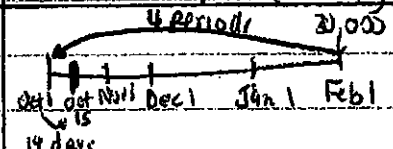
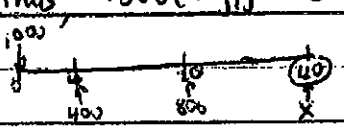
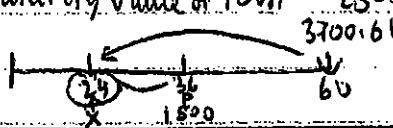


PRACTICE 1

ACTUARIAL SCIENCE 2053

TEST 1

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

- 1 D $I = Prt \Rightarrow 488.00 = 12,000(0.08)\frac{t}{360} \Rightarrow t = 183 \text{ days} \Rightarrow \text{October 3}$
- 2 C $4000[1+r(\frac{90}{365})] = 2000[1+r(\frac{50}{365})] + 2026.51$
 \Rightarrow solves for $r = \frac{26.51}{600.72818} = 4.40\%$
- 3 D $[1-d(\frac{200}{365})]^{-1} = 1 + (0.08)\frac{200}{365} \Rightarrow$ solves for $d = 7.66\%$
- 4 A Discount $= 5000(0.03) = 150$
 Need to borrow $= 5000 - 150 = 4850 \Rightarrow I = 4850(0.18)\frac{70}{365} = 167.42$ } ^{lose} 17.42
- 5 A $P = 20,769.32[1 - (0.08)\frac{103}{365}] = 20,291.34$
 June 26 (179) to Oct 6 (279) $= 102 \text{ days} + 3 \text{ days of grace} = 105$
- 6 C Due date amount $= 20,000[1 + (0.09)\frac{153}{365}] = 20,754.52$
 May 6 (126) to Oct 6 (279) $= 153 \text{ days}$
 $I = 20,754.52 - 20,419.16 = 335.36 \Rightarrow r = \frac{335.36}{20,419.16(0.16/365)} = 9.83\%$
- 7 B $60,000[1 + (0.16)\frac{20}{365}] - 20,000 = 40,526.03$ → Final Balance
 $40,526.03[1 + (0.16)\frac{40}{365}] - 1500 = 39,736.62 = 39,736.62[1 + (0.16)\frac{25}{365}] = 40,172.09$
- 8 D $5000 = 15,000(1 + \frac{14}{4})^{-186/3} \Rightarrow (1+i)^{62} = \frac{15}{5} = 3 \Rightarrow j = 4[(3)^{1/62} - 1] = 7.15\%$
- 9 A 
 $A = 30,000(1.01)^{-4}[1 + (0.12)\frac{14}{365}] = 28,962.10$
- 10 D $(1+j_1)^8 = (1 + \frac{0.08}{6})^{6 \times 3} (1 + \frac{0.06}{12})^{12 \times 3} (1 + \frac{0.05}{2})^{2 \times 2} \Rightarrow j_1 = 6.67\%$
- 11 B $(1+j_1)^{12} = 2 \Rightarrow 1+j_1 = 2^{1/12} = 1.059463094$
 Thus $1500(1+j_1)^n = 2200 \Rightarrow n = \frac{\log(1.466\bar{6})}{\log(1.059463094)} = 6.63 \text{ years}$
- 12 B 
 $1000(1.03)^{40} = 400(1.03)^{36} + 800(1.03)^{30} + X$
 $\Rightarrow X = 657.81$
- 13 C End of 4 years $= 25,000(1 + \frac{0.07}{4})^4(1.03)^2(1 + \frac{0.03}{6})^{12} = 30,181.78$ } difference
 End of 3 years $= 25,000(1.0175)^4(1.03)^2(1.005)^6 = 29,291.96$ } $= 889.82$
- 14 A Maturity value of loan $= 2500(1.04)^{10} = 3700.61$

 $3700.61(1.005)^{-36} = 1500(1.005)^{-12} + X$
 $\Rightarrow X = 1679.54$
- 15 A Pop 31/2000 $= 664,735(1.03)^3(1.04)^{-5} = 500,000$
- 16 C Time is Sept 28/09 to Oct 28, 2012 is 3y + 1 month = 37 payments
 $\Rightarrow A = 250 a_{\overline{37}|0.05} = 8425.63$

V	V	V	V
1	2	1	3
4	3	2	4
22		C	<p>Focal Date = Time 80</p> $R \ddot{S}_{\overline{80} 0.05} = 3000 a_{\overline{60} 0.01}$ <p>DUE Ordinary</p>
18		B	$S = 2000 S_{\overline{25} 1.05} (1.05)^6$ $= 66131.90821 (1.05)^6 = 88,623.08$
19		D	$17,000 = R \ddot{S}_{\overline{17} i}$ $= R [S_{\overline{17} i} - 1] = R [33.06596 - 1] \Rightarrow R = \frac{17,000}{32.06596} = 530.16$
20		A	$3880 = 200 + R a_{\overline{24} 0.0075} (1.0075)^{-2}$ $\Rightarrow R = \frac{(3880 - 200)}{a_{\overline{24} 0.0075} (1.0075)^{-2}} = 169.26$
21		D	$S = 1000 S_{\overline{20} 0.02} + 2000 S_{\overline{17} 0.04} (1.02)^{20} = 68,952.48$
27		B	$A = 350 a_{\overline{60} 0.0025} = 350 a_{\overline{60} 0.0025} (1.0025) = 19,527.02$