

CLA 1101 (Fall 2010): Test # 3 (Professor Loube)  
Deferred Exam (2 hours)  
Section A: Short Answers

Student #	Name
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**Part I (5 x 6 = 30 points)**

Identify **five (5)** achievements of ancient Greek civilization that influence modern western civilization. **Use an example** to support each point.

1
2
3
4
5

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**Part II (8 x 15 = 120 points)**

**PLEASE READ!!!**

**Many of the words needed for Part II can be found in the Multiple Choice section!**

**Answer ONLY eight (8) of the following questions.**

In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 1** (C/F p. 192)

1. Who is this man?	
2. What kingdom did he rule?	
3. What is the name of his son?	
3. Where was this image found?	
5. Identify <b>one (1)</b> other object found in the same place.	

In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 2** (C/F p. 118)

1. In what polis did these men live?	
2. Why are they considered heroes?	
3. In what part of the polis were their statues set up?	
4. Who stole these statues?	
5. Who found them and send them back 'home'?	

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In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 3** (Poster)

1. Name this historical figure.	
2. Name the site of the battle.	
3. Who was the enemy?	
4. Who won this battle?	
5. Name 1 other battle that took place during these wars.	

In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 4** (C/F p. 191)

1. Name this structure.	
2. Where was it located?	
3. What was it used for?	
4. Why was it famous?	
5. Name another of the 7 wonders of the ancient <b>GREEK</b> world.	

In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 5** (C/F p. 195)

1. Who is on the left on a horse?	
2. Name 1 of his mythical ancestors.	
3. What ancient empire did he conquer?	
4. Name 1 city founded by him.	
5. What era began <b>AFTER</b> his death?	

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In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 6** (C/F p. 114-5)

1. What is the Greek term for such warriors?	
2. Name this type of fighting formation.	
3. Define <b>hoplon</b> .	
4. What was the purpose of the <b>aulos</b> ?	
5. Why did some shields have a bulls or lions on them?	

In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 7** (C/F p. 172)

1. Name this type of building.	
2. In what part of a polis was it usually found?	
3. What Hellenistic kingdom was famous for such buildings?	
4. State 2 functions for such buildings.	1
	2

In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 8** (C/F p. 134)

1. What type of drama does this statuette represent?	
2. In what polis did drama begin?	
3. Name the god of drama.	
4. In ancient drama, who performed in the orchestra?	
5. Who was <b>Thespis</b> ?	

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In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 9** (C/F p. 176)

1. Who made this statue?	
2. What god does it represent?	
3. What is the statue made of?	
4. Where was the temple that held this statue?	
5. Name 1 other statue by made by the same sculptor.	

In the space provided, answer the questions pertaining to **Illustration 10** (C/F p. 170)

1. Name this order of architecture.	
2. What other order of architecture does its capital resemble?	
3. Define <b>caryatid</b> .	
4. Define <b>bouleuterion</b> .	
5. Define <b>odeion</b> .	

**BONUS QUESTION!!! (3 points)**

**What was the month, day and year of the death of Alexander the Great?**

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## Part B: Multiple Choice: Please Answer on the Question Paper

### Part I: People

#### A. Who at Athens

a. Kleisthenes	b. Solon	c. Drako	d. Peisistratos	e. Perikles
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1. was the father of democracy?
2. introduced harsh written laws?
3. introduced pay for jury duty and the boule?
4. had a strategy to withdraw behind the Long Walls?
5. cancelled all debts of the poor?
6. was the tyrant responsible for many public buildings?
7. created law courts?
8. created the Boule of 400?
9. created the Boule of 500?

#### B. Match the description with the person

a. Hippias	b. Leonidas	c. Themistokles	d. Xerxes	e. Darius I
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10. Persian king who watched the Battle of Salamis
11. last mainland tyrant
12. father of the Athenian navy
13. Persian king at the Battle of Thermopylai
14. Persian king who decided to punish the Athenians for burning Sardis

#### C. Match the philosophers

a. Aristotle	b. Plato	c. Sokrates	d. Diogenes	e. Epicurus
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15. founder of the Academy
16. founder of the Lyceum
17. founder of the Cynic school of philosophy
18. tutor of Alexander the Great
19. met with his followers in his Garden
20. condemned to drink hemlock

#### D. Match the Classical sculptors

a. Pheidias	b. Polykleitos	c. Praxiteles	d. Myron	e. Lysippos
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1. made statues of gold and ivory
2. sculptor of Aphrodite of Knidos, first nude female
3. worked for Alexander the Great
4. established a 'canon' of classical proportions

#### E. Match the playwrights

a. Aeschylus	b. Sophokles	c. Euripides	d. Aristophanes	e. Menander
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5. writer of Old Comedy
6. tragic trilogy writer who died in Sicily when an eagle dropped a tortoise on his head
7. tragedies featured women like Medea
8. wrote two plays about Oedipus
9. his plays are a good source of information about the Peloponnesian War
10. writer of New Comedy

#### F. Match the rulers

a. Ptolemy II	b. Philip II	c. Attalos I	d. Selukos I	e. Demetrios
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11. was assassinated before he could attack Persia
12. was ruler of what became the longest-lived Hellenistic kingdom
13. used Indian elephants as 'battle tanks'
14. established what became the largest library in the ancient world
15. his kingdom fought against an invasion of the Gauls
16. was also a pharaoh

**G. Match the authors**

a. Herodotus	b. Thucydides	c. Xenophon	d. Plato	e. Ptolemy I
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- 37. historian of the Peloponnesian War
- 38. finished the history of the Peloponnesian War
- 39. author of a history of the campaigns of Alexander
- 40. historian of the Persian War
- 41. author of the 'Republic' and 'Laws'

**Part II: Chronology**

**Archaic, Classical or Hellenistic?**

a. Archaic	b. Classical	c. Hellenistic
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- 10. Persian Wars
- 11. Peloponnesian War
- 12. Wars of the Successors
- 13. Indian and African elephant battles
- 14. battles at the Granicus River, Issus, Gaugamela
- 15. Pharos at Alexandria
- 16. introduction of sarissas
- 17. first use of siege equipment such as the oxybeles
- 18. western Battles of Himera and Cumae
- 19. Perikles
- 20. statues with calm expressions
- 21. statues with twisting posture and unrealistic anatomy
- 22. Colossus at Rhodes
- 23. Aristophanes, Euripides and Sophokles
- 24. Harmodius and Aristogeiton
- 25. Alcibiades
- 26. Cleopatra VII
- 27. burning of Sardis by Miletus, Athens and Eretria
- 28. burning of Persepolis by Alexander

### Part III: Places

#### A. Match the places in Athens with the description

a. agora	b. Peiraieus	c. Aereopagus	d. Pnyx	e. acropolis
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29. hill in Athens where the council of ex-archons met
30. site of the Stoa Poikele and the Stoa of Zeus
31. site of the Parthenon
32. harbour of Athens
33. hill in Athens where the ekklesia met after the reforms of Kleisthenes

#### B. Match the following buildings in Attica with their description

a. Telesterion	b. Parthenon	c. Propylaia	d. Erechtheion	e. Stoa Poikele
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17. the columns on the porch of this temple were sculpted women
18. where the followers of Zeno met
19. where the Eleusinian Mysteries took place
20. the entrance to the acropolis
21. home of a giant gold and ivory statue of Athena

#### C. Match these battles with the description

a. Salamis	b. Himera	c. Plataia	d. Thermopylai	e. Marathon
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34. final battle of the Persian Wars
35. Greeks defeated the Cathaginians here in Sicily
36. the only naval battle in the Persian Wars
37. Athenians and Plataians defeated the Persians here without Spartan help

**D. Match the Hellenistic kingdoms with the description**

a. Pergamon	b. Egypt	c. Macedonia	d. Syria, Anatolia, the Levant
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- 38. ruled by the Attalids
- 39. ruled by the Ptolemies
- 40. ruled by the Antigonids
- 41. ruled by the Seleucids
- 42. Antioch was its capital
- 43. Pella was its capital
- 44. Alexandria was its capital
- 45. site of a Great Altar
- 46. its rulers were 'fans' of philosophy
- 47. site of a library on parchment
- 48. home of the Mouseion

**Part IV: Terminology**

**A. Match the terms with the definitions**

a. hoplite	b. phalanx	c. cuirass	d. trireme	e. peplos
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- 22. often made of layers of linen
- 23. ship rowed by 3 banks of oarsmen
- 24. protected the chest of its wearer
- 25. Athena's birthday gift

**B. Match the terms with the definitions**

a. demos	b. satrapy	c. cista	d. agora	e. klepsydra
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- 90. water clock used for timing speeches
- 91. the people
- 92. Persian province
- 93. contained secret articles for the Eleusinian Mysteries
- 94. political, economic, social and administrative centre of a polis

**C. Match the terms with the definitions**

a. boule	b. ekklesia	c. Polemarch	d. democracy	e. ostraka
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- 26. enough of these with your name on them were the 'ticket' to a 10 year vacation
- 27. council
- 28. archon in charge of military affairs
- 29. 'power to the people'
- 30. assembly

**D. Match the terms with the appropriate description**

a. thesmothes	b. bouleuterion	c. skene	d. theatron	e. kothoroi
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- 49. where the audience sat to watch a play
- 50. where the actors performed
- 51. 6 of the 9 archons who recorded the laws
- 52. platform boots for tragic actors
- 53. was circular in Poseidonia but rectangular in Priene

**E. Match the terms with the appropriate description**

a. Panathenaia	b. dithyramb	c. obscene	d. Corinthian	e. sophist
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- 105. teacher of rhetoric
- 106. chorus in honour of Dionysos
- 107. had volutes and acanthus leaves
- 108. originally meant off-stage violence
- 109. a birthday celebration for Athena

## PART V: The Greek Alphabet

a. Ω	b. Φ	c. Η	d. Υ	e. Χ
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110. chi

111. the final letter of the Greek alphabet

112. phi

113. means 'big O'

114. eta

115. its lower case equivalent is υ

a. Σ	b. ρ	c. Ψ	d. Π	e. Ω
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116. rho

117. psi

118. omega

119. its other form is ς

120. the letter that follows omicron