

Calc assignment #5

$$1. \int_3^4 \frac{-3x^2 + 4x + 4}{x} dx$$

$$= \int_3^4 \frac{-3x^2}{x} dx + \int_3^4 \frac{4x}{x} dx + \int_3^4 \frac{4}{x} dx$$

$$= -3 \int_3^4 x dx + 4 \int_3^4 1 dx + 4 \int_3^4 \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= \left. -3\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\right) + 4x + 4 \ln|x| \right|_3^4$$

$$= -3\left(\frac{4^2}{2}\right) + 4(4) + 4 \ln|4| - \left(-3\left(\frac{3^2}{2}\right) + 4(3) + 4 \ln|3|\right)$$

$$= -24 + 16 + 5.545 + 13.5 - 12 - 4.3944$$

$$= -6.5 + 4 \ln|4| - 4 \ln|3|$$

$$= -6.5 + 4(\ln 4 - \ln 3)$$

$$= -6.5 + 4(\ln \frac{4}{3})$$

$$2. \int_3^5 4x^2 dx + \int_5^7 3x + 85 dx$$

$$= 4 \int_3^5 \frac{x^3}{3} + \int_5^7 \frac{3x^2}{2} + 85x$$

$$= 4\left(\frac{5^3}{3}\right) - 4\left(\frac{3^3}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{3(7)^2}{2} + 85(7)\right) - \left(\frac{3(5)^2}{2} + 85(5)\right)$$

$$= 4\left(\frac{5^3 - 3^3}{3}\right) + 206$$

668.5

206

$$3. \int_{-4}^4 |x| dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{4^2}}{2} - \frac{-4\sqrt{4^2}}{2}$$

$$= 2 -$$

$$4. \int_2^x 3t + 3 dx$$

$$= \int_2^x \frac{3t^2}{2} + 3t$$

$$= \frac{3x^2}{2} + 3x - 12$$

$$\star 5. \int_0^3 \cos x$$

$$= \sin 3 - \sin 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin 3 - \sin u$$

$$\hookrightarrow C$$

$$= \cos 3 - \cos u$$

$$\int_0^3 e^{3t} - \cos(e^{3t})$$

$$= \sin 3 - \sin(e^{3t})$$

$$= \frac{d}{dy} \sin 3 - \sin(e^{3t})$$

$$= \cancel{3} (e^{3t}) (e^{3t})^3$$

$$= -3e^{3x} \cos(e^{3x})$$

$$\star 6. \int_0^6 4x(u)^{1/4}$$

$$= 4u^{1/4} \int_0^6 x dx$$

$$= 4u^{1/4} \int_0^6 \frac{x^2}{2}$$

$$= \int_0^6 2u^{1/4} x^2$$

$$= 4 \frac{1}{5} \frac{3^2}{11}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}$$

$$u = 36 - x^2$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -2x$$

$$du = -2x dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} du = -x dx$$

$$\int_0^6 4x u^{1/4}$$

$$= -\frac{4}{2} \int_0^6 u^{1/4}$$

$$= -\frac{4}{2} \frac{u^{5/4}}{5/4}$$

$$= -2 \cdot \frac{4}{5} u^{5/4}$$

$$= -\frac{8}{5} u^{5/4}$$

$$= -\frac{8(36-x^2)^{5/4}}{5}$$

$$= \frac{-8(36-(6)^2)^{5/4}}{5} - \frac{-8(36-(0)^2)^{5/4}}{5}$$

$$7. \int \frac{e^x}{\cos^2(e^x)} dx \rightarrow e^x = u$$

$$= \int \frac{u}{\cos^2 u} \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\cos^2(u)} du$$

$$= \int \sec^2(u) du$$

$$= \tan(u)$$

$$= \tan(e^x)$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = u$$

$$du = u dx$$

$$dx = \frac{du}{u}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 8. \int \frac{e^u}{u} dx & \quad u = \sqrt{5x+3} \\
 & \quad \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{5x+3}} \quad (5) \\
 & = \int \frac{e^u}{u} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{5x+3}}{5} \right) du \quad \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{5}{2u} \\
 & = \int \frac{e^u}{u} \cdot \frac{2x}{5} du \quad du \cdot \frac{2u}{5} = dx \\
 & = \int \frac{2e^u}{5} du \\
 & = \frac{2}{5} \int e^u \\
 & = \frac{2}{5} e^{\sqrt{5x+3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 9. \int e^x \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^3} dx & \quad u = \ln x \\
 & \quad \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{dx}{x} \\
 & \quad x du = dx \\
 & = \int e^x \frac{1}{x u^3} x du \\
 & = \int e^{e^x} \frac{1}{u^3} \\
 & = \int e^{e^x} u^{-3} \\
 & = \int e^{e^x} \frac{1}{2} du \\
 & = \int e^{e^x} \frac{1}{2u^2} \\
 & = \int e^{e^x} \frac{1}{2(\ln e^x)^2} - \frac{1}{2 \ln e^x} \\
 & = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \\
 & = \frac{3}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 10. \int \frac{1+6t}{1+t^2} dt & \\
 & = \int \frac{1}{1+t^2} + \int \frac{6t}{1+t^2} \\
 & = \tan^{-1} x + 6 \int \frac{t}{1+t^2} dt \quad u = 1+t^2 \\
 & \quad \frac{du}{dt} = 2t \\
 & = \tan^{-1} x + 6 \int \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{2t} du \quad du = 2t dt \\
 & \quad \frac{du}{2t} = dt \\
 & = \tan^{-1} t + 3 \int \frac{1}{u} \\
 & = \tan^{-1} t + 3 \ln |u| \\
 & = \tan^{-1} t + 3 \ln |1+t^2| \\
 & \quad \text{Maple doesn't accept } |1+t^2| \text{ need } (1+t^2)
 \end{aligned}$$