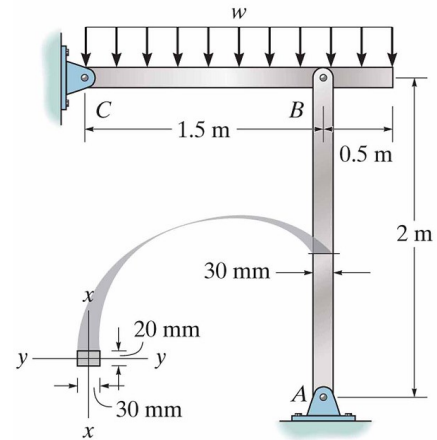


CVG3141 Mechanics of Materials II
Assignment 2 (Solution)

1. Determine if the frame can support a load of $w = 6 \text{ kN/m}$ if the factor of safety with respect to buckling of member AB is 3. Assume that AB is made of steel and is pinned at its ends for $x-x$ axis buckling and fixed at its ends for $y-y$ axis buckling. $E_{st} = 200 \text{ GPa}$, $\sigma_Y = 360 \text{ MPa}$.



Check $x-x$ axis buckling:

$$I_x = \frac{1}{12} (0.02)(0.03)^3 = 45.0(10^{-9}) \text{ m}^4$$

$$K = 1.0 \quad L = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{(KL)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 (200)(10^9)(45.0)(10^{-9})}{((1.0)(2))^2}$$

$$P_{cr} = 22.2 \text{ kN}$$

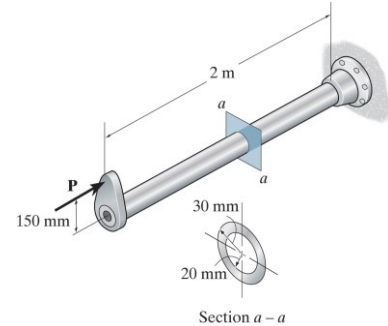
$$\zeta + \sum M_C = 0; \quad F_{AB}(1.5) - 6(2)(1) = 0$$

$$F_{AB} = 8 \text{ kN}$$

$$P_{\text{req'd}} = 8(3) = 24 \text{ kN} > 22.2 \text{ kN}$$

No, AB will fail.

2. The hollow red brass C83400 copper alloy shaft is fixed at one end but free at the other end. Determine the maximum eccentric force P the shaft can support without causing it to buckle or yield. Also, find the corresponding maximum deflection of the shaft.
 $E = 101 \text{ GPa}$, $\sigma_Y = 70 \text{ MPa}$.



Section Properties.

$$A = \pi(0.03^2 - 0.02^2) = 0.5(10^{-3})\pi \text{ m}^2$$

$$I = \frac{\pi}{4}(0.03^4 - 0.02^4) = 0.1625(10^{-6})\pi \text{ m}^4$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}} = \sqrt{\frac{0.1625(10^{-6})\pi}{0.5(10^{-3})\pi}} = 0.01803 \text{ m}$$

$$e = 0.15 \text{ m}$$

$$c = 0.03 \text{ m}$$

For a column that is fixed at one end and free at the other, $K = 2$. Thus,

$$KL = 2(2) = 4 \text{ m}$$

Yielding. In this case, yielding will occur before buckling. Applying the secant formula,

$$\sigma_{\max} = \frac{P}{A} \left[1 + \frac{ec}{r_x^2} \sec\left(\frac{KL}{2r_x} \sqrt{\frac{P}{EA}}\right) \right]$$

$$70.0(10^6) = \frac{P}{0.5(10^{-3})\pi} \left[1 + \frac{0.15(0.03)}{0.01803^2} \sec\left[\frac{4}{2(0.01803)} \sqrt{\frac{P}{101(10^9)[0.5(10^{-3})\pi]}} \right] \right]$$

$$70.0(10^6) = \frac{P}{0.5(10^{-3})\pi} \left(1 + 13.846 \sec 8.8078(10^{-3})\sqrt{P} \right)$$

Solving by trial and error,

$$P = 5.8697 \text{ kN} = 5.87 \text{ kN}$$

Ans.

Maximum Deflection.

$$v_{\max} = e \left[\sec \left(\sqrt{\frac{P}{EI}} \frac{KL}{2} \right) - 1 \right]$$

$$= 0.15 \left[\sec \left[\sqrt{\frac{5.8697(10^3)}{101(10^9)[0.1625(10^{-6})\pi]} \left(\frac{4}{2} \right)} \right] - 1 \right]$$

$$= 0.04210 \text{ m} = 42.1 \text{ mm}$$

Ans.