

MATH 1339-Practice Midterm # 2-2013

Question 1. Find two real numbers such that the sum of their squares is equal to 100 and their product is maximum.

Question 2. Let \vec{u} be the vector which makes the angle of 200 degree with the horizontal line. Represent this vector in true and quadrant bearings?

Question 3. Given the vectors $\vec{u} = [4, -3]$, $\vec{v} = [1, 1]$. Find the unity vector of $\vec{u} - 2\vec{v}$.

Question 4. (12 points)

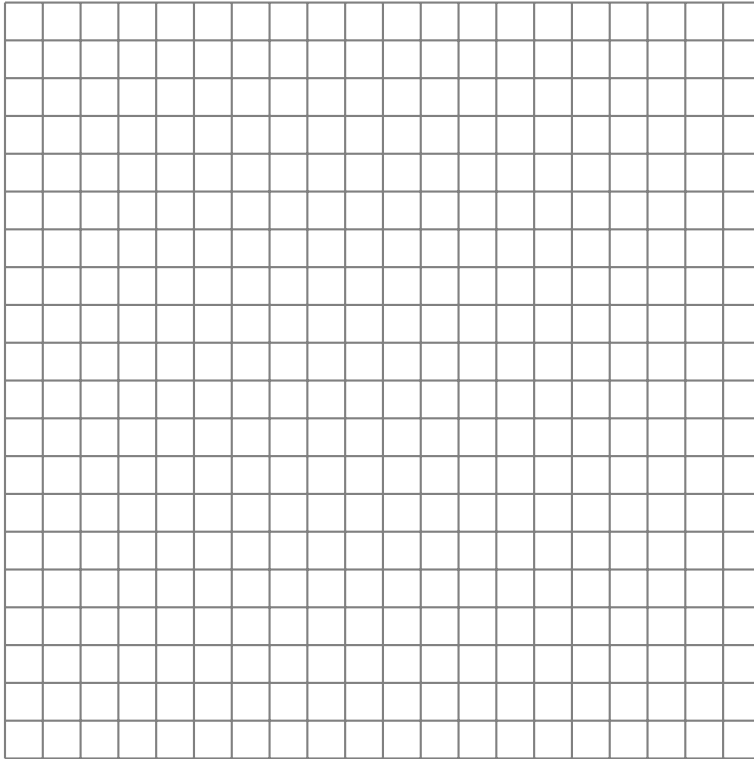
- a) Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + x}$. What is the absolute maximum and minimum values of f on the interval $[3, 5]$.

- b) Use the second derivative test to show that the function $f(x) = x\sqrt{x+1}$ has a local extreme value at $x = -2/3$.

Question 5. For the following function find the appropriate information, if it exists, (listed next page) to sketch the graph and sketch the graph.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 9}$$

Graph of f .



- a) Find the domain of the function
- b) Find the y -intercept and plot it
- c) Find the x -intercepts and plot them
- d) Find the horizontal asymptotes and plot them
- e) Find the vertical asymptotes and plot them
- f) Find the critical numbers
- g) Find the intervals of increase and decrease
- h) Identify the relative extrema and plot them
- i) Find the intervals of concave up and concave down
- j) Identify the points of inflection and plot them.

Question 6. (10 points) Differentiate each function.

a)

$$f(x) = \frac{\cos(x^3 + 1)}{\tan^2(x - 1)}$$

b)

$$g(x) = \sqrt{e^x + 1} + 10^{x^4 - x}$$

c)

$$h(x) = \sec(x^3)e^{\sin^2 x}$$