

PHYS 3701 - Assignment #1
Due Wednesday January 28, 2015

1. Question #1.11 from Chapter 1 of Scherrer (Compton scattering problem).
A gamma ray with energy 1 MeV is scattered off of an unknown particle which is at rest. The gamma ray is reflected directly backward with a final energy of 0.98 MeV. What is the m_0c^2 for the unknown particle? (Express your answer in MeV).

2. Solve for the eigenvalues and normalized eigenvectors of the operator

$$\hat{O} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \text{ Show that the eigenvectors comprise an orthonormal basis.}$$

Determine the projections of $|v\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ along the 'direction' of each eigenvector

(i.e. write $|v\rangle$ as a linear combination of the eigenvectors).

- 3 a) Show that $(e^z)^* = e^{z^*}$ (for z complex),
b) Show that $e^{z+i\pi} = -e^z$ (for z complex),
c) Rewrite $\cos\theta$ and $\sin\theta$ in terms of complex exponentials
d) Show $\sin^2 z + \cos^2 z = 1$ (for z complex).

4. Show that the polynomials of degree 4 constitute a vector space. Use the complex numbers as the scalars. What is the simplest set of basis vectors in this case? Show how to write an arbitrary vector as a linear combination of these basis vectors.

5. A particle is described by the wavefunction

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ Ax(a-x) & 0 \leq x \leq a \\ 0 & x > a \end{cases}$$

for some real constant a . Determine the normalization constant A . Calculate $\langle \hat{x} \rangle$, $\langle \hat{p} \rangle$, $\langle \hat{x}^2 \rangle$, and $\langle \hat{p}^2 \rangle$.

