chmod u+r-wx top	OK	PD	PD	PD
7	chmod u-rwx top	PD	PD	PD	PD
8	chmod u+rwx top	OK	OK	OK	OK

Default permissions

Exercise #2: Viewing a user's default permissions

Login as a regular **user**.

1) Type **umask** and record the output of the command: _____**0002**_____

   - Based on the **umask**, what are the default permissions for directories and files in octal mode, based on your **umask**:
     directory: __**775**_____ file: ____**664**_____

2) Verify it by creating a new file with the **touch** command.

   - Record the default permissions set on the file in symbolic mode:

     _____**rw-rw-r--**_____

   - What is the default permissions set on the file in octal mode:

     _____**664**_____

3) Verify it by creating a new directory with the **mkdir** command.

   - Record the default permissions set on the directory in symbolic mode:

     ____**rwxrwxr-x**_____

   - What is the default permissions set on the directory in octal mode:

     ____**775**_____

Exercise #3: Changing default permissions

1) Set the umask to 044, record the command you use __**umask 044**_____

2) Type **umask** and record the output of the command: ___**044**_____

   - Based on the umask, what are the default permissions for directories and files in octal mode, based on your umask:
     directory: __**733**_____ file: __**622**_____

3) Verify it by creating a new file.

   - Record the default permissions set on the file in symbolic mode:

     ___**rw--w--w-**_____

- What is the default permissions set on the file in octal mode:

  ___**622**_____

4) Verify it by creating a new directory.

   - Record the default permissions set on the directory in symbolic mode:

     ___**rwx-wx-wx**_____

   - What is the default permissions set on the directory in octal mode:

     ___**733**_____

Ownership

Exercise #4: Creating new users

Create the two user accounts with the following commands:

3) **su – root**
4) **useradd -d /home/user1 user1 -m**
5) **useradd -d /home/user2 user2 -m**
6) **passwd user1**
   - type in a password when prompted. If you do not type the username after the passwd command, you are changing the root password!
7) **passwd user2**

Exercise #5: Creating shared directory

1) **mkdir /shared**

   - Who is the owner of the **/shared** directory? ___**root**_____
   - What is the group name of the **/shared** directory? ___**root**_____

2) Give full access permissions to **/shared** for everybody

   - Record the command you use: _____**chmod 777 /shared**_____

Exercise #6: Making changes from user1

1) **`su – user1`**
2) Has the prompt changed to *"$"?*____***yes***_____
3) **`cd /shared`**
4) **`cat > plan`**

   Hint: Input "this is a test" at the blinking cursor. Press **ctrl+d** *when you are done.*
5) Who is the owner of that file? _____**user1**_____
6) What is the group name of that file? ___**user1**_____
7) **`chmod o-rwx /shared/plan`**

   - Make sure that others have no access permissions. Verify with **`ls -l`** that you achieved the desired result.

Exercise #7: Making changes from user2

- Login as **user2** and try to modify the file using the following commands:

  `su – user2`

  `cat >> /shared/plan`

2) Record the message: _____**Permissin dennied**_____

   Why? _____ **Others have no access permissions to the file**_____

Exercise #8: Changing file ownership

1) Login as root and change the ownership of **plan** to **user2** using the following commands:

   `su - root`

   `chown user2.user2 /shared/plan`
2) Verify that **user2** is the owner of plan with command: **`ls –l /shared/plan`**
3) Login as **user2** and try to modify the **/shared/plan**. Can you do it? __**Yes**_____
4) Login as **user1** and try to modify the **/shared/plan**. Can you do it? __**No**____

5) While you are logged in as **user2,** try to delete the file. Can you do it (eventually)?

___**Yes**_____

Exercise #9: Minimum Permissions

Circle the minimum permissions required to successfully complete the actions listed below. (*hint: use lecture note #3 as reference*)

To copy a file the user requires

- for the source directory: R W X
- for the target directory: R W X
- for the file: R W X

- To move a file the user requires
  - for the source directory: R W X
  - for the target directory: R W X
  - for the file: R W X

- To delete a file the user requires
  - for the directory: R W X
  - for the file: R W X