

Total = 20 marks

Last Name \_\_\_\_\_, First \_\_\_\_\_  
 Student # \_\_\_\_\_ Your LAB Section \_\_\_\_\_

Solutions

**Due date:** If your lab is on a Friday afternoon, give your assignment to your TA, at the end of your lab, on Friday September 30. If your lab is on a Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday, hand in you assignment to me no later than 3:00 pm. on Friday September 30.

**IMPORTANT NOTES:**

1. You **MUST** write your lab section in the space provided above (A1, A2, A3, etc.)
2. You **MUST** work by yourself **NOT** in groups.

Click on 'Editor' and then on 'Enable Commands' to enable the 'MTB' prompt. Type the following Minitab commands to generate 200 numbers to be saved in a vector called c2:

```
MTB > set c1
DATA> 1:200
DATA> end
MTB > random 200 c1;
SUBC> normal 1400 100.
MTB > let c2=1000*log(c1)+c1      (c2 contains the data)
```

Think of these 200 numbers in c2 as the prices of a sample of 200 used cars, in dollars.

**Question 1.** Draw a stem-and-leaf plot of these 200 prices (you can do this by typing 'stem c2') and then use your plot to answer the following questions:

- [0.5] (a) The maximum price is \$ 6800 }  $\pm 200$
- [0.5] (b) The minimum price is \$ 1200 }
- [1] (c) The median price is \$ 5900 .  $\pm 100$
- [1] (d) 36% of the prices are less than or equal to \$ 5600 .
- [1] (e) What is the shape of the distribution of the summer incomes? Answer: skewed left

[2.5] **Question 2.** Use the 'describe' command to answer parts (a), (b), and (c) of Question 1, (type describe c2). ( $\pm 150$ ) ( $\pm 150$ ) ( $\pm 150$ )

Answer: (a) 6829.2 , (b) 1282.7 , (c) 5995.2 .

(d) The average price and the standard deviation of the price of a used car are, respectively, \$ 5717.2 and \$ 952.6 .  
( $\pm 150$ ) ( $\pm 50$ )

**Question 3.**

- [1] (a) What proportion of the prices are within 2 standard deviations of the mean price (i.e., what proportion of the prices fall in the interval  $\bar{x} \pm 2s$ )? Answer: 189/200 . (189  $\pm$  3)/200

- [0.5] (b) Answer part (a) using Tchebysheff's Theorem. At least  $\frac{150}{200} = 75\%$
- [0.5] (c) Answer part (a) using the Empirical Rule. Approximately  $\frac{190}{200} = 95\%$

**Question 4.** Now make the following transformation of the used car prices (that are in c2): (new price) =  $1.6 \times (\text{price}) + 200$ . This can be done in Minitab by using the 'let' command:

MTB > let c10=1.6\*c2 + 200

[4] (a) The z-scores corresponding to the two smallest values in c10 are  $-4.65$   $(\pm 0.8)$  and  $-3.80$  respectively. Are these two values outliers? yes.  
Why?  $|z\text{-score}| > 3$ .

(b) Use a Boxplot of the new prices in the vector c10 to answer the following questions (click on 'graph' and then on 'Boxplot' and click 'ok'):

- [1] (i) The median is approximately equal to \$  $9800 (\pm 200)$
- [1] (ii) The interquartile range is approximately equal to  $1800 (\pm 200)$   $(\pm 300)$
- [1] (iii) The range of the data (new prices) is approximately equal to \$  $11200 - 2200 = 9000$

[0.5] (c) Obtain a histogram of the new prices in c10 and comment on the shape of the distribution of these prices skewed left

ALSO, do the following questions:

[2] A. The height of a particular tree is known to have a mound-shaped distribution with a mean 180 centimeters and a variance of 100 centimeters. Approximately, what proportion of such trees have a height between 170 and 200 centimeters? (Use the empirical rule.)

- (a) 85%      (b) 81.5%      (c) 85.5%      (d) 90%

[2] B. For a sample of size 4, it is known that  $x_1 - \bar{x} = 10$ ,  $x_2 - \bar{x} = -8$ , and  $x_3 - \bar{x} = -6$ . The sample variance is

- (a) 16      (b) 66.67      (c) 72      (d) Impossible to compute