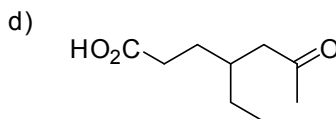
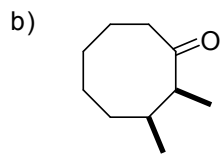
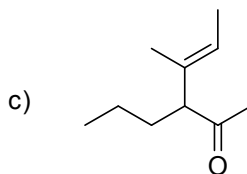
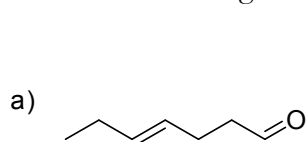


CHM 1321 – Problem set 7

In this set:

- Nucleophilic addition to carbonyls and other pi bond electrophiles
- Acid/base chemistry

1. Name the following compounds



2. Draw the structure corresponding to the following names:

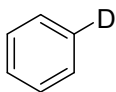
- (*E*)-2-butenal
- 2-ethenylcyclohexanone
- 4-oxohexanal
- the benzyl carbocation
- 1-phenylethanone (acetophenone)

3. Can Grignard reactions be conducted in protic solvents? Explain.

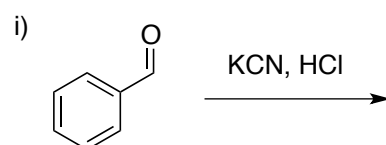
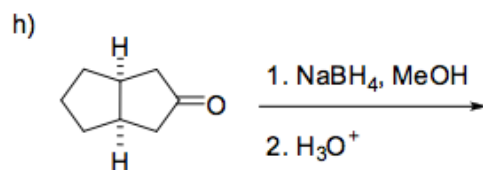
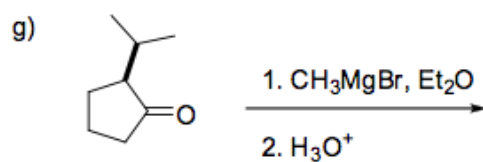
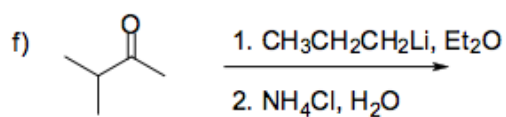
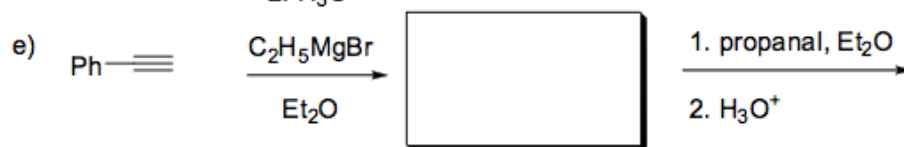
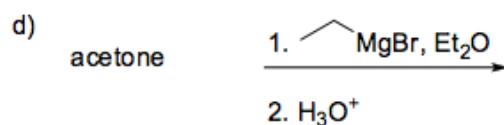
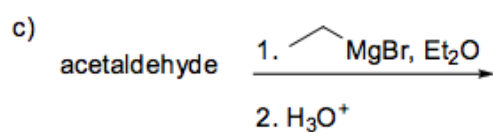
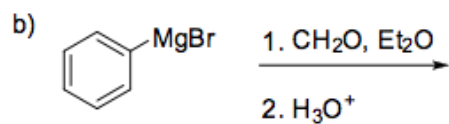
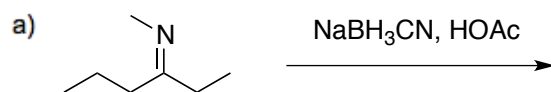
4. How could you synthesize the following deuterium-labeled compound from:

- Benzene?
- Bromobenzene?

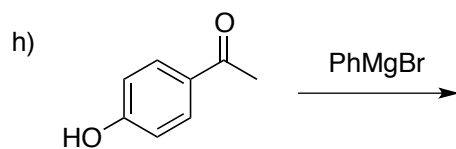
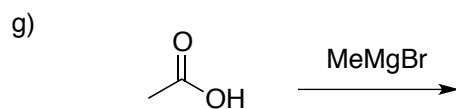
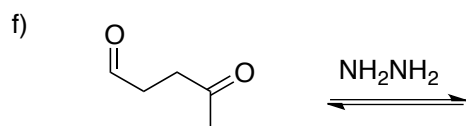
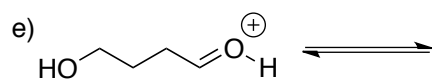
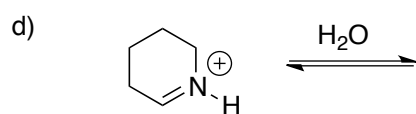
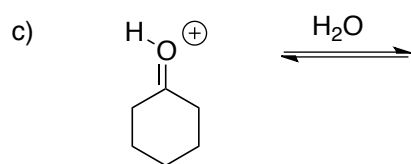
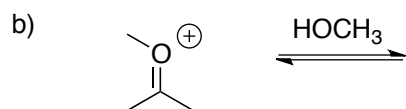
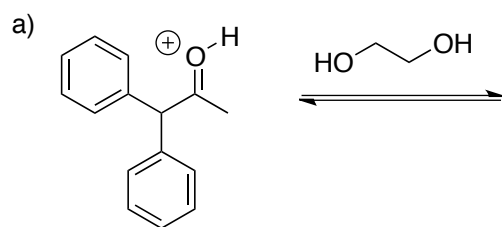
Note: D₂O is readily available. D = ²H, an isotope of ¹H



5. Give the product of each of the following reactions:

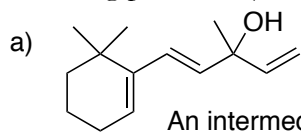


6. Provide a mechanism for the first step in each of the following reactions:

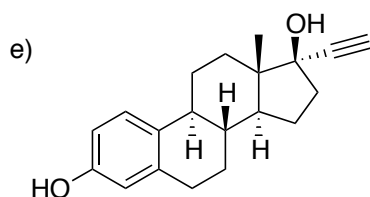
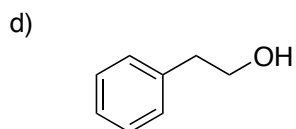
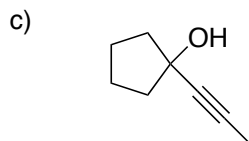
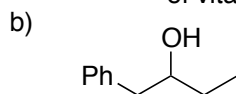


Synthesis question

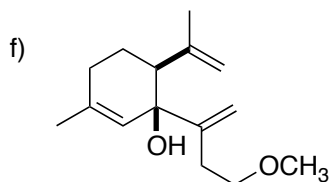
7. Draw one set of starting materials (electrophile and nucleophile) for each of the following products (assume aqueous workshop)::



An intermediate in the synthesis of vitamin A



Ethinyl estradiol-used in many birth control pills.



An intermediate generated in Professor Barriault's research group at uOttawa in the synthesis of a malaria drug.

Not on
midterm 2
in 2015

8. Give the mechanism and products. State the isomeric relationship between products, if applicable.

