

Formulas sheet :

$$z = x + iy$$

$$z = r(\cos \theta + i \sin \theta)$$

$$z^n = |z|^n e^{ni\theta}$$

$$= |z|^n (\cos n\theta + i \sin n\theta)$$

$$a_n \frac{d^n y}{dx^n} + a_{n-1} \frac{d^{n-1} y}{dx^{n-1}} + \dots + a_0 y = g(x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + P(x)y = f(x)$$

$$e^{\int P(x)dx}$$

$$M(x, y)dx + N(x, y)dy = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$$

$$f(x, y) = \int M(x, y)dx + g(y)$$

$$\mu(x) = \exp \int \left[\frac{\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}}{Q(x, y)} \right] dx$$

$$y = ux, \quad \text{or}, \quad u = y^{1-n},$$

$$\text{or}, \quad u = Ax + By + C$$

$$W(f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n) = \begin{vmatrix} f_1 & \dots & f_n \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ f_1^{(n-1)} & \dots & f_n^{(n-1)} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$y = c_1 y_1(x) + c_2 y_2(x) + \dots + c_k y_k(x)$$

$$y = y_c + y_p$$

$$y \equiv e^{mx}$$

$$3 \text{ cases: } \begin{cases} m \text{ real} - y = c_1 e^{mx} + c_2 x e^{mx} \\ m_1, m_2 \text{ real} - y = c_1 e^{m_1 x} + c_2 e^{m_2 x} \\ m_1, m_2 \text{ comp} - y = e^{\alpha x} (c_1 \cos(\beta x) + c_2 \sin(\beta x)) \end{cases}$$

TABLE 3.4.1 Trial Particular Solutions

$g(x)$	Form of y_p
1. 1 (any constant)	A
2. $5x + 7$	$Ax + B$
3. $3x^2 - 2$	$Ax^2 + Bx + C$
4. $x^3 - x + 1$	$Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + E$
5. $\sin 4x$	$A \cos 4x + B \sin 4x$
6. $\cos 4x$	$A \cos 4x + B \sin 4x$
7. e^{5x}	Ae^{5x}
8. $(9x - 2)e^{5x}$	$(Ax + B)e^{5x}$
9. $x^2 e^{5x}$	$(Ax^2 + Bx + C)e^{5x}$
10. $e^{3x} \sin 4x$	$Ae^{3x} \cos 4x + Be^{3x} \sin 4x$
11. $5x^2 \sin 4x$	$(Ax^2 + Bx + C) \cos 4x + (Ex^2 + Fx + G) \sin 4x$
12. $xe^{3x} \cos 4x$	$(Ax + B)e^{3x} \cos 4x + (Cx + E)e^{3x} \sin 4x$

$$y_p = uy_1 + vy_2$$

$$u = - \int \frac{y_2 f(x)}{W} dx, \quad v = \int \frac{y_1 f(x)}{W} dx$$

$$y \equiv x^m$$

$$3 \text{ cases: } \begin{cases} m \text{ real} & y = (c_1 + c_2 \ln(x))x^m \\ m_1, m_2 \text{ real} & y = c_1 x^{m_1} + c_2 x^{m_2} \\ m_1, m_2 \in \mathbb{C} & y = x^\mu (c_1 \cos(\nu \ln(x)) + c_2 \sin(\nu \ln(x))) \end{cases}$$

$$y \equiv \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$X = Ke^{\lambda t}$$