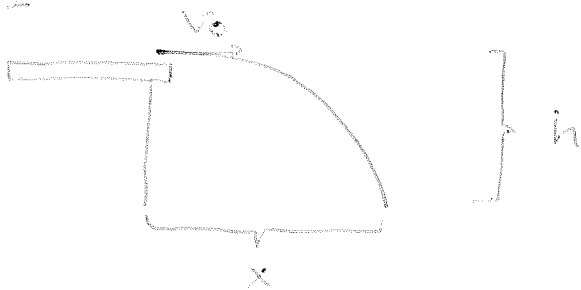


Assignment 6 Solutions

Q1



We will find v_0 using our knowledge of projectile motion in this situation:

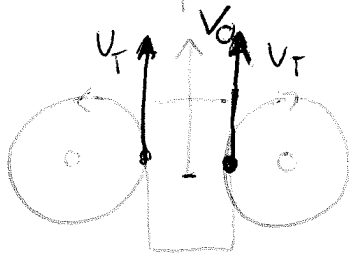
$$(1) x = v_0 t \quad (2) h = \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$v_0 = \frac{x}{t}$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}}$$

$$v_0 = x \sqrt{\frac{g}{2h}}$$

v_0 is speed of the car when it leaves the booster



$v_0 = v_T$ - tangential velocity of the point on the rim of the wheel

$$v_T = \frac{2\pi R}{T}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi R}{v_T}$$

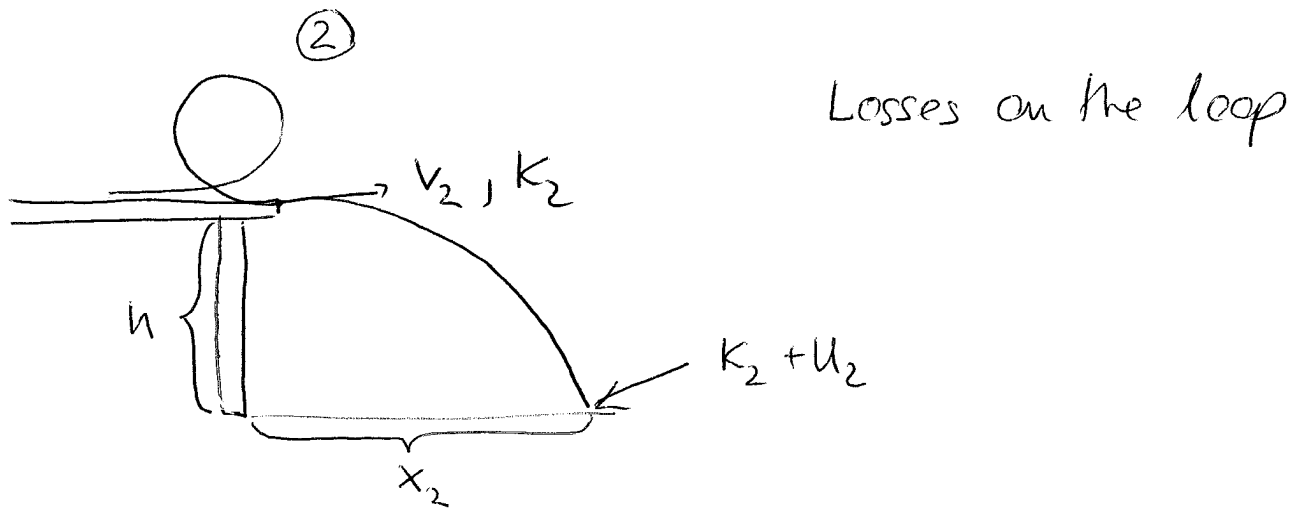
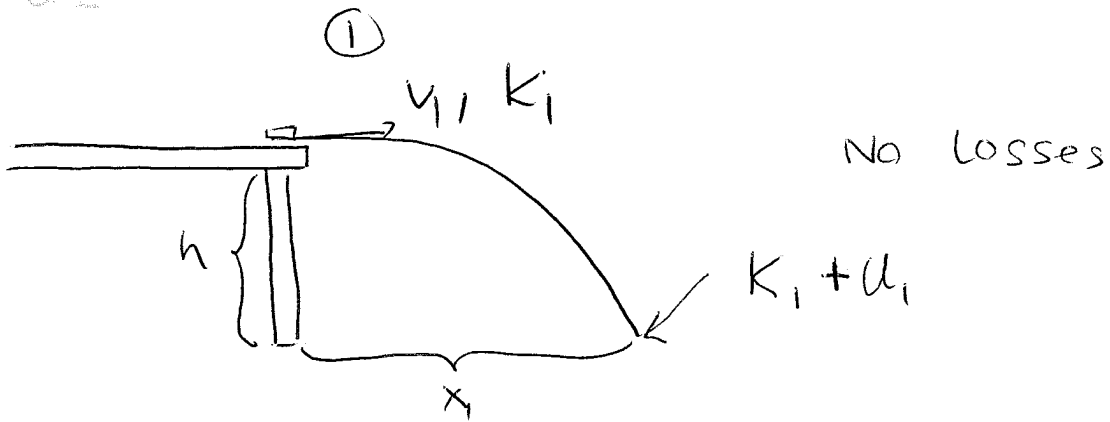
$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{v_T}{R} = x \sqrt{\frac{g}{2h}} \frac{1}{R} = \frac{x}{R} \sqrt{\frac{g}{2h}} \left(\frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \right)$$

In this question we are asked to find ω in rpm (revolution per minute)

$$\omega (\text{rpm}) = \frac{x}{R} \sqrt{\frac{g}{2h}} \left(\frac{60}{2\pi} \right) \text{ rpm}$$

correct answer is obtained by using this formula

Q2



$$K_1 - K_2 = W = \text{loss on the loop}$$

$$\frac{mv_1^2}{2} - \frac{mv_2^2}{2} = W$$

$$\frac{m}{2} \left(x_1^2 \frac{g}{2h} - x_2^2 \frac{g}{2h} \right) = W$$

$$\frac{mg}{4h} (x_1^2 - x_2^2) = W$$

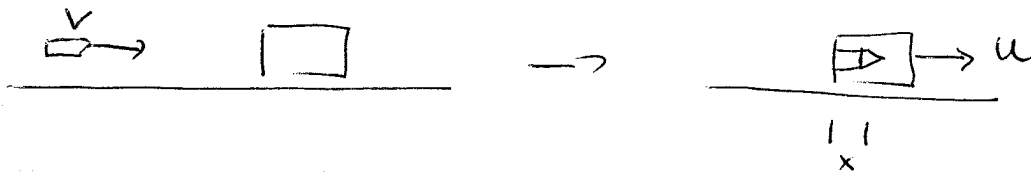
03

- 1) When block is in the vice all of its kinetic energy is lost due to "friction" inside the block that is being "penetrated".



$$\textcircled{A} \quad K_i = Fd \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = Fd$$

- 2) When the block is free to move



x - depth of the hole u - velocity of block + bullet

For such inelastic collision we have:

$$\textcircled{B} \quad \frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{1}{2} (M+m) u^2 + Fx$$

F - force of friction

$$\textcircled{C} \quad m v = (M+m) u$$

is the same as before

From \textcircled{A} and \textcircled{B} we have:

$$Fd = \frac{1}{2} (M+m) u^2 + Fx$$

$$\text{Using } \textcircled{C} \quad Fd = \frac{1}{2} (M+m) \left(\frac{m}{M+m} \right)^2 v^2 + Fx$$

$$Fd = \left(\frac{m}{M+m} \right) \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + Fx$$

$$\cancel{F}d = \frac{m}{M+m} (\cancel{F}d) + \cancel{F}x$$

Q3 cont

$$d = \left(\frac{m}{M+m} \right) d + x$$

$$\underline{x = \left(1 - \frac{m}{M+m} \right) d}$$

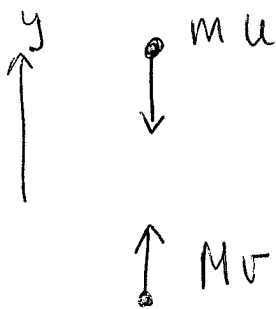
Q4

The first part of the problem - collision will yield the final velocity of the "vampire-werewolf" funny ball.

The second part is essentially a "free-fall" problem:

an object has certain velocity when it is shot up from a known height h . Using kinematic equations we can find t - time it will take for it to land.

1) Collision is inelastic (vampire connects with werewolf)

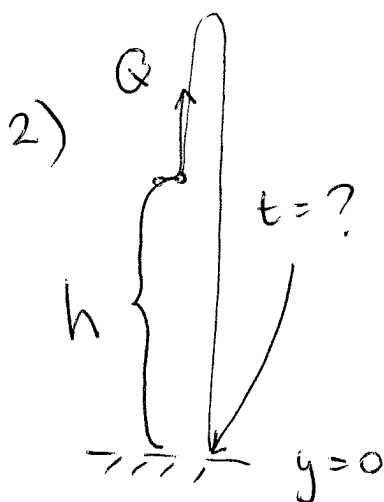


Conservation of linear mom.

$$P_i = P_f$$

$$Mv - mu = (M+m)Q$$

↑
final velocity



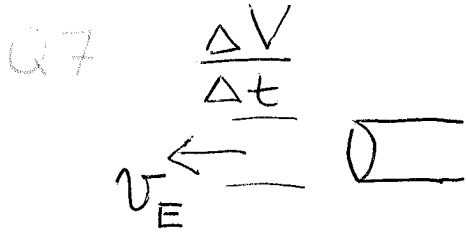
$$Q = \left(\frac{Mv - mu}{M+m} \right)$$

$$y_f = y_i + Qt - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

$$0 = h + Qt - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

positive solution:

$$t = \frac{Q + (2hg + Q^2)^{1/2}}{g}$$



$$\frac{\Delta m}{\Delta t} = \rho_{H_2O} \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} \quad [kg/s] \quad \rho_{H_2O} = 1 \frac{kg}{L}$$

$$F_{Thrust} = v_E \frac{\Delta m}{\Delta t} = v_E \left(\frac{\Delta V}{\Delta t} \right)$$