

$$I_y = 239 \text{ kg m}^2$$

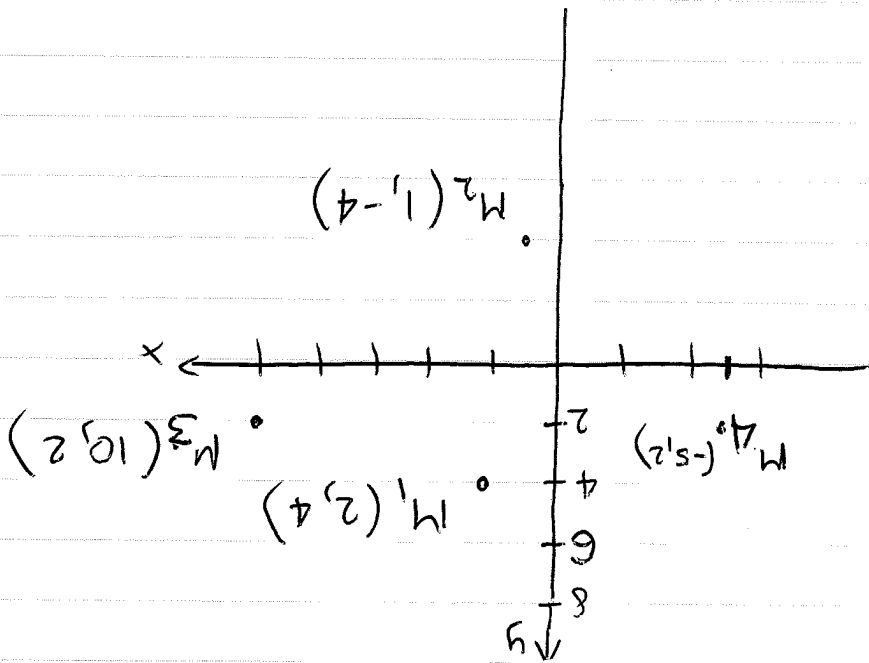
$$I_y = 3(2)^2 + 2(1)^2 + 1(10)^2 + 5(-5)^2 = 12 + 2 + 100 + 125$$

$$b) \quad I_y = M_1 x_1^2 + M_2 x_2^2 + M_3 x_3^2 + M_4 x_4^2$$

$$I_x = 104 \text{ kg m}^2$$

$$I_x = 3(4)^2 + 2(-4)^2 + 1(2)^2 + 5(2)^2 = 48 + 32 + 4 + 20$$

$$a) \quad I_x = M_1 y_1^2 + M_2 y_2^2 + M_3 y_3^2 + M_4 y_4^2 =$$



- $M_1 = 3 \text{ kg}$
- $M_2 = 2 \text{ kg}$
- $M_3 = 1 \text{ kg}$
- $M_4 = 5 \text{ kg}$

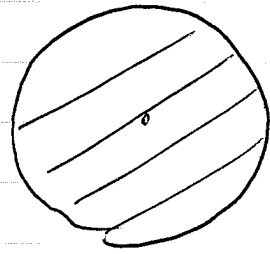
2.

$$\alpha = \frac{15}{\pi} \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$1. \quad \alpha = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_i}{\Delta t} = \frac{2\pi \text{ rad} - 0}{\frac{30 \text{ s}}{15}} = \frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{2 \text{ s}} = \pi \text{ rad/s}^2$$

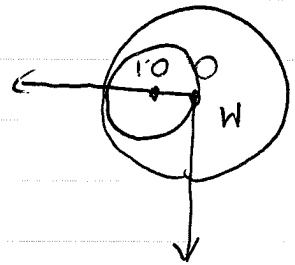
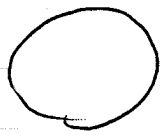
$$d) \quad K_y = \frac{1}{2} I_y \omega^2 = \frac{1}{2} 239 \cdot 4^2 \text{ J} = 1912 \text{ J}$$

$$c) \quad K_x = \frac{1}{2} I_x \omega^2 = \frac{1}{2} 104 \cdot 4^2 \text{ J} = 832 \text{ J}$$

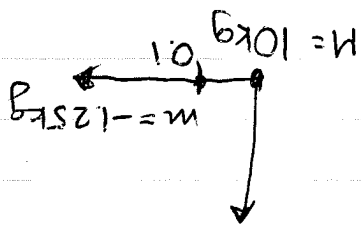


full sphere
 $M = 10 \text{ kg}$
 $R = 0.2 \text{ m}$
 $\rho = \frac{M}{\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3} = 298.4 \text{ kg/m}^3$

small sphere
 of negative mass
 $r = 10 \text{ cm} = 0.1 \text{ m}$
 $\rho = 298.4 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 $|m| = \rho \cdot \frac{3}{4}\pi r^3$
 $|m| = 1.25 \text{ kg} \Rightarrow m = -1.25 \text{ kg}$



\equiv



$$X_{CM} = \frac{M \cdot 0 + m(0.1)}{M + m} = \frac{-1.25(0.1)}{10 - 1.25}$$

$$X_{CM} = -\frac{1.25}{8.75} = -\frac{35}{35} = -\frac{1}{1} = -1 \text{ m}$$

(B)

$$I = I_M + I_m$$

$$I_M = I_{CM}^{sphere} + M D^2 = \frac{5}{2} M R^2 + M \left(\frac{1}{1}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \left(\frac{10}{2}\right)^2 \cdot 10 + 10 \frac{1}{1} = \frac{50}{8} + \frac{10}{1} = 1.964$$

$$I_m = - \left(I_{CM}^{sphere} + m D^2 \right) = - \left(\frac{5}{2} m r^2 + m \left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$I_m = - \left[\frac{2}{5} (1.25(0.1))^2 + 1.25 \left(\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} \right)^2 \right] = -0.0787$$

$$I_{Tot} = 1.964 - 0.0787 = 1.885 \text{ kg m}^2$$

4

$$E_f = E_c$$
$$\frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = m g h$$

$$\omega = \frac{v}{r}$$

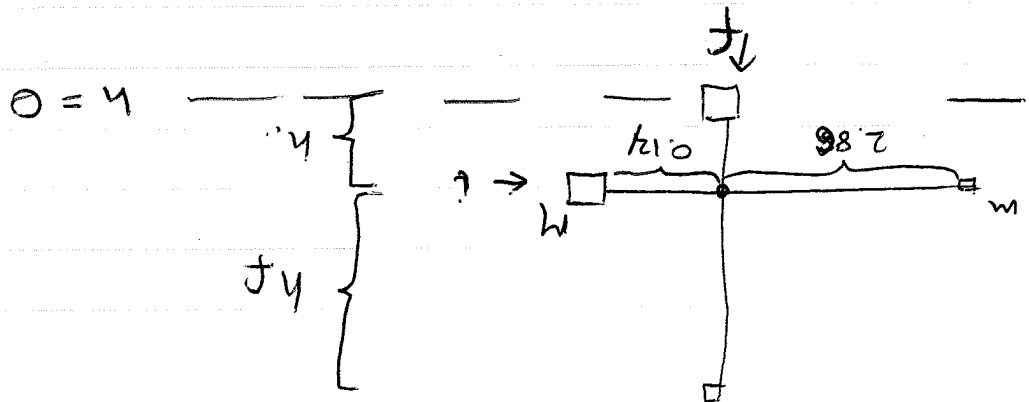
$$\frac{1}{2} I \left(\frac{v}{r}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = m g h$$

$$\frac{I}{2} \frac{v^2}{r^2} = 2 m g h + - m v^2$$

$$I = \frac{2 m g h - m v^2}{\frac{v^2}{2 r^2}}$$

$$I = m r^2 \left(\frac{2 g h - v^2}{v^2} \right)$$

$$I = m r^2 \left(\frac{2 g h}{v^2} - 1 \right)$$



$$E_i = Mgh_c + mgh_c$$

$$E_f = mg(h_c + h_f) + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + \frac{1}{2} M v^2$$

→ this is rigid body that rotates

$$\frac{v_i}{V_1} = \frac{h_c}{V_2} = \omega_f$$

$E_i = E_f$ - system conserves mech. energy

$$Mgh_c + mgh_c = \cancel{mgh_c} + \cancel{mgh_c} + \frac{1}{2} M v^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$Mgh_c = mgh_c + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + \frac{1}{2} M v^2$$

$$Mgh_c - mgh_c = \left[\frac{1}{2} m + \frac{1}{2} M \left(\frac{h_c}{h_f} \right)^2 \right] v^2$$

$$(60)(9.8)(0.14) - (0.14)(9.8)(2.86) = \left(0.07 + 30 \left(\frac{0.14}{2.86} \right)^2 \right) v^2$$

$$82.32 - 3.36 = (0.142) v^2$$

$$78.96 = 0.142 v^2$$

$$556.5 = v^2$$

$$v = \sqrt{556.5} = 23.6 \text{ m/s} \quad (84.93 \text{ km/h})$$