

MAT 1339 C Fall 2010 November 3rd, 5:30 Instructor. S. Baek

## TEST #2

Max = 20

Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

- Time: 80 min.
- Only basic scientific calculators are permitted: non-programmable, non-graphing, no differentiation or integration capability. Notes or books are not permitted.
- Work all problems in the space provided. Use the backs of the pages for rough work if necessary. Do not use any other paper.
- Write *only* in non-erasable ink (ball-point or pen), not in pencil. Cross out, if necessary, but do not erase or overwrite. Graphs and sketches may be drawn in pencil.
- Problems require complete and clearly presented solutions and carry part marks if there is substantial correct work toward the solution.

1. [3 points] Find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = \tan(3x) + \cos(2x) - \sin(x)$ . Hint: recall that  $\tan(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}$ .

2. [3 points] Find the derivative of  $h(x) = \frac{e^{7x}}{\cos(7x)}$ .

**3.** [2 points] Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $f(x) = \sin(\sin(x)) + 1$  at  $(0, 1) = (0, f(0))$ .

4. [7 points] (i) Solve the equation  $e^{7x+2} = 2$ , i.e., you must find  $x$ ;
- (ii) Solve the equation  $\ln(4x) = 3$ , i.e., you must find  $x$ ;
- (iii) Find  $f'(3)$  if  $f(x) = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}e^{x-3})$ .

**5.** [5 points] Find (if any) the inflection point(s) of  $f(x) = e^x(x^2 + 1)$ . When is  $f$  concave up? When is  $f$  concave down? Hint: construct a table including  $x$ ,  $f(x)$ ,  $f''(x)$ .

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- Problems require complete and clearly presented solutions and carry part marks if there is substantial correct work toward the solution.

1. [3 points] Find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = \tan(4x) + \cos(3x) + \sin(x)$ . Hint: recall that  $\tan(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{\cos(x)}$ .

2. [3 points] Find the derivative of  $h(x) = \frac{e^{7x}}{\sin(7x)}$ .

**3.** [2 points] Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $f(x) = \cos(\sin(x)) + x$  at  $(0, 1) = (0, f(0))$ .

4. [7 points] (i) Solve the equation  $e^{7x+1} = 4$ , i.e., you must find  $x$ ;
- (ii) Solve the equation  $\ln(3x) = 2$ , i.e., you must find  $x$ ;
- (iii) Find  $f'(2)$  if  $f(x) = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}e^{x-2})$ .

**5.** [5 points] Find (if any) the inflection point(s) of  $f(x) = e^x(x^2 - 1)$ . When is  $f$  concave up? When is  $f$  concave down? Hint: construct a table including  $x$ ,  $f(x)$ ,  $f''(x)$ .