

## Post-Midterm 2 Equations

$$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{[\text{A}^-]}{[\text{HA}]}$$

$$c = \lambda \times \nu$$

$$\Delta E = h\nu$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{m\nu}$$

$$E_n = -\frac{R_H}{n^2}$$

## Midterm 2 Equations

$$w = -p\Delta V$$

$$\Delta U = U_{\text{final}} - U_{\text{initial}} = q + w$$

$$\Delta H = \Delta U + p\Delta V$$

$$\Delta_r H^\circ = \sum m \Delta_f H^\circ (\text{products}) - \sum n \Delta_f H^\circ (\text{reactants})$$

$$\Delta_r H^\circ = \sum m \text{BE} (\text{reactants}) - \sum n \text{BE} (\text{products})$$

$$q = c \times m \times \Delta T$$

$$\text{Rate} = \frac{1}{\nu_X} \frac{\Delta[X]}{\Delta t}$$

$$\text{Rate} = k[\text{A}]^m [\text{B}]^n \dots$$

$$k = A e^{-\frac{E_a}{RT}}$$

$$[\text{A}]_t - [\text{A}]_o = -kt$$

$$\ln \frac{[\text{A}]_o}{[\text{A}]_t} = kt$$

$$\frac{1}{[\text{A}]_t} - \frac{1}{[\text{A}]_o} = kt$$

$$\ln \left( \frac{k_2}{k_1} \right) = -\frac{E_a}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

$$K = K_c (RT)^{\Delta n(\text{gas})}$$

$$\ln \left( \frac{K_2}{K_1} \right) = -\frac{\Delta_r H^\circ}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1} \right)$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\text{pH} = -\log [\text{H}_3\text{O}^+]$$

$$\text{pOH} = -\log [\text{OH}^-]$$

$$\text{pH} + \text{pOH} = 14$$

$$K_a \times K_b = K_w$$

$$\text{p}K_a = -\log K_a$$

$$\text{p}K_b = -\log K_b$$

## Midterm 1 Equations

$$T(\text{in K}) = T(\text{in } ^\circ\text{C}) + 273.15 \text{ K}$$

$$n = \frac{m}{M}$$

$$\% \text{ Yield} = \frac{\text{actual yield}}{\text{theoretical yield}}$$

$$c(\text{mol/L}) = \frac{n}{V}$$

$$m(\text{mol/kg}) = \frac{n_{\text{solute}}}{m_{\text{solvent}}}$$

$$c_1 V_1 = c_2 V_2$$

$$pV = nRT$$

$$\frac{p_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{p_2 V_2}{T_2}$$

$$p_T = p_1 + p_2 + p_3 + \dots$$

$$p_A = X_A \times p_T$$

$$X_A = \frac{n_A}{n_T}$$

$$d = \frac{m}{V} = \frac{p \cdot MM}{RT}$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$u_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{3RT}{M}}$$

$$\frac{\text{Rate A}}{\text{Rate B}} = \sqrt{\frac{M_B}{M_A}}$$

$$\left( p + \frac{n^2 a}{V^2} \right) (V - nb) = nRT$$