

Concordia University

Course ENGR	Number 233	Sections P, Q
----------------	---------------	------------------

Examination Final	Date April 2008	Time 3 hours	Total Marks 100	Pages 2
----------------------	--------------------	-----------------	--------------------	------------

Course Coordinator R. Bhat	Instructors M. Bertola, R. Bhat, C. Cummins, G. Dafni, C. David, S. Li
-------------------------------	---

**Special Instructions:** use of calculators and outside materials is NOT permitted.

Each problem is worth 10 marks unless stated otherwise.

**Problem 1.** For the vector field

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x^2y\mathbf{i} + xy^2\mathbf{j} + 2xyz\mathbf{k}$$

compute –if possible– the following quantities. If it is not possible **explain why not**.

- (a)  $\text{div}(\text{curl } \vec{F}(x, y, z))$  ,    (b)  $\text{curl}(\text{div } \vec{F}(x, y, z))$  ,    (c)  $\text{grad}(\text{div } \vec{F}(x, y, z))$  ,    (d)  $\text{div}(\text{grad } \vec{F}(x, y, z))$

**Problem 2.** Find the equation of the tangent plane of the surface defined by

$$z^3 - xyz = 1$$

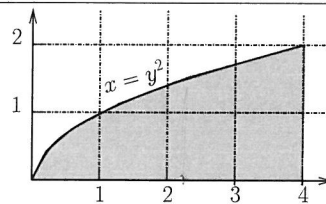
at the point  $(4, \frac{1}{2}, -1)$ .

**Problem 3.**

Evaluate the following integral by reversing the order of integration

$$\int_0^2 \int_{y^2}^4 e^{\sqrt{x^3}} dx dy$$

[Hint: the following substitution may be of help:  $u = x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ ]



**Problem 4.** Find the rate of change at the point  $(2, 1, 3)$  of the following function  $f(x, y, z) = \frac{xy}{z^2}$  along the directions given by unit vectors parallel to

- (a)  $\mathbf{i}$ ;    (b)  $\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ .

**Problem 5.** Using **Stokes' theorem**, compute the flux of the curl of the vector field

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = 6yz\mathbf{i} - 24x\mathbf{j} + yze^{x^2 + \arctan(z)}\mathbf{k}$$

across the surface  $S$  (oriented upwards) of the paraboloid  $z = y^2 + x^2$ ,  $z \leq 4$ , with boundary the circle  $z = 4, x^2 + y^2 = 4$ .

**Problem 6.** Find the mass  $M = \iiint_{\mathcal{R}} \rho(x, y, z) dV$  of the solid in the first octant (namely  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0$ ) bounded by the coordinate planes and the graph of  $x + y + z = 1$  if the density is given by  $\rho = x + 2y$ .

**Problem 7.**

Evaluate the work done by the **conservative** force

$$\vec{F}(x, y) = ye^{xy}\mathbf{i} + (xe^{xy} + 2y)\mathbf{j}$$

along any path that joins the starting point  $(0, 0)$  and ending point  $(1, 2)$ . **You must use the potential function.**

---

**Problem 8.** Find the curvature  $\kappa(t)$  and the components of the acceleration  $a_N(t)$ ;  $a_T(t)$  for the curve described by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (t + 1)\mathbf{i} + (t^2 - t)\mathbf{j} + e^{-t}\mathbf{k}$$

---

**Problem 9.** Use **Green's theorem** to compute the line-integral

$$\oint_C y^2 dx + x dy$$

where  $C$  is the boundary of the region determined by the graphs of  $x = 0$ ,  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and with  $x \geq 0$ .

---

**Problem 10.** Use the **Divergence Theorem** to evaluate the outward flux  $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dS$  of the given vector field across the surface specified

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x^3\mathbf{i} + (y^3 + xz)\mathbf{j} + (z^3 + z^2)\mathbf{k}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2, \quad a > 0.$$

---