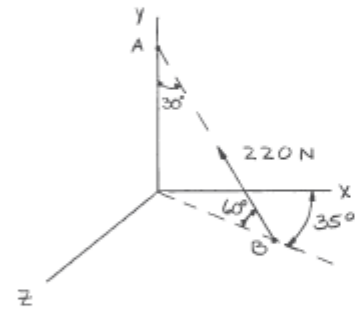


PROBLEM 2.75

The angle between the spring AB and the post DA is 30° . Knowing that the tension in the spring is 220 N , determine (a) the x , y , and z components of the force exerted by this spring on the plate, (b) the angles θ_x , θ_y , and θ_z that the force forms with the coordinate axes.

SOLUTION

(a)



(b)

$$F_x = -(220\text{ N})\cos 60^\circ \cos 35^\circ$$

$$= -90.107\text{ N}$$

$$F_x = -90.1\text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_y = (220\text{ N})\sin 60^\circ$$

$$= 190.526\text{ N}$$

$$F_y = 190.5\text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_z = -(220\text{ N})\cos 60^\circ \sin 35^\circ$$

$$= -63.093\text{ N}$$

$$F_z = -63.1\text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\cos \theta_x = \frac{-90.107\text{ N}}{220\text{ N}}$$

$$\theta_x = 114.2^\circ \blacktriangleleft$$

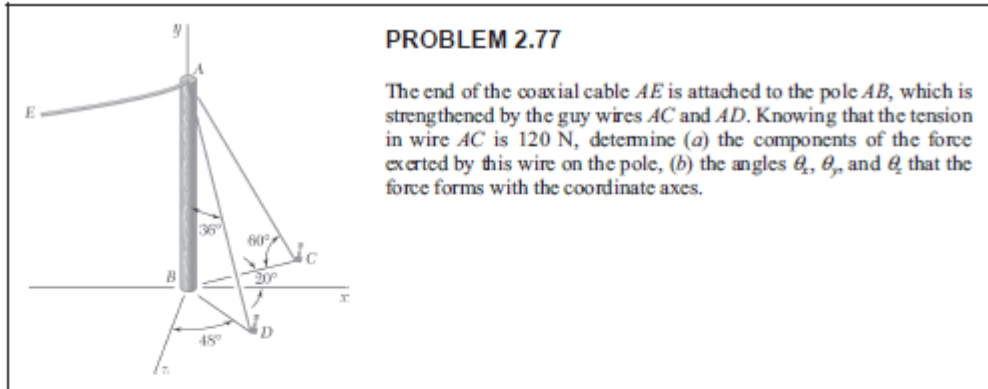
$$\cos \theta_y = \frac{190.526\text{ N}}{220\text{ N}}$$

$$\theta_y = 30.0^\circ \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\cos \theta_z = \frac{-63.093\text{ N}}{220\text{ N}}$$

$$\theta_z = 106.7^\circ \blacktriangleleft$$

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PROBLEM 2.77

The end of the coaxial cable AE is attached to the pole AB , which is strengthened by the guy wires AC and AD . Knowing that the tension in wire AC is 120 N, determine (a) the components of the force exerted by this wire on the pole, (b) the angles θ_x , θ_y , and θ_z that the force forms with the coordinate axes.

SOLUTION

(a)

$$F_x = (120 \text{ N}) \cos 60^\circ \cos 20^\circ$$

$$F_x = 56.382 \text{ N} \qquad F_x = +56.4 \text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_y = -(120 \text{ N}) \sin 60^\circ$$

$$F_y = -103.923 \text{ N} \qquad F_y = -103.9 \text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$F_z = -(120 \text{ N}) \cos 60^\circ \sin 20^\circ$$

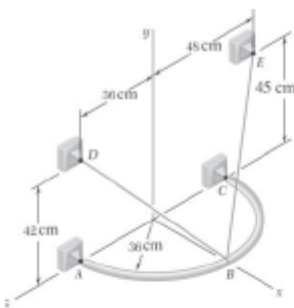
$$F_z = -20.521 \text{ N} \qquad F_z = -20.5 \text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

(b)

$$\cos \theta_x = \frac{F_x}{F} = \frac{56.382 \text{ N}}{120 \text{ N}} \qquad \theta_x = 62.0^\circ \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\cos \theta_y = \frac{F_y}{F} = \frac{-103.923 \text{ N}}{120 \text{ N}} \qquad \theta_y = 150.0^\circ \blacktriangleleft$$

$$\cos \theta_z = \frac{F_z}{F} = \frac{-20.52 \text{ N}}{120 \text{ N}} \qquad \theta_z = 99.8^\circ \blacktriangleleft$$



PROBLEM 2.86

A steel rod is bent into a semicircular ring of radius 36 cm and is supported in part by cables BD and BE which are attached to the ring at B . Knowing that the tension in cable BE is 60 N, determine the components of the force exerted by the cable on the support at E .

SOLUTION

$$\overline{EB} = (36 \text{ cm})\mathbf{i} - (45 \text{ cm})\mathbf{j} + (48 \text{ cm})\mathbf{k}$$

$$EB = \sqrt{(36 \text{ cm})^2 + (-45 \text{ cm})^2 + (48 \text{ cm})^2} = 75 \text{ cm}$$

$$\mathbf{T}_{EB} = T_{EB}\lambda_{EB} = T_{EB} \frac{\overline{EB}}{EB}$$

$$\mathbf{T}_{EB} = \frac{60 \text{ N}}{75 \text{ cm}} [(36 \text{ cm})\mathbf{i} - (45 \text{ cm})\mathbf{j} + (48 \text{ cm})\mathbf{k}]$$

$$= (28.8 \text{ N})\mathbf{i} - (36 \text{ N})\mathbf{j} + (38.4 \text{ N})\mathbf{k}$$

$$\therefore (T_{EB})_x = 28.8 \text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$(T_{EB})_y = -36.0 \text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

$$(T_{EB})_z = 38.4 \text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$$

PROBLEM 2.89

A frame ABC is supported in part by cable DBE that passes through a frictionless ring at B . Knowing that the tension in the cable is 385 N, determine the components of the force exerted by the cable on the support at D .

SOLUTION

$$\overline{DB} = (480 \text{ mm})\mathbf{i} - (510 \text{ mm})\mathbf{j} + (320 \text{ mm})\mathbf{k}$$

$$DB = \sqrt{(480 \text{ mm})^2 + (510 \text{ mm})^2 + (320 \text{ mm})^2}$$

$$= 770 \text{ mm}$$

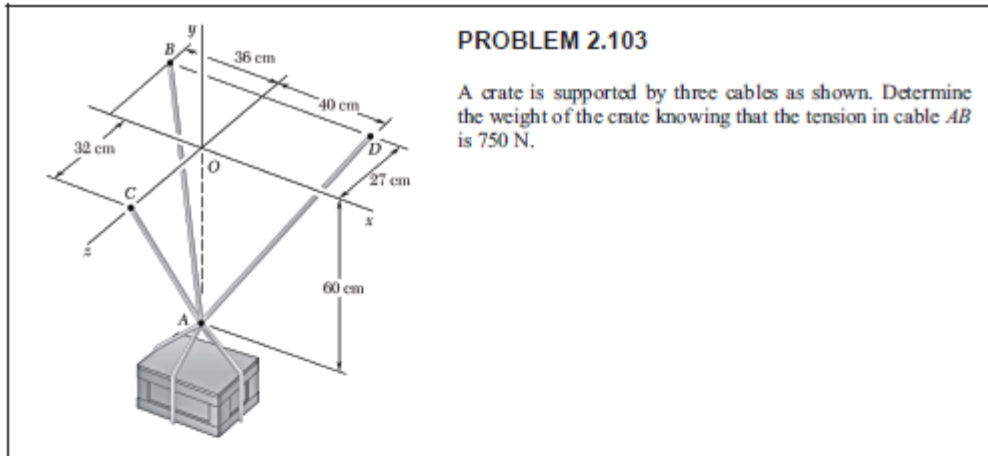
$$\mathbf{F} = F \lambda_{DB}$$

$$= F \frac{\overline{DB}}{DB}$$

$$= \frac{385 \text{ N}}{770 \text{ mm}} [(480 \text{ mm})\mathbf{i} - (510 \text{ mm})\mathbf{j} + (320 \text{ mm})\mathbf{k}]$$

$$= (240 \text{ N})\mathbf{i} - (255 \text{ N})\mathbf{j} + (160 \text{ N})\mathbf{k}$$

$F_x = +240 \text{ N}, F_y = -255 \text{ N}, F_z = +160.0 \text{ N} \blacktriangleleft$



SOLUTION

The forces applied at A are:

$$\mathbf{T}_{AB}, \mathbf{T}_{AC}, \mathbf{T}_{AD} \text{ and } \mathbf{W}$$

where $\mathbf{W} = W\mathbf{j}$. To express the other forces in terms of the unit vectors $\mathbf{i}, \mathbf{j}, \mathbf{k}$, we write

$$\overline{AB} = -(36 \text{ cm})\mathbf{i} + (60 \text{ cm})\mathbf{j} - (27 \text{ cm})\mathbf{k}$$

$$AB = 75 \text{ cm}$$

$$\overline{AC} = (60 \text{ cm})\mathbf{j} + (32 \text{ cm})\mathbf{k}$$

$$AC = 68 \text{ cm}$$

$$\overline{AD} = (40 \text{ cm})\mathbf{i} + (60 \text{ cm})\mathbf{j} - (27 \text{ cm})\mathbf{k}$$

$$AD = 77 \text{ cm}$$

and

$$\mathbf{T}_{AB} = T_{AB} \lambda_{AB} = T_{AB} \frac{\overline{AB}}{AB}$$

$$= (-0.48\mathbf{i} + 0.8\mathbf{j} - 0.36\mathbf{k})T_{AB}$$

$$\mathbf{T}_{AC} = T_{AC} \lambda_{AC} = T_{AC} \frac{\overline{AC}}{AC}$$

$$= (0.88235\mathbf{j} + 0.47059\mathbf{k})T_{AC}$$

$$\mathbf{T}_{AD} = T_{AD} \lambda_{AD} = T_{AD} \frac{\overline{AD}}{AD}$$

$$= (0.51948\mathbf{i} + 0.77922\mathbf{j} - 0.35065\mathbf{k})T_{AD}$$

Equilibrium Condition with $\mathbf{W} = -W\mathbf{j}$

$$\Sigma F = 0: \mathbf{T}_{AB} + \mathbf{T}_{AC} + \mathbf{T}_{AD} - W\mathbf{j} = 0$$

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PROBLEM 2.103 (Continued)

Substituting the expressions obtained for T_{AB} , T_{AC} , and T_{AD} and factoring i , j , and k :

$$(-0.48T_{AB} + 0.51948T_{AD})\mathbf{i} + (0.8T_{AB} + 0.88235T_{AC} + 0.77922T_{AD} - W)\mathbf{j} \\ + (-0.36T_{AB} + 0.47059T_{AC} - 0.35065T_{AD})\mathbf{k} = 0$$

Equating to zero the coefficients of i , j , k :

$$-0.48T_{AB} + 0.51948T_{AD} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$0.8T_{AB} + 0.88235T_{AC} + 0.77922T_{AD} - W = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$-0.36T_{AB} + 0.47059T_{AC} - 0.35065T_{AD} = 0 \quad (3)$$

Substituting $T_{AB} = 750 \text{ N}$ in Equations (1), (2), and (3) and solving the resulting set of equations, using conventional algorithms for solving linear algebraic equations, gives:

$$T_{AC} = 1090.1 \text{ N}$$

$$T_{AD} = 693 \text{ N}$$

$$W = 2102 \text{ N} \quad \blacktriangleleft$$