



### Quiz 2

#### Multiple Choice

Question 1: The following emperor ordered the last major persecution of Christians in the fourth century:

- Theodosius I
- Valerian
- Constantine
- Diocletian

Question 2: Christianity become the official religion of the Empire under which emperor?

- Justinian
- Julian the Apostate
- Theodosius I
- Constantine

Question 3: Which one of the following philosophical schools insisted heavily on living a life based on frugality and simplicity?

- The Stoics
- The Cynics
- The Middle Platonists

Question 4: The Christian philosopher named Justin Martyr was also:

- A scribe
- The first defender of Christianity
- The Pope of Rome
- The bishop of Alexandria

Question 5: The Jews in Palestine rejected Hellenism:

- during the Jewish wars between 66 and 135 CE
- when the Maccabees revolted in 168 BCE
- because they did not want to become culturally and religiously assimilated
- all of these choices

Question 6: Greek philosophy was similar to the teachings of Judaism and Christianity because:

- it promoted virtue and happiness
- it spoke of a dissatisfaction with the actual human condition
- all of these choices
- it promoted ethical teachings

Question 7: The term koine stands for:

- the Greek language, in its international form, spoken in the Hellenistic and Roman periods.
- the Latin language, in its international form, used inside Palestine around 100 C.E.
- the Latin translation for the word "minim."
- the Greek translation for the Latin word "mare nostrum."

**Question 8:** Sophia is: (1 Point)

- All of these answers
- Creator of the demiurge (Old Testament God)
- Wisdom
- An emanation (aeon) of the Father

**Question 9:** Who was Eusebius? (1 Point)

- A Roman emperor who went against Christianity
- A Christian martyr
- A soldier in the army of the Visigoths
- A bishop and the first church historian

**Question 10:** Scriptural canonicity was decided: (1 Point)

- according to criteria such as date and author of a particular biblical book
- according to criteria established by the Pope
- according to the region and beliefs of various Christians
- according to the whim of the emperor

**Question 11:** What happened to paganism after Christianity became the official religion of the empire? (1 Point)

- Paganism was forgotten almost immediately when Christianity became the official religion
- Pagan rituals were reserved for special events, such as the founding of Constantinople
- Paganism continued
- Paganism was persecuted, temples were destroyed by Christian mobs

Question 12: Which of the following is not true about the Macedonian Alexander the Great?

- He conquered Palestine in 332.
- His empire made possible the universalization of the Greek culture.
- He led the Maccabean revolt.
- He was tutored by Aristotle.

Question 13: The main opponents of Gnosticism were:

- Jesus, John, Peter, and Paul
- Mani, Donatus, Evagrius, and Paul
- Mani, Marcion, Constantine and Donatus
- Origen, Irenaeus, Tertullian, and Hippolytus

Question 14: Who was Mithras?

- a Phoenician god believed to have ascended to heaven in a chariot
- a Roman goddess the name of which also means wisdom
- a Persian Sun-god popular among Roman sea-merchants
- a Syrian god whose birthday was celebrated on December 25

Question 15: The student of Aristotle, Alexander the Great, was:

- The king of Palestine
- The Babylonian king who destroyed the first temple
- The king of Macedonia
- Emperor of Rome

Question 16: Who was Constantine's co-emperor in the Eastern part of the Roman Empire?

- Theodosius I
- Licinius
- Constantius II
- Galerius

Question 17: Augustine's book City of God was meant to help Christians understand that

- The abandonment of the worship of pagan gods was not the cause of their present misfortune
- God was one in three persons
- He was not the author of this book
- None of these choices

Question 18: Apostle Paul's first Christian converts were:

- Jerusalem Jews
- Greeks from Athens
- Greeks from the Diaspora
- Diaspora Jews

Question 19: According to the Logos theory first developed by Justin Martyr,

- logic and philosophy are key concepts in Christianity
- human reason is the measure of humankind's worth
- philosophers read or borrowed from Jewish scripture
- the Word or Reason of God is present fully in Jesus Christ but parts of it can be found elsewhere

Question 20: Which Roman emperor was the one who effectively spread Hellenism?

(1 Point)

- Diocletian
- Constantine
- Nero
- None of these choices

Question 21: The heresiologists were:

(1 Point)

- the church fathers who fought against the Gnostic sect and its teachings
- the authors of the thirteen codices discovered at Nag Hammad in 1945
- the writers of the Gospels now part of the Christian Bible
- the authors of Metamorphoses and other Roman mysteries

Question 22: Which of the following was one of the reasons why Augustine wrote the City of God?

(1 Point)

- to explain why the Donatists, mostly city dwellers, were perceived as heretics by the Church
- to argue against the idea that the sack of Rome and the destruction of the Roman Empire were caused by the cessation of worship of ancestral gods
- to promote the Gnostic understanding of Jesus to the Donatists
- to explain the relation between the concepts "polis," Greek for "city," and the Kingdom of God, as described in the Gospels

Question 23: Who was Constantine?

(1 Point)

- a Roman emperor who made paganism illegal
- a Roman emperor who made Christianity the official religion of the empire
- Apostle Paul's first convert to Christianity

Lesson 4 books of the new testament written in Greek. Jesus spoke Aramaic or Hebrew. culture surrounding it is Hellenism. blend of Greece and orient. alexander great macadonian king. lived before jesus. spread certain way of life which is Greek w...  
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**Question 23: Who was Constantine?**

- (1 Point)
- a Roman emperor who made paganism illegal
  - a Roman emperor who made Christianity the official religion of the empire
  - Apositle Paul's first convert to Christianity
  - a Roman emperor who legalized Christianity among other legal religions

**Question 24: The Gospel of Judas was written:**

- (1 Point)
- In reaction to the proto-orthodox church
  - By Judas before his suicide
  - To defend Judas
  - By Arius

**Question 25: The Gospel of Truth and the Apocryphon of John are Gnostic sources found in the:**

- (1 Point)
- The library of US Congress
  - They do not exist
  - The library of Alexandria
  - The library of Nag Hammadi

- END OF QUIZ -

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