

21 Mar, 2014
MATH 1005D
Total marks: 22

TEST 4

1. Consider the series

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{(\ln n)^3}{n}$$

Show that the series converges or diverges by the specified method [6 marks].

- (a) Use the Integral test.
- (b) Use the Comparison test.

2. Use the Ratio test or Root test, as specified, to determine if the following series converge (absolutely or conditionally) or diverge? Show **ALL** your work [7 marks].

(a) (use Ratio test)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-3)^n}{2n!}$$

(b) (use Root test)

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n^{2n}}{2^n (n^2 + 1)^n}$$

3. Do the following series converge (absolutely or conditionally) or diverge? Show **ALL** your work, including comments [6 marks].

(a)

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n\sqrt{n}}$$

(b)

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \sqrt{n^2 + 1}}{n + 1}$$

4. Find the sum of the series [3 marks]

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-2)3^n}{4(-5)^{n-1}}$$